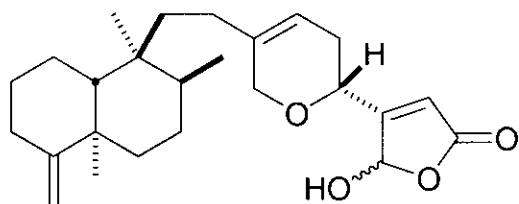


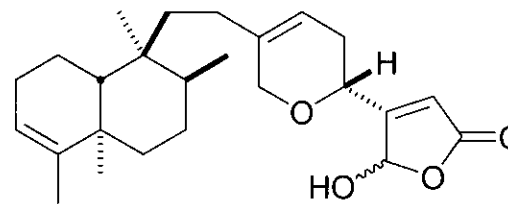
***Total Syntheses of (+)- and (-)-Cacospongionolide B,
Cacospongionolide E, and Related Analogues.
Preliminary Study of Structural Features Required
for Phospholipase A₂ Inhibition***

Snapper, M. L.; Murelli, R.; Cheung, A. K. *J. Org. Chem.* **2004**, ASAP

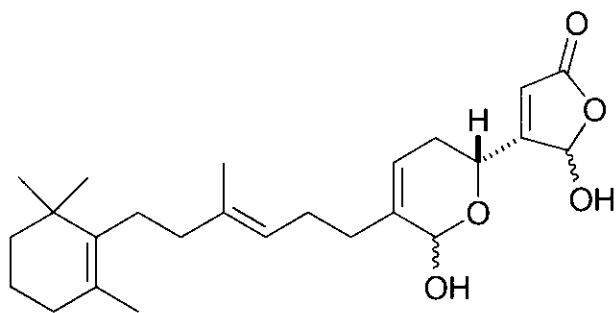
Representative Anti-inflammatory Marine Sponge Metabolites



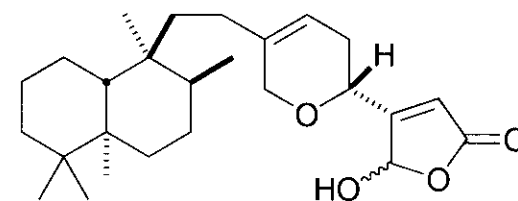
(+)-cacospongionolide B (1)



(+)-cacospongionolide E (2)

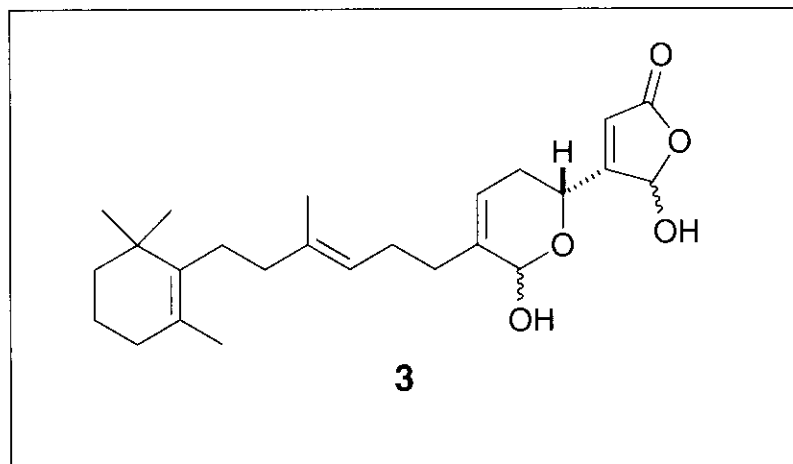


manoalide (3)



*(+)-cacospongionolide F (4)

Manoalide



-isolated from the Pacific marine sponge *Luffariella variabilis* in 1979 by Scheuer and de Silva

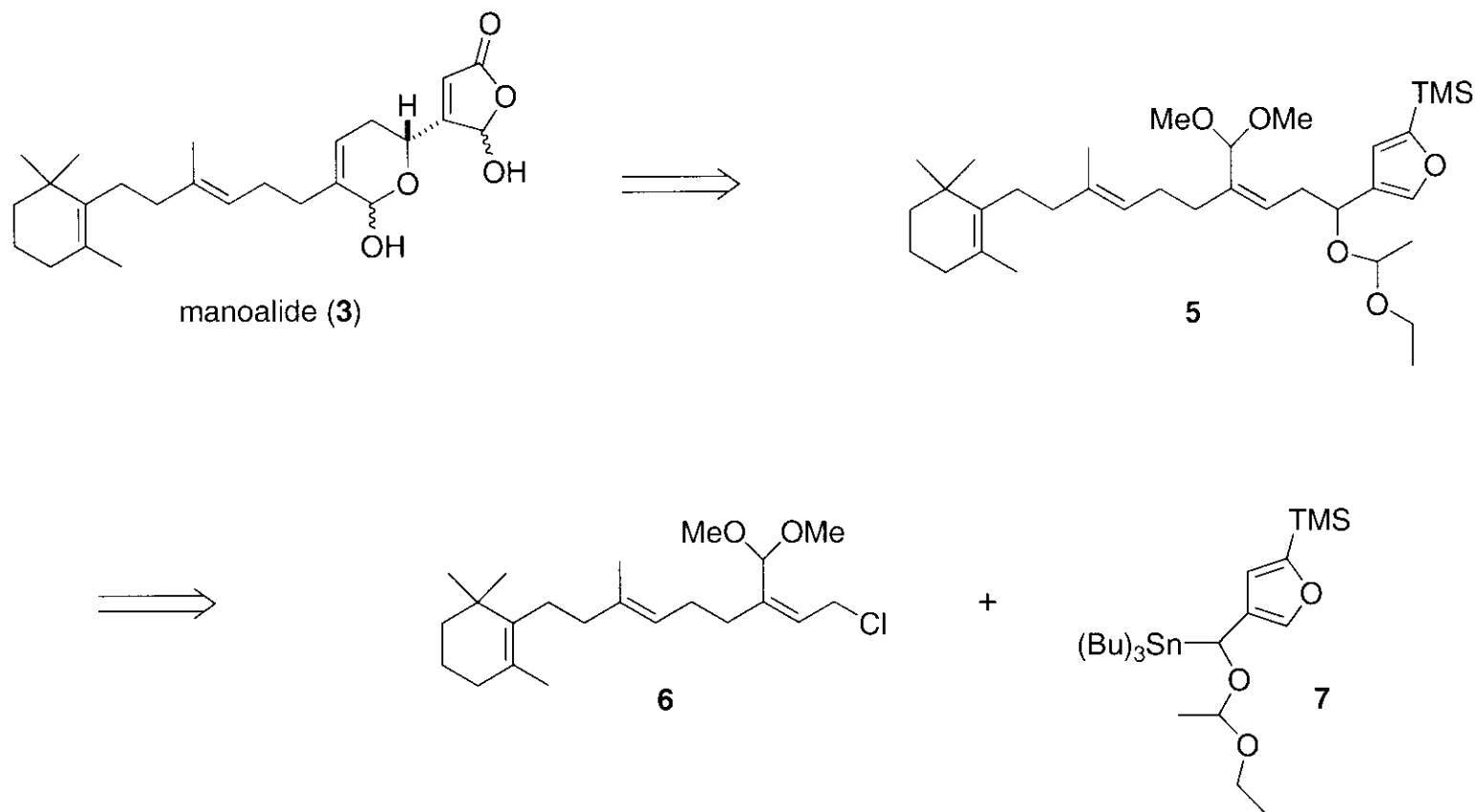
-irreversibly inhibits phospholipase A₂ (present in many neurotoxic venoms, plays an important role in phospholipid metabolism and prostaglandin synthesis)

-shows significant *in vitro* activity against Gram positive bacteria

-possesses topical anti-inflammatory activity (NSAID-nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug)

-evaluated in phase II clinical trials for psoriasis

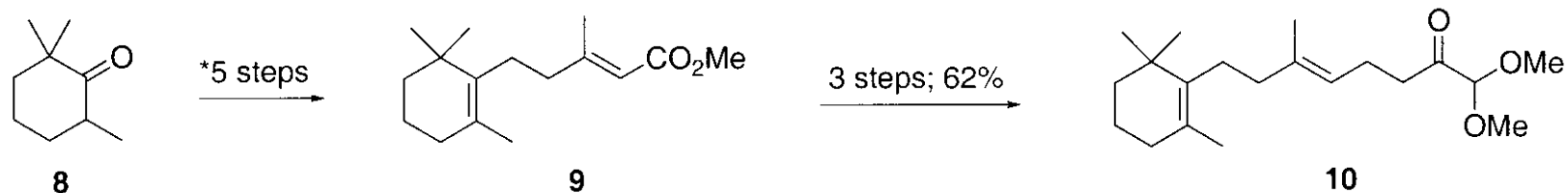
Retrosynthetic Analysis of Manoalide



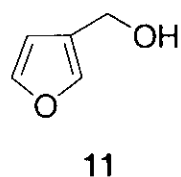
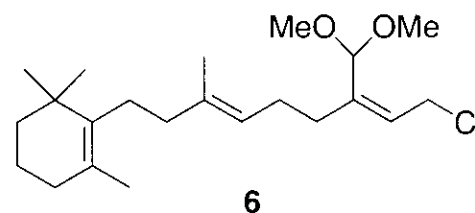
Katsumura, S.; Fujiwara, S.; Isoe, S. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1985**, 26, 5827

Katsumura, S.; Fujiwara, S.; Isoe, S. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1986**, 29, 1173: modification-Pd(0)-catalyzed coupling with CO

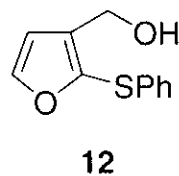
Synthesis of the Key Fragments



1) Base, *t*-butyl 2-trimethylsilyl acetate; 95%
 2) DIBAL, CH₂Cl₂
 3) MsCl, LiCl; 90%

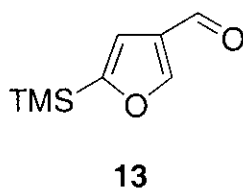


BuLi (2 eq), THF, -78 °C (1h) to 0 °C (2h);
 then PhSSPh (1 eq), 0 °C; 91%

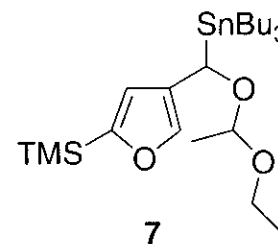


1) BuLi, THF, -78 °C to 0 °C; TMSCl, 0 °C
 2) 1% HCl/THF, 0 °C, 5 min

3) Raney-Ni, EtOH, reflux, 16h
 4) BaMnO₄, CH₂Cl₂, 16h; 41%



1) Bu₃SnLi, THF, -78 °C, 1h
 2) *alpha*-chloroethyl ethyl ether,
 (*i*-Pr)₂NEt, CH₂Cl₂, 0 °C, 1h; 95%

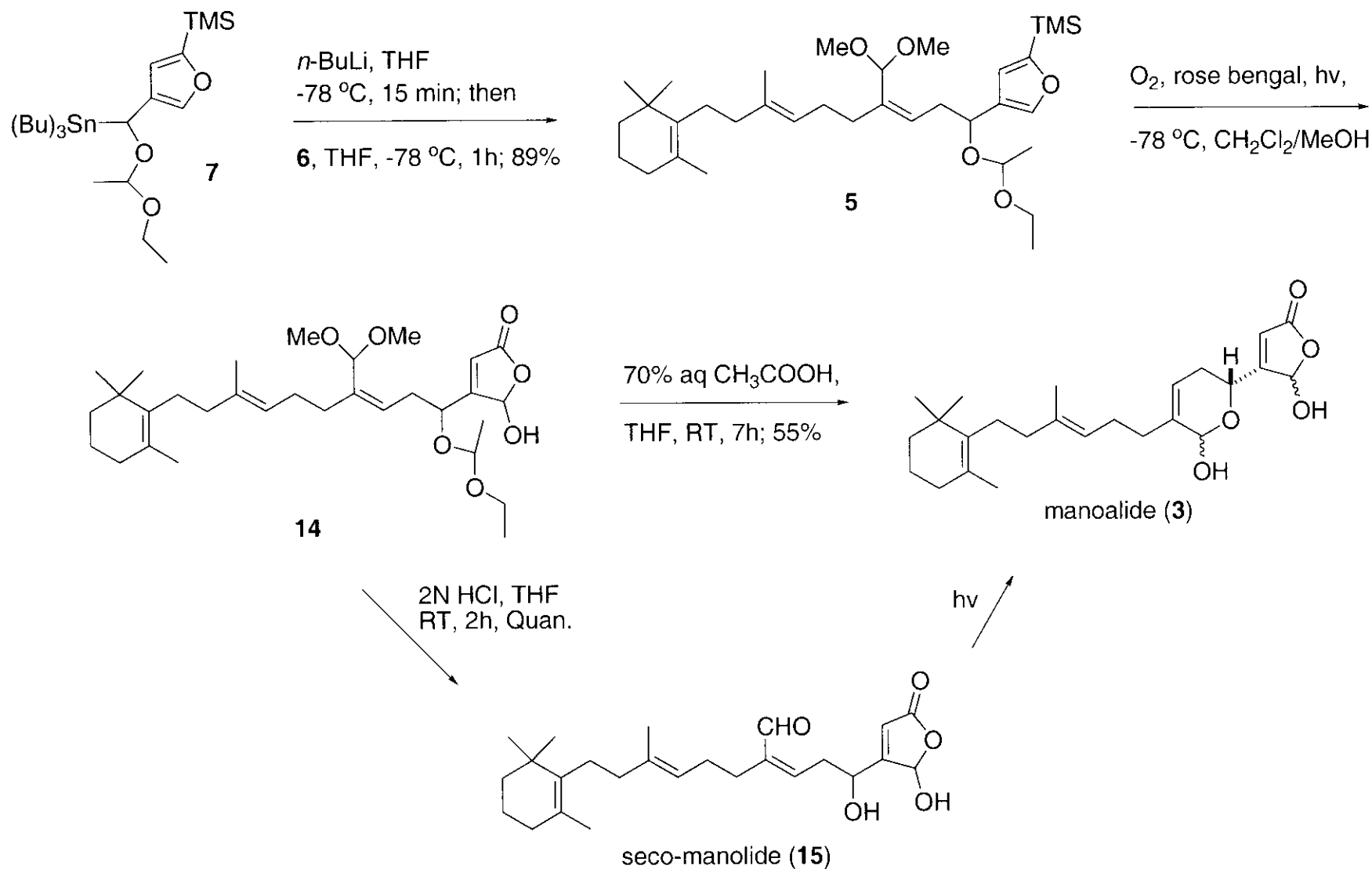


Katsumura, S.; Fujiwara, S.; Isoe, S. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1985**, 26, 5827

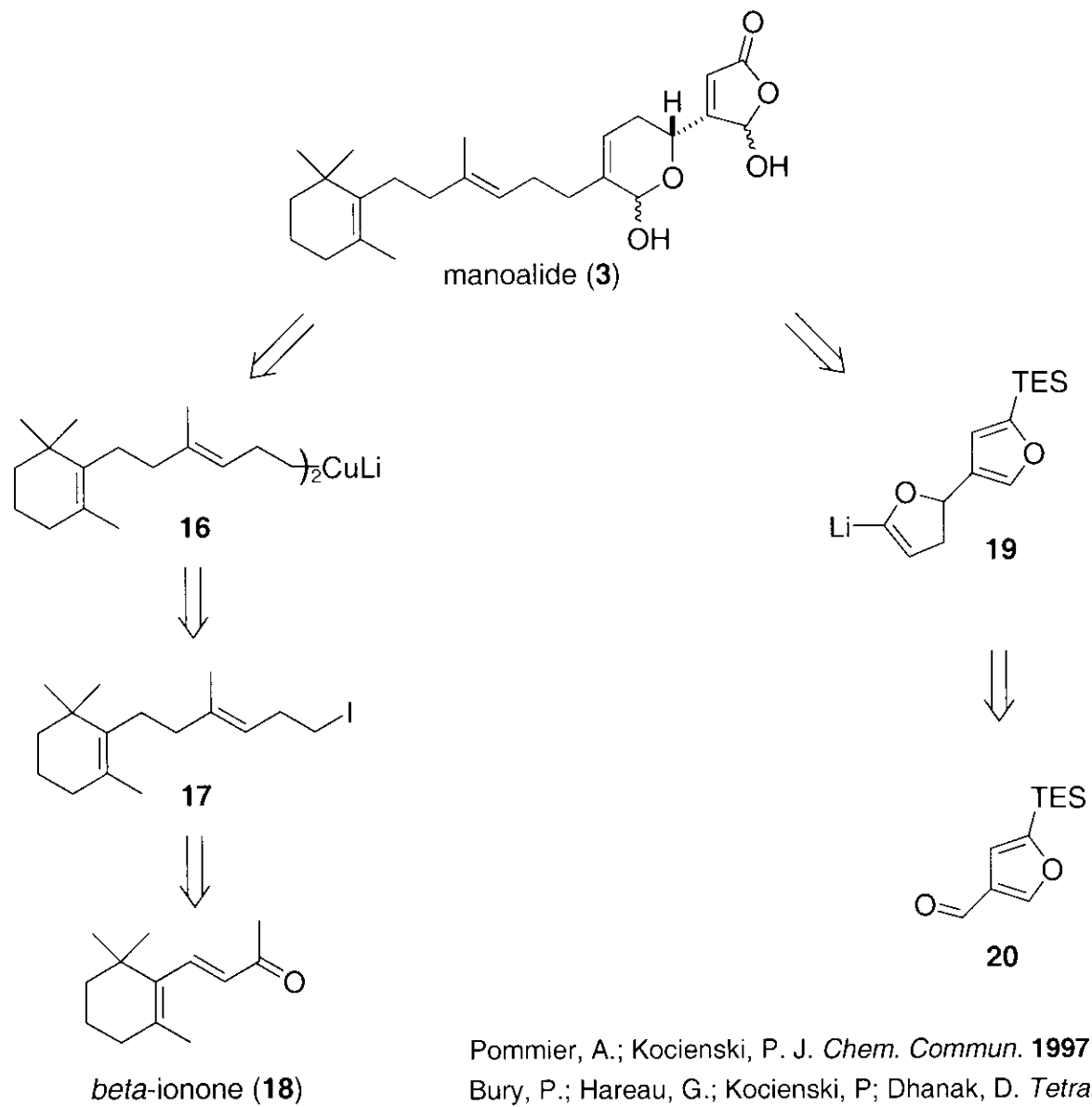
*Schmidt, C.; Chishti, N. H.; Breining, T. *Synthesis* **1982**, 391

Tamara Hopkins @ Wipf Group

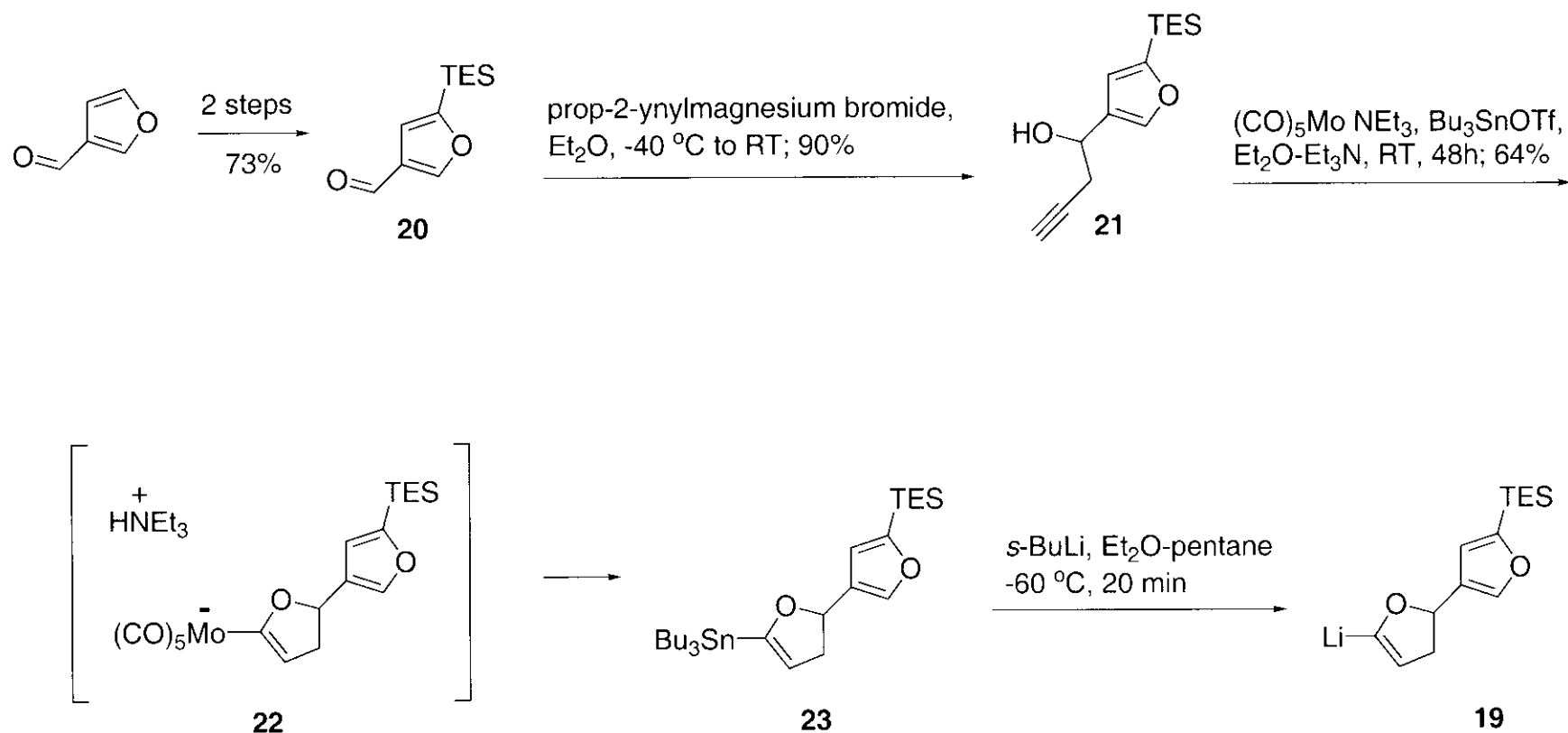
Completion of the First Total Synthesis of Manoalide



Retrosynthetic Analysis of Manoalide

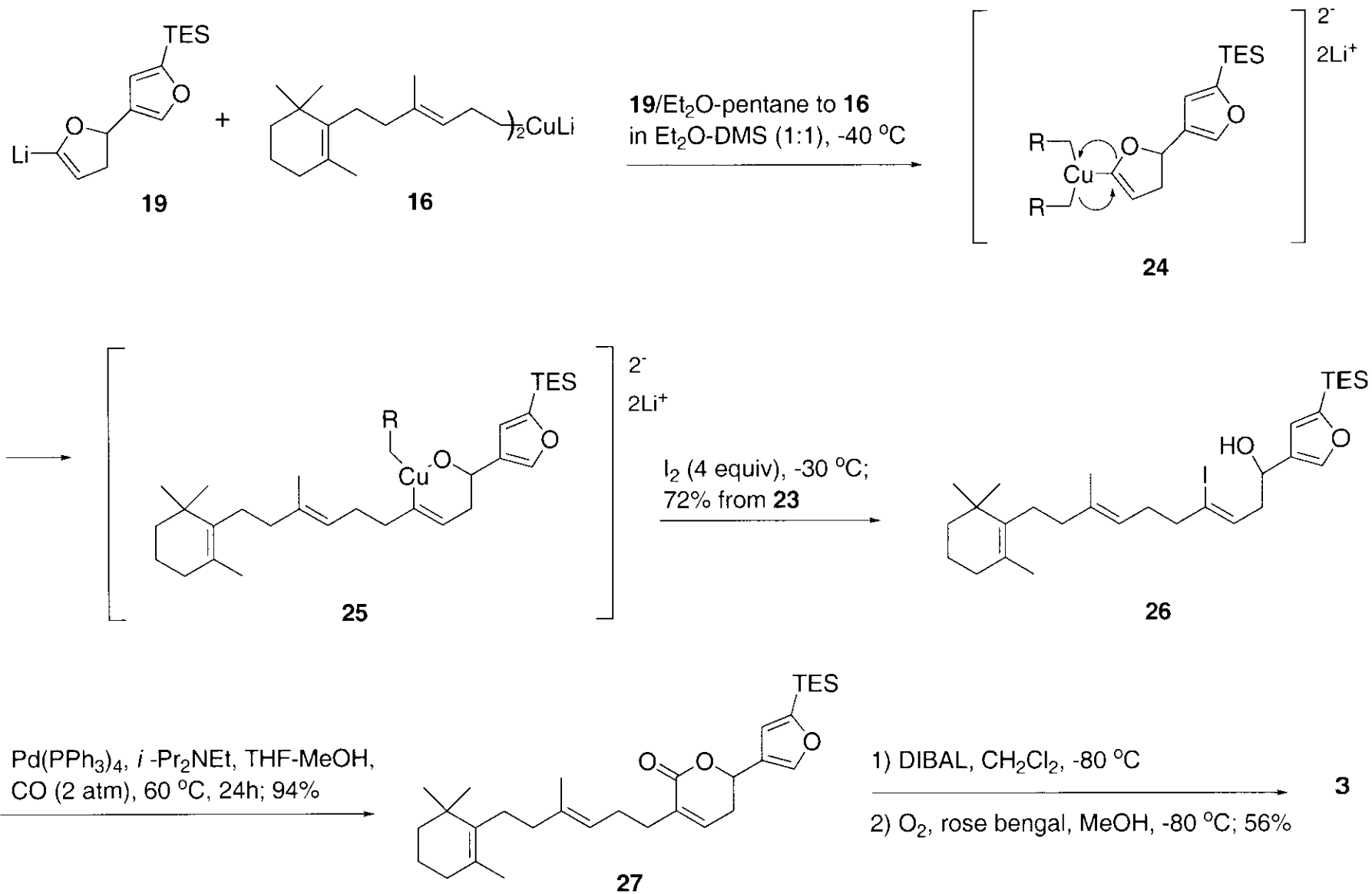


Synthesis of Key Alkenyllithium

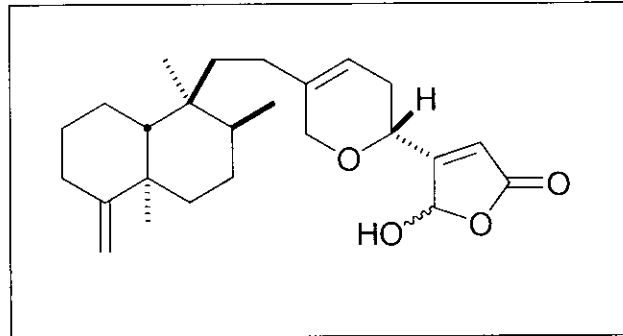


Pommier, A.; Kocienski, P. J. *Chem. Commun.* **1997**, 1139

Completion of the Total Synthesis of Manoalide



Cacospongionolide B



-sesterterpenes isolated from Mediterranean region sponges of the Thorectidae family: B-1995; E-1998

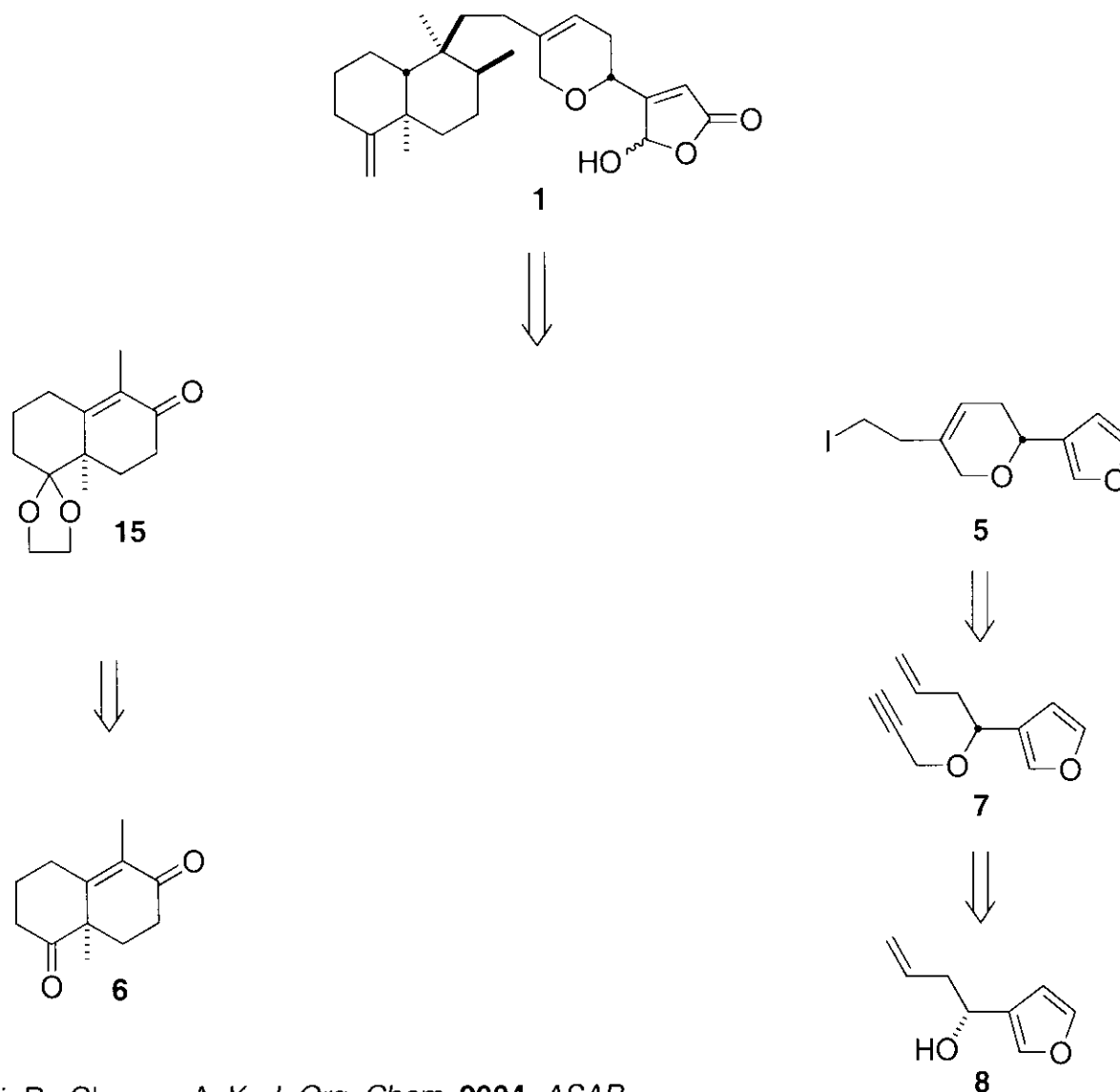
-possess cytotoxic, antimicrobial and anti-inflammatory activity

-anti-inflammatory activity: inhibition of secretory phospholipase A₂ (sPLA₂)

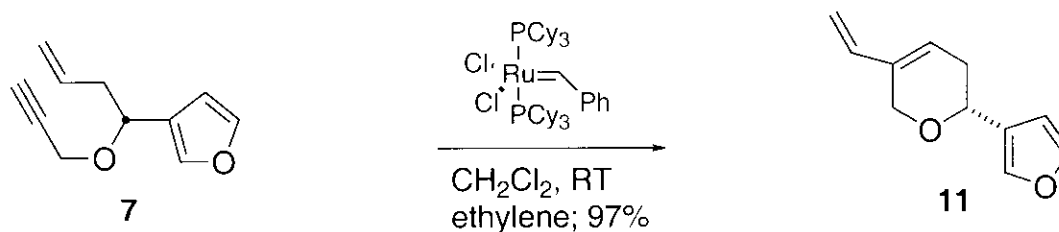
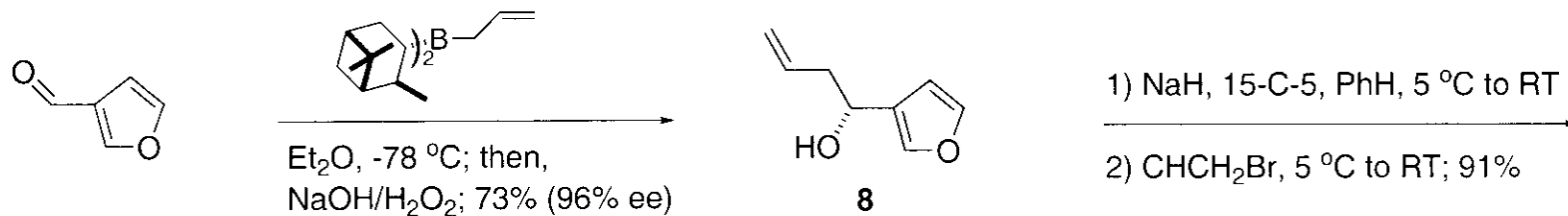
-irreversible inhibitor of recombinant human synovial PLA₂ *in vitro*

-offer promise for the treatment of diseases such as asthma, sepsis and rheumatoid arthritis

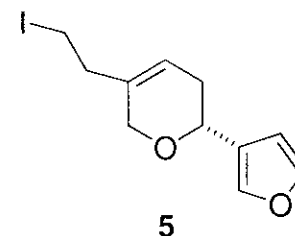
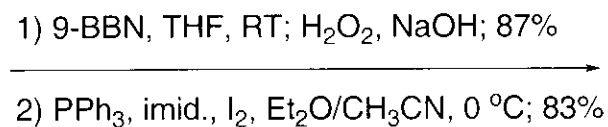
Retrosynthetic Analysis of (+)-Cacospongionolide B



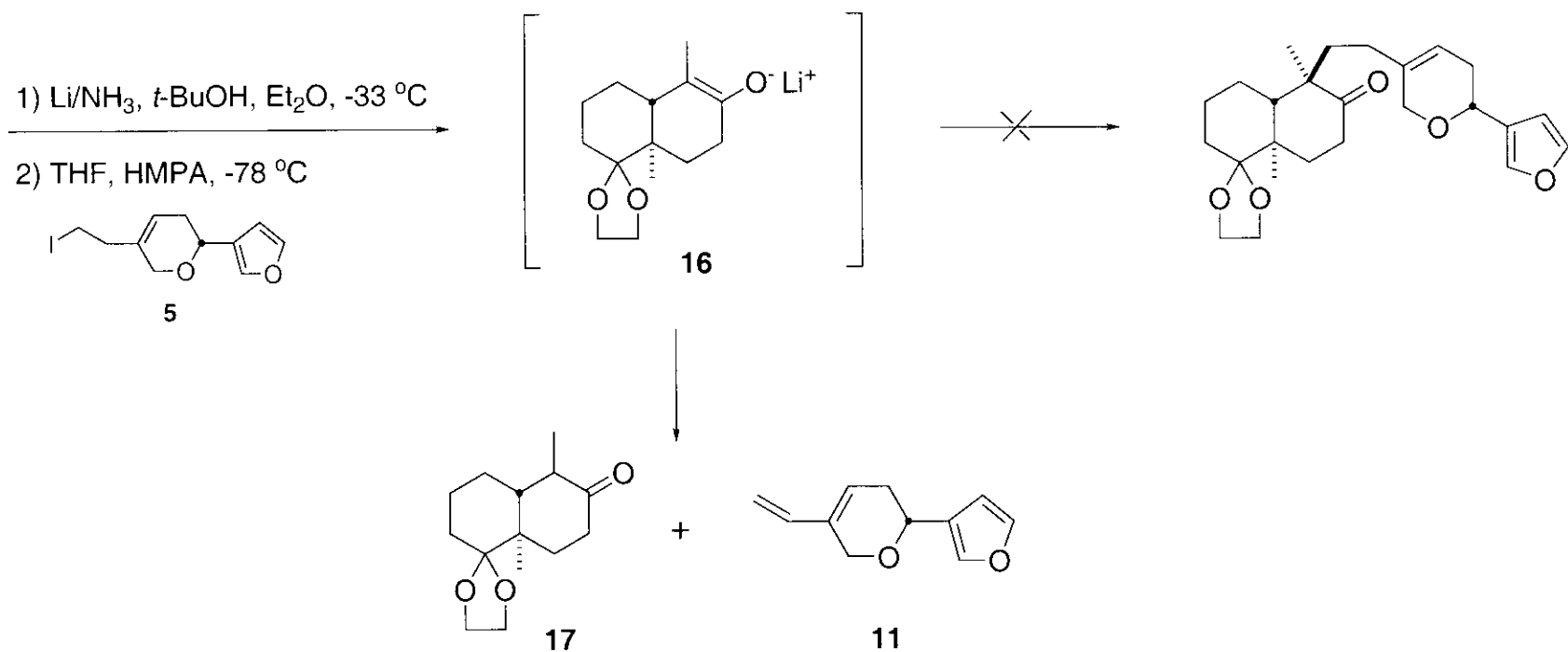
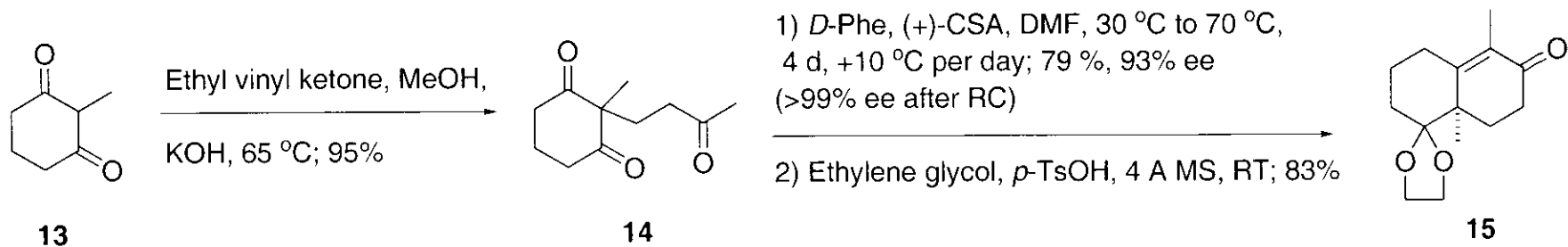
Construction of the Oxacyclic Fragment



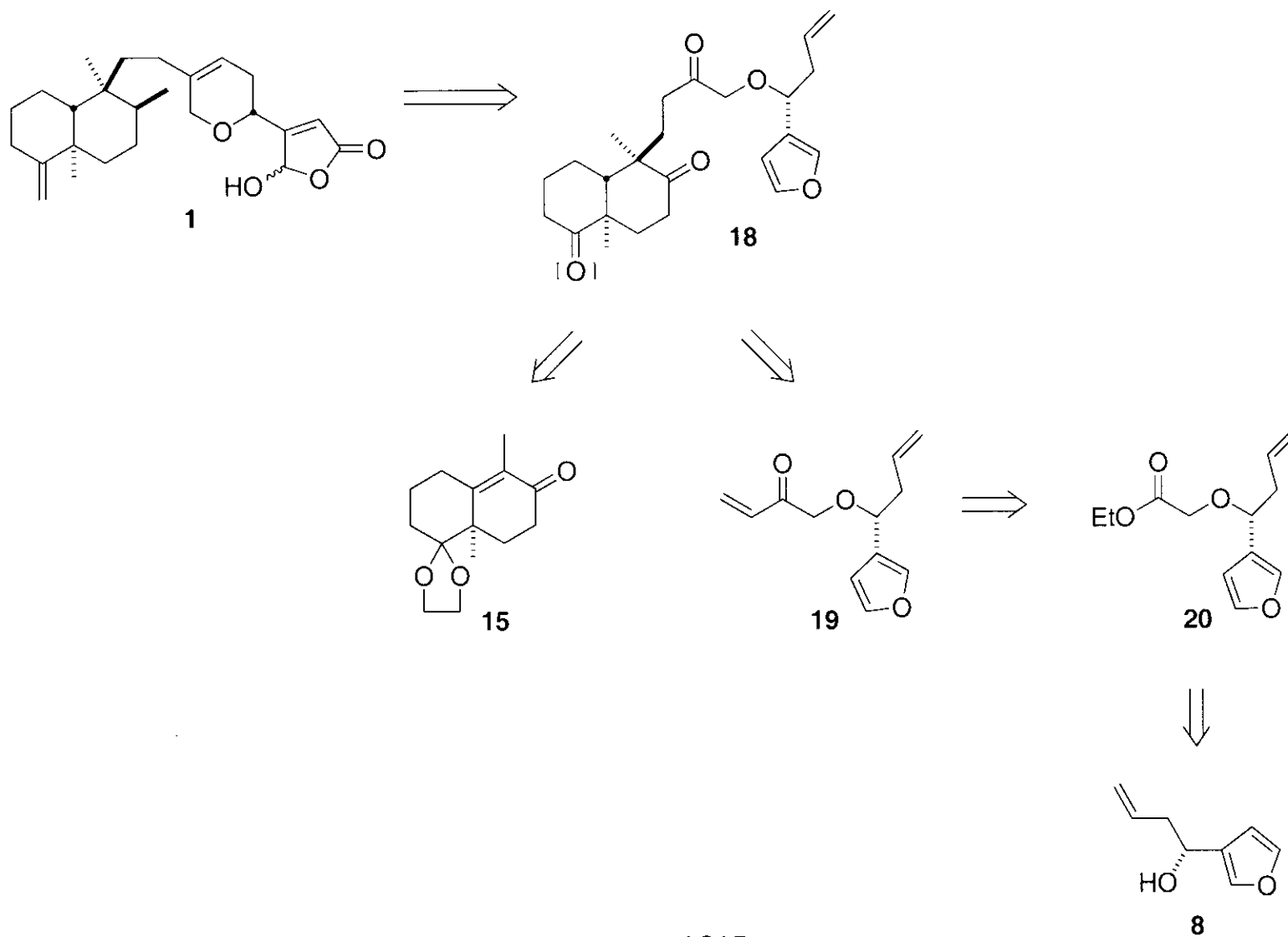
Intramolecular Enyne Ring-Closing Metathesis



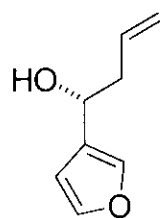
Synthesis of the Decalin Moiety and Investigation of the Key Reductive Coupling Reaction



Revised Retrosynthetic Analysis of (+)-Cacospongionolide B



Synthesis of (+)-Cacospongionolide B Via A Key Michael Addition

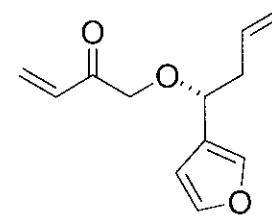


8

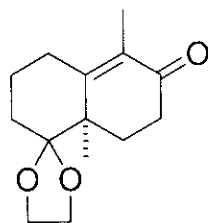
1) NaH, THF, 0 °C to RT; BrCH₂CO₂C₂H₅, 0 °C;
84% at 76% conversion
2) LiOH, MeOH/H₂O (3:1), RT

3) MeO(Me)NH HCl, DIC, DMAP, Et₃N, CH₂Cl₂,
0 °C to RT; 86% (2 steps)

4) vinyl Grignard, THF, -78 °C to 0 °C; 83%



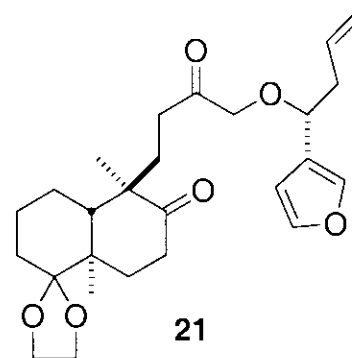
19



15

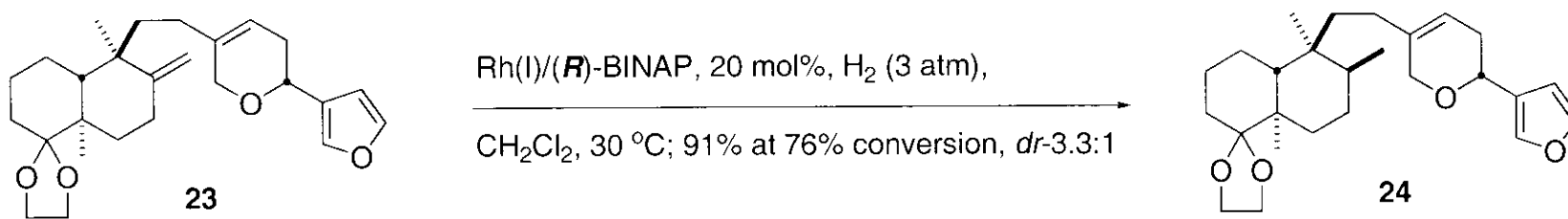
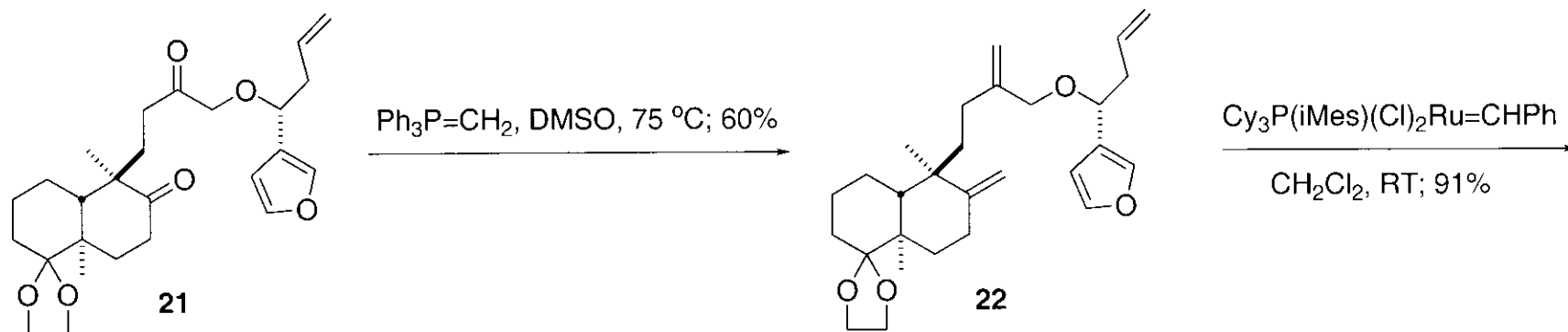
1) Li/NH₃, *t*-BuOH, Et₂O, -33 °C

2) Et₂O, -78 °C, 19; 70%

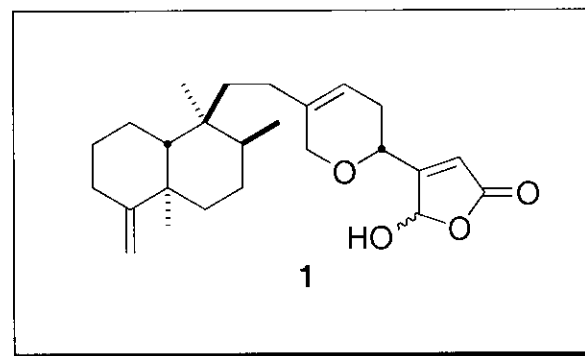


21

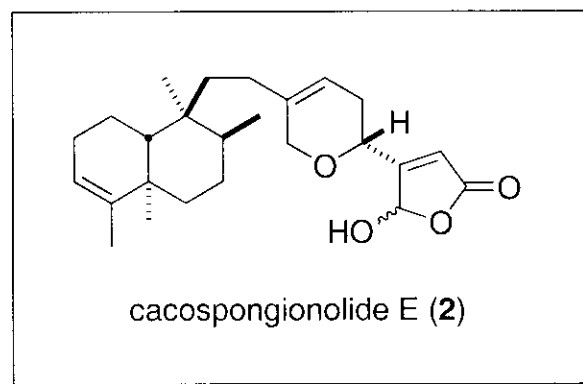
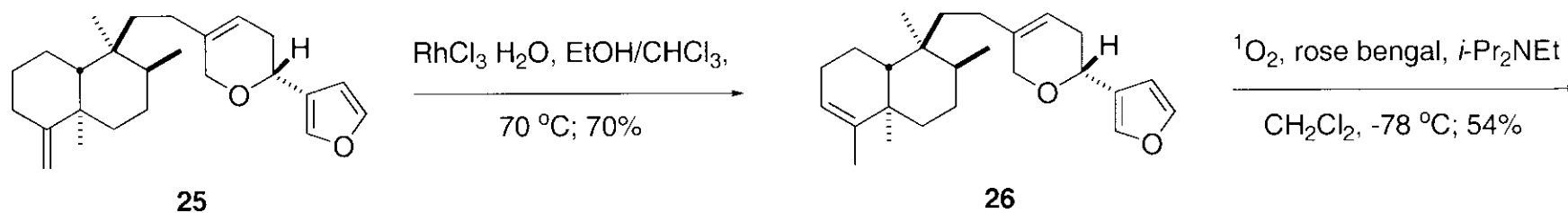
Completion of the Total Synthesis of (+)-Cacospongionolide B



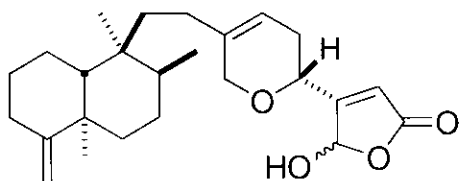
1) 1 N HCl/THF (1:2), RT; 90%
 2) $\text{Ph}_3\text{P}=\text{CH}_2$, DMSO, 75 °C; 84%
 3) $^1\text{O}_2$, rose bengal, *i*-Pr₂NEt, 150 W tungsten lamp, CH_2Cl_2 , -78 °C; 69%



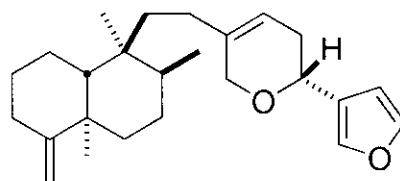
Total Synthesis of (+)-Cacospongionolide E



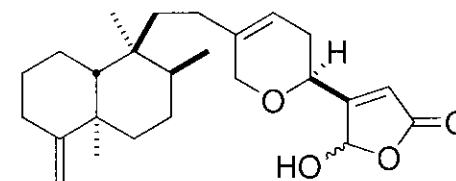
Natural and Unnatural Compounds Screened Against sPLA₂



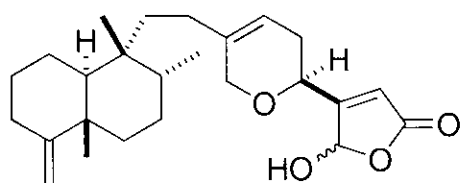
(+)-cacospongionolide B (1)



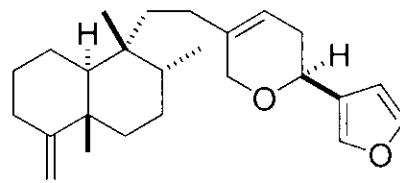
(+)-furan (25)



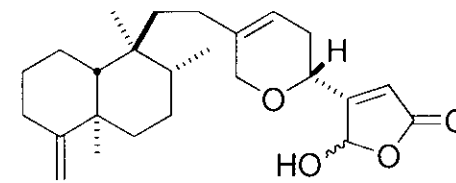
27



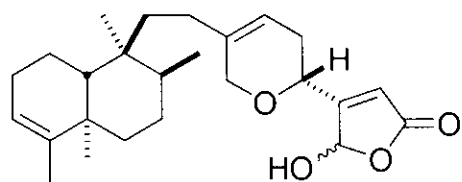
(-)-cacospongionolide B (1)



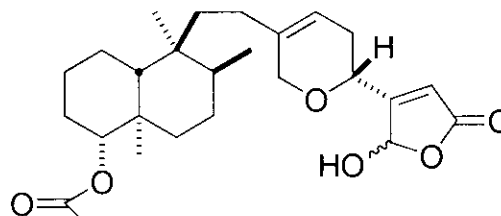
(-)-furan (25)



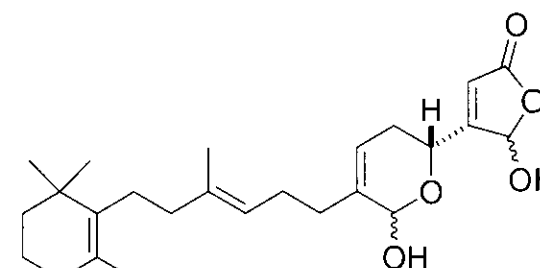
28



(+)-cacospongionolide E (2)



29



manoidalide (3)

Inhibition of Bee Venom sPLA₂

inhibitor	IC ₅₀ (μ M)
manoalide (3)	38 (\pm 3)
(+)-cacospongionolide B (1)	49 (\pm 9)
(-)-cacospongionolide B (1)	114 (\pm 7)
(+)-furan (25)	72 (\pm 4)
(-)-furan (25)	167 (\pm 32)
Cacospongionolide E (2)	27 (\pm 7)
(S)-dihdropyran (27)	19 (\pm 7)
C8-methyl diastereomer (28)	29 (\pm 13)
C4-linker (29)	44 (\pm 21)

Inhibition of Bee Venom sPLA₂

- (1) (+)-cacospongionolide B (natural)-2 times more potent than (-)-cacospongionolide B (unnatural): inhibition-enantiospecific
- (2) (+)-25-greater potency than (-)-cacospongionolide B
- (3) 27-most potent inhibitor (inversion of stereocenter on dihydropyran ring)
- (4) diastereomeric methyl on decalin of 28-no adverse effect
- (5) modification to C4 region (29)-problematic
- (6) internal olefin of decalin of cacospongionolide E (2) -linked to more potent inhibition

Snapper, M. L.; Murelli, R.; Cheung, A. K. *J. Org. Chem.* **2004**, ASAP