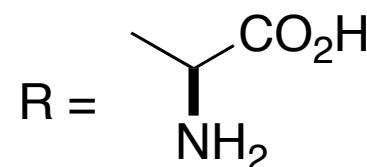
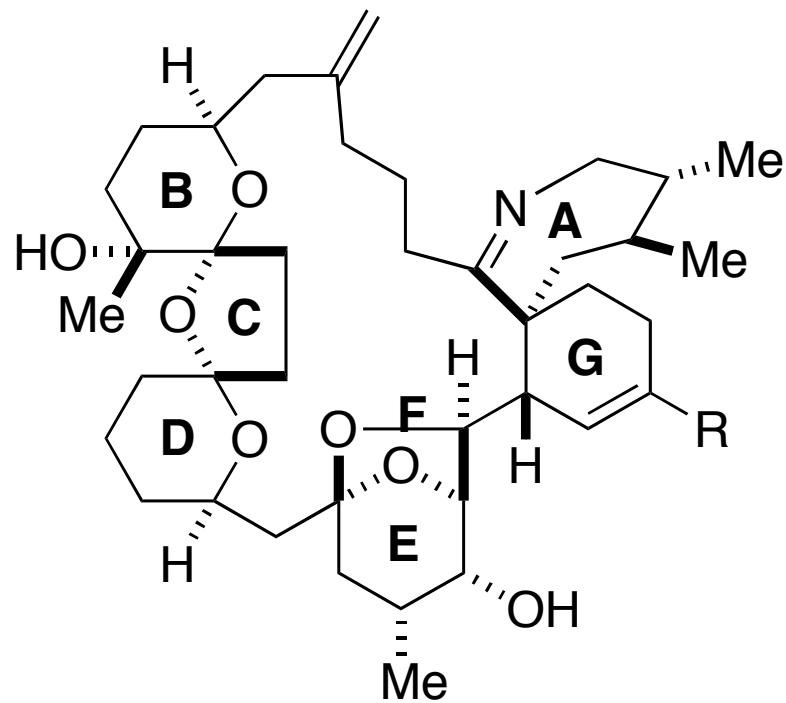
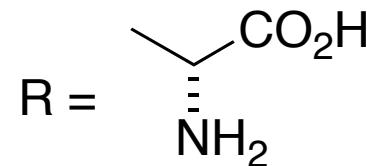


Total Synthesis and Stereochemistry of Pinnatoxins B and C



PnTX B



PnTX C

Matsuura, F.; Hao, J.; Reents, R.; Kishi, Y.
Org. Lett. ASAP

Structures of Pinnatoxins (PnTXs) and Pteriatoxins (PtTXs)

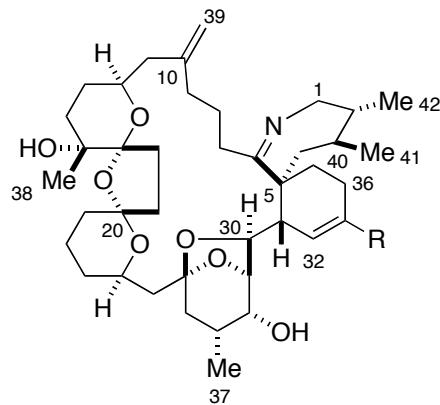
PnTX A - Isolated in 1995 from *Pinna muricata*

PnTXs B & C - Isolated in 2001

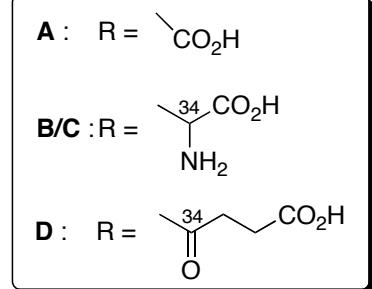
PtTXs A-C - Isolated in 2001 from *Pteria penguin*

Neurotoxins Responsible for the Pinna Shellfish Poisoning

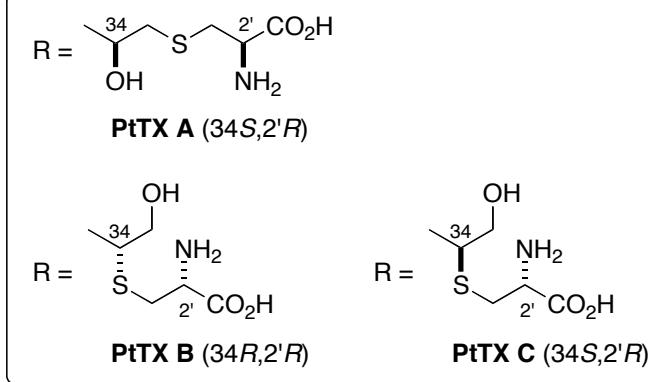
Ca²⁺-Channel Activator



Pinnatoxins



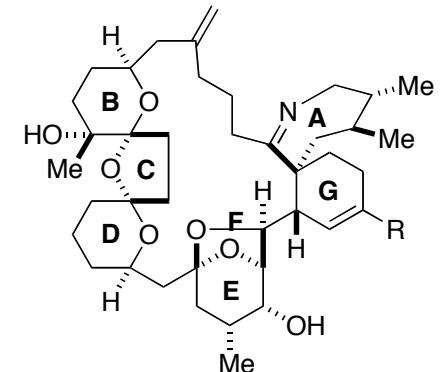
Pteriatoxins



JACS 1995, 117, 1155.
TL 1996, 37, 4023.
JACS 2006, 128, 7742.

Synthesis of Pinnatoxins

1) Kishi - (-)-PnTX A in 1998 - Biomimetic Intramolecular Diels-Alder Reaction

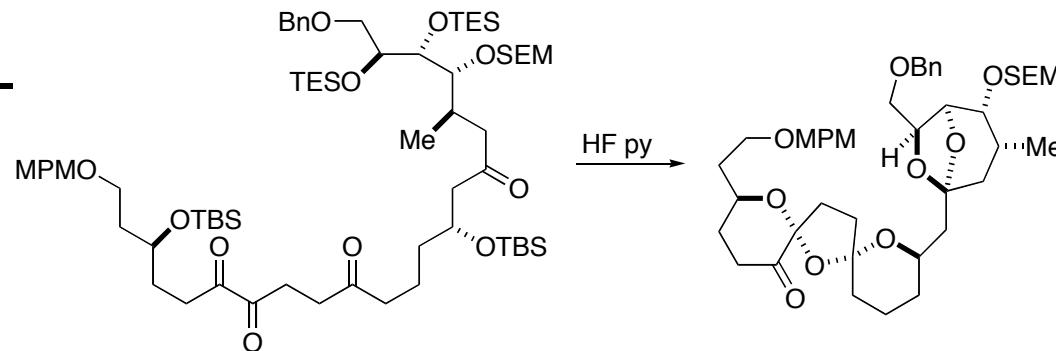


2) Hirama - Formal Total Synthesis of (+)-PnTX A in 2004

3) Hashimoto - BCDEF Rings by Tandem Double Hemiketal Formation/Intramolecular Hetero-Michael Addition

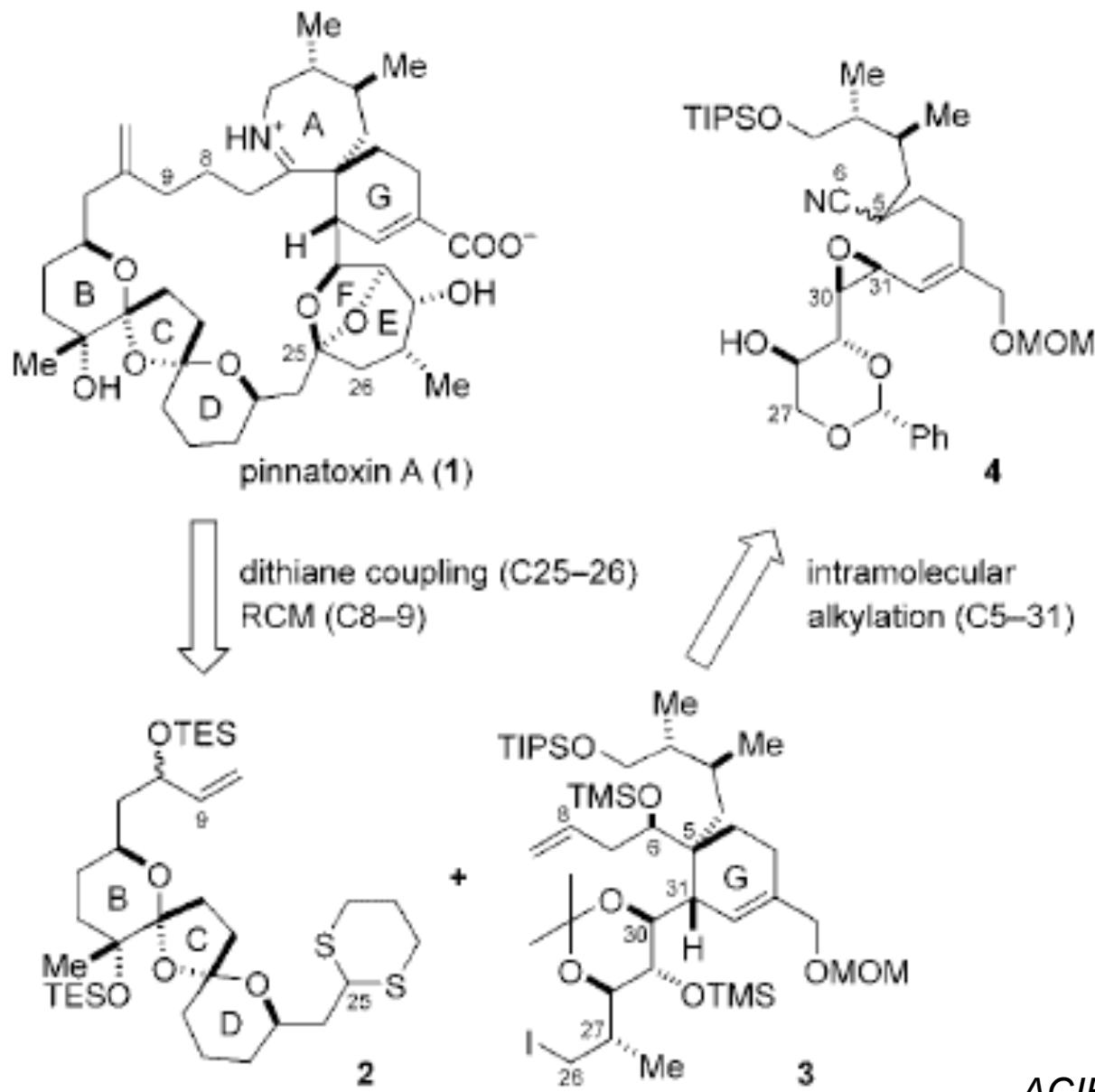
4) Zakarian - AG Rings by Cascade Sigmatropic Rearrangement of Vinylic Sulfoxide

5) Murai -



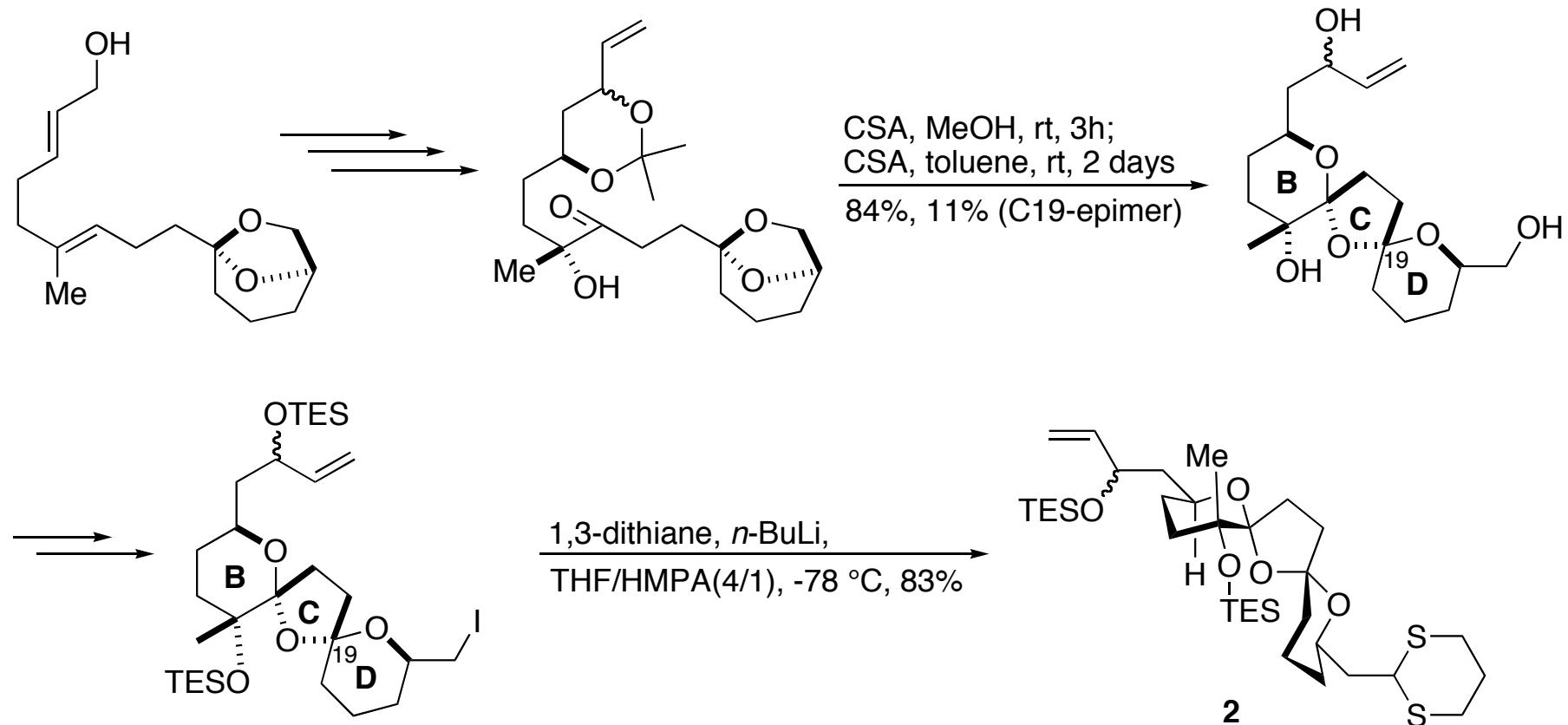
JACS 1998, 120, 7647
ACIE 2004, 43, 6505
T 2002, 58, 10375
OL 2005, 7, 1629
CC 2001, 1392

Retrosynthesis of Pinnatoxin A - Hirama



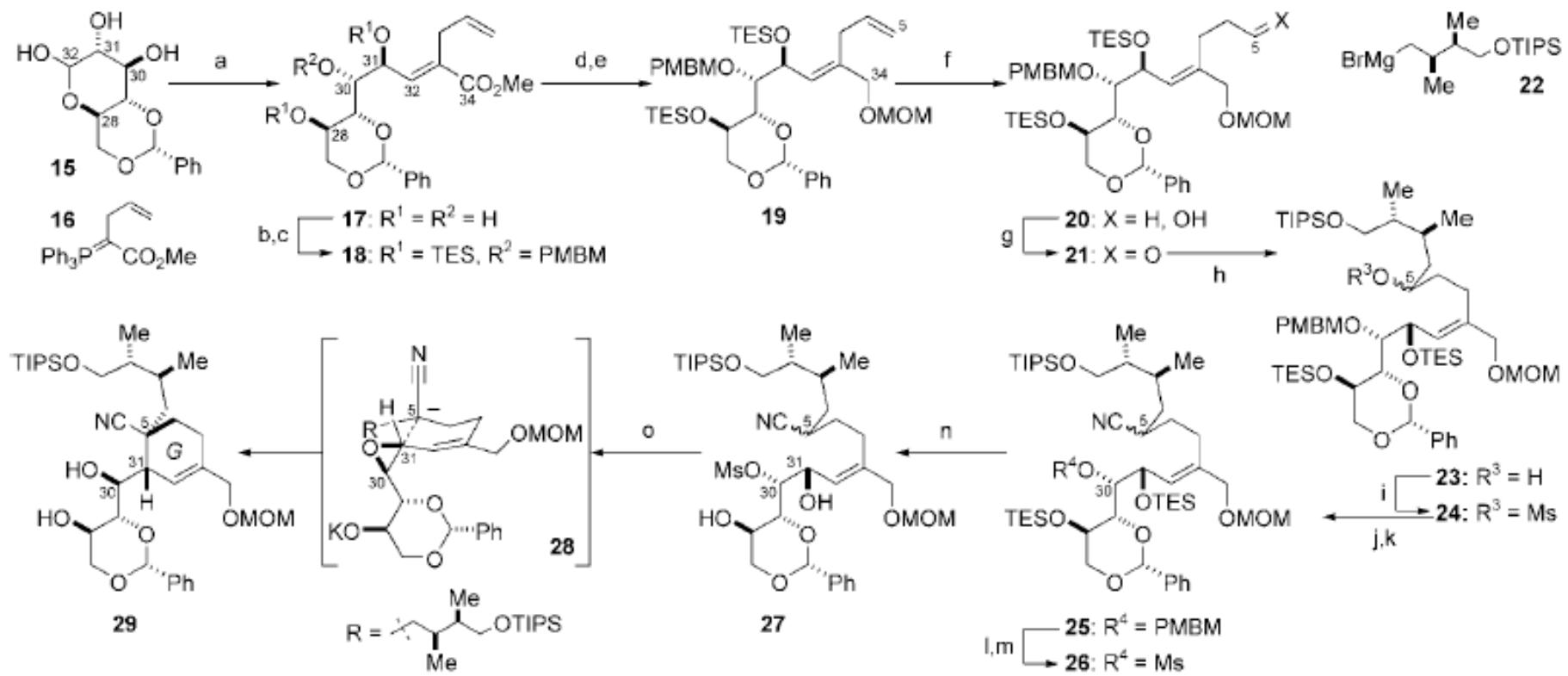
ACIE 2004, 43, 6505

Synthesis of Pinnatoxin A - Hirama



ACIE 2004, 43, 6505

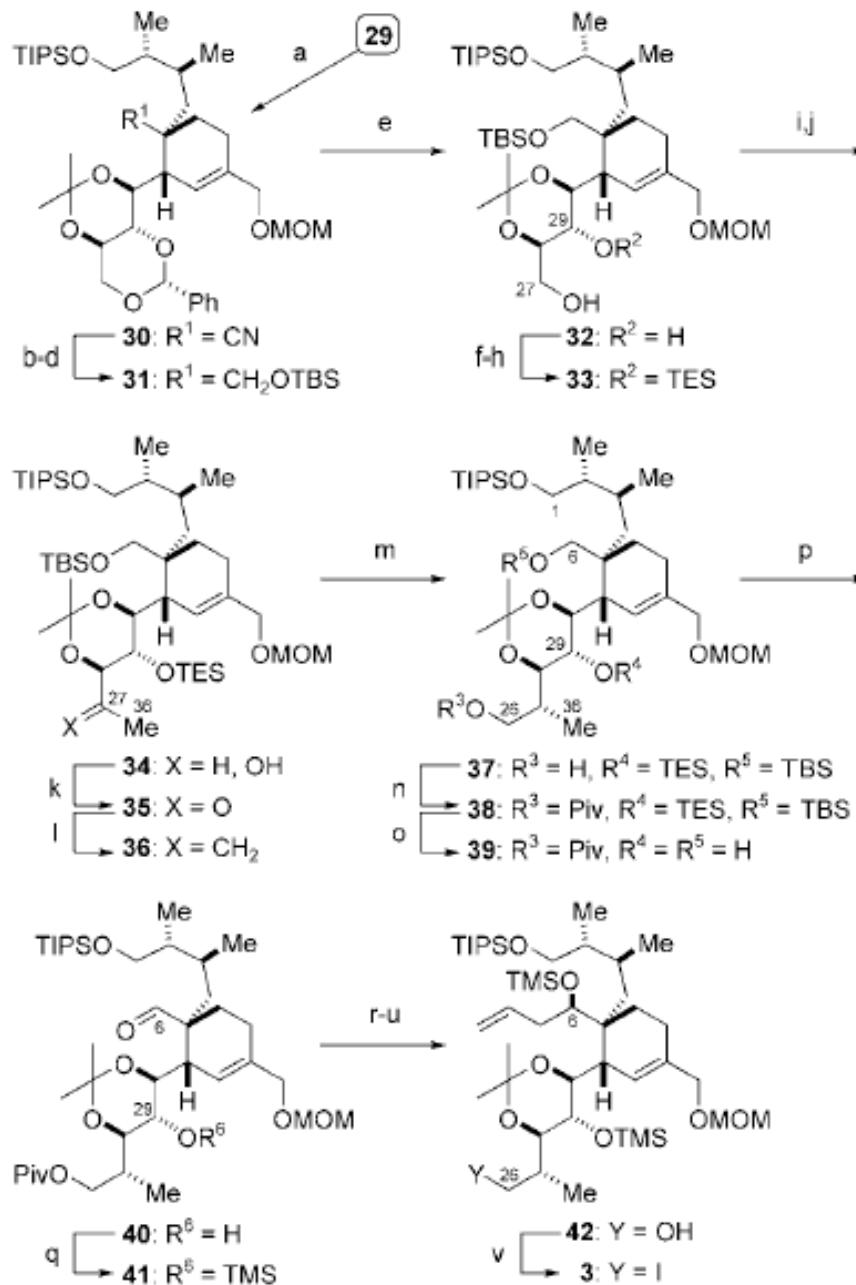
Synthesis of Pinnatoxin A - Hirama



Scheme 3. Reagents and conditions: a) **16** (2 equiv), THF, reflux; b) TESCl, Et₃N, THF, 40 °C; c) PMBMCl, iPr₂NEt, nBu₄NBr, CH₂Cl₂, reflux, 51% (over three steps); d) DIBAL-H, THF, -78 °C, 89%; e) MOMCl, iPr₂NEt, nBu₄NBr, (CH₂Cl)₂, room temperature, 95%; f) 9-BBN, THF, room temperature; then aqueous H₂O₂, aqueous NaOH, 0 °C → RT, 90%; g) SO₃·py, Et₃N, DMSO, CH₂Cl₂, room temperature, 84%; h) **22** (2.5 equiv), THF, 0 °C, 85%; i) MsCl, Et₃N, CH₂Cl₂, 0 °C; j) Et₄CN, MeCN, 70 °C; k) TESCl, imidazole, DMF, room temperature, 67% (over three steps); l) DDQ, CH₂Cl₂/pH 7 buffer (20:1), 85%; m) MsCl, DMAP, pyridine, 40 °C; n) HF·py, 0 °C, 99% (over two steps); o) KN(TMS)₂ (2.5 equiv), THF, 0 °C; then KN(TMS)₂ (1.5 equiv), 0 °C → RT, 72%. PMBM = *p*-methoxybenzyloxymethyl; 9-BBN = 9-borabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane; Ms = methanesulfonyl;

ACIE 2004, 43, 6505

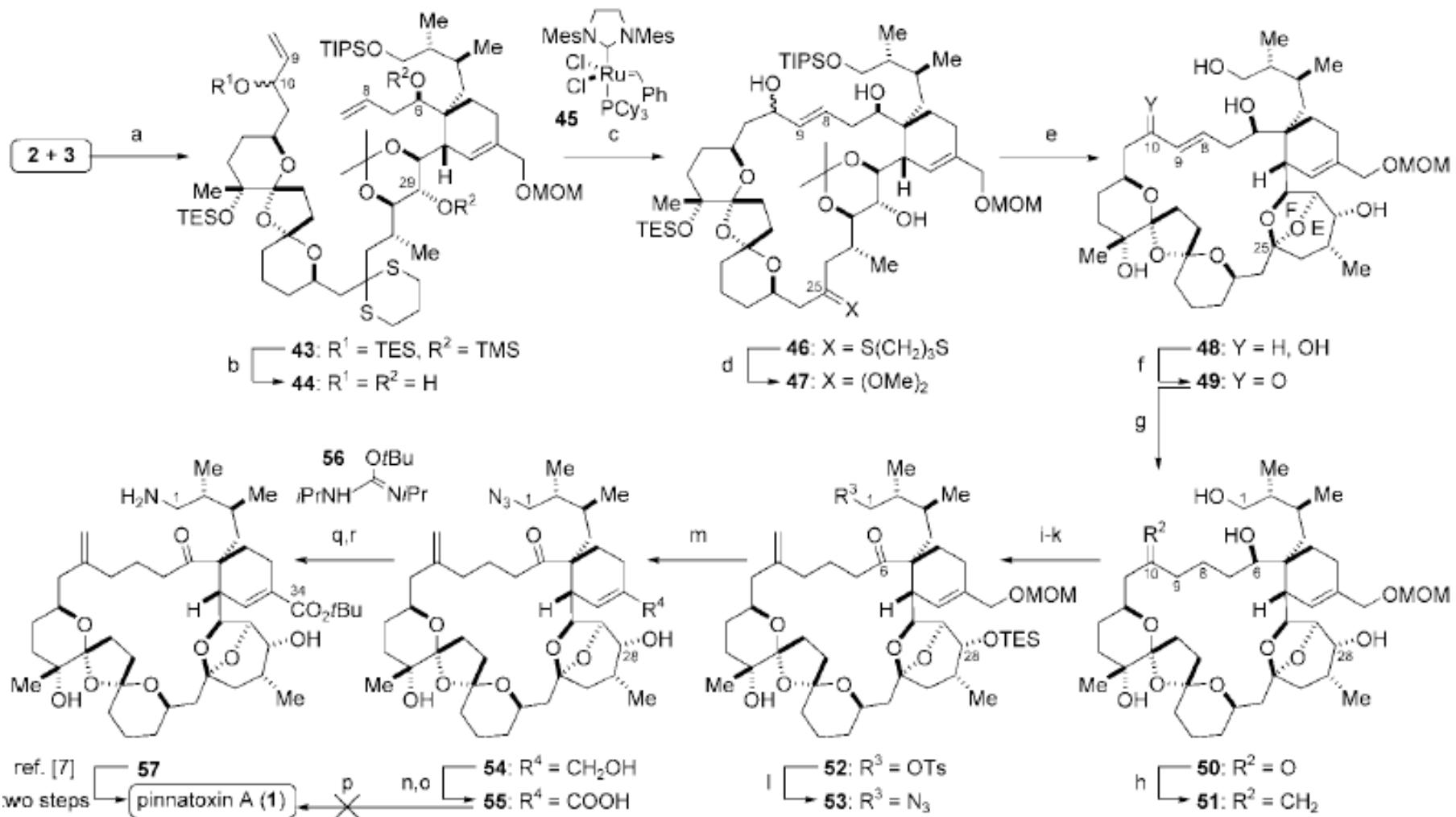
Synthesis of Pinnatoxin A - Hirama



Scheme 4. Reagents and conditions: a) 2,2-dimethoxypropane, CSA, CH_2Cl_2 , room temperature, 88%; b) DIBAL-H, toluene, $-30^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow \text{RT}$; then SiO_2 , hexane, room temperature, 99%; c) DIBAL-H, toluene, -78°C to 0°C ; d) TBSOTf, 2,6-lutidine, CH_2Cl_2 , 0°C , 100% (2 steps); e) Na, liq NH_3 , -78°C , 91%; f) PivCl, pyridine, room temperature; g) TESCl, imidazole, DMF, room temperature; h) DIBAL-H, toluene, -78°C , 100% (over three steps); i) $\text{SO}_3 \cdot \text{pyridine}$, DMSO, Et_3N , CH_2Cl_2 , room temperature; j) MeMgBr , THF, 0°C ; k) Dess–Martin periodinane, CH_2Cl_2 /pyridine (5:1), room temperature, 87% (over three steps); l) Tebbe reagent, THF, room temperature, 95%; m) 9-BBN, THF, room temperature; then aqueous H_2O_2 , aqueous NaOH , $0^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow \text{RT}$, 78%; n) PivCl, DMAP, pyridine, room temperature; o) TBAF, THF, room temperature, 100% (over two steps); p) PDC, CH_2Cl_2 , room temperature, 84%; q) TMSCl, imidazole, DMF, room temperature, 94%; r) $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHCH}_2\text{MgBr}$, THF, 0°C ; s) PivCl, DMAP, pyridine, room temperature; t) TMSCl, imidazole, DMF, room temperature; u) DIBAL-H, toluene, -78°C , 67% (**42**, over four steps), 17% (C6-epimer, over four steps); v) I_2 , Ph_3P , imidazole, THF, room temperature, 88%. TBS = *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl; TBAF = tetrabutylammonium fluoride; PDC = pyridinium dichromate.

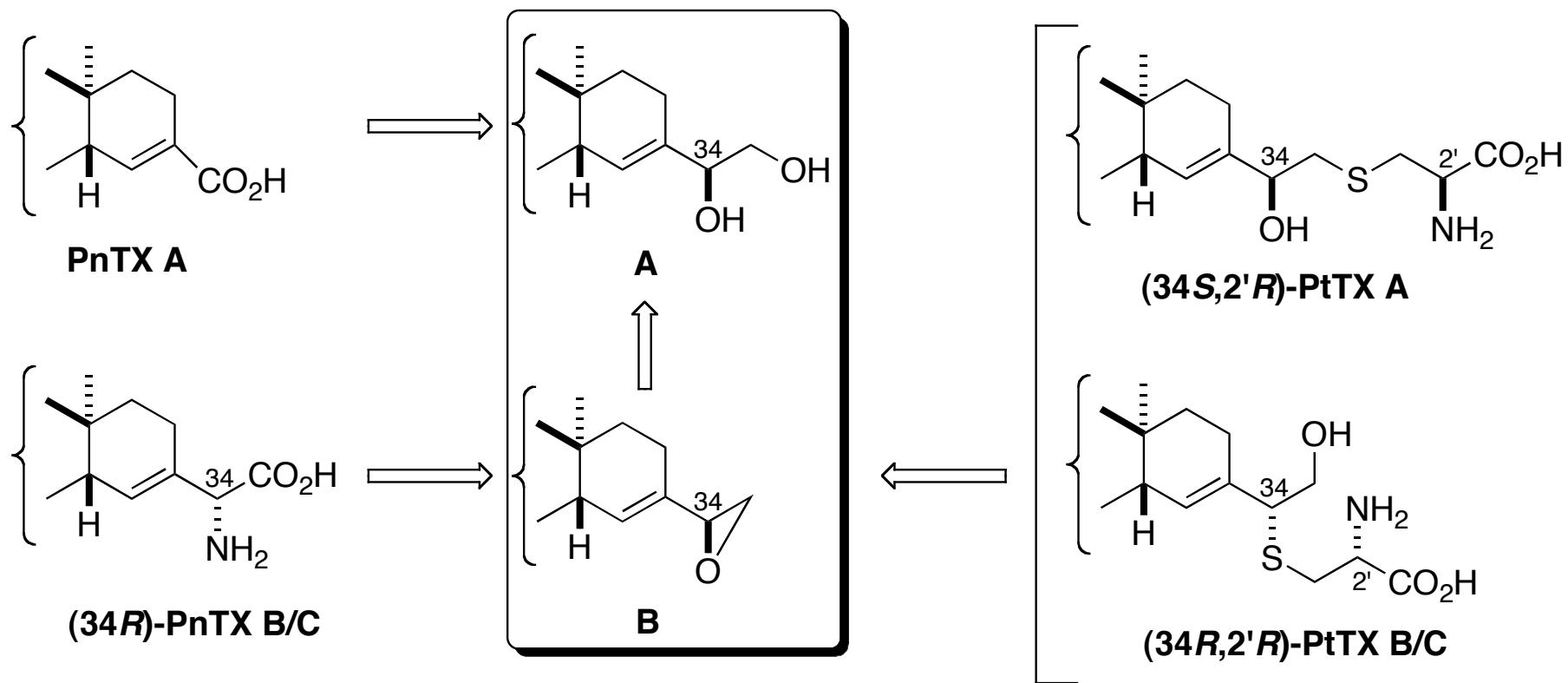
ACIE 2004, 43, 6505

Synthesis of Pinnatoxin A - Hirama



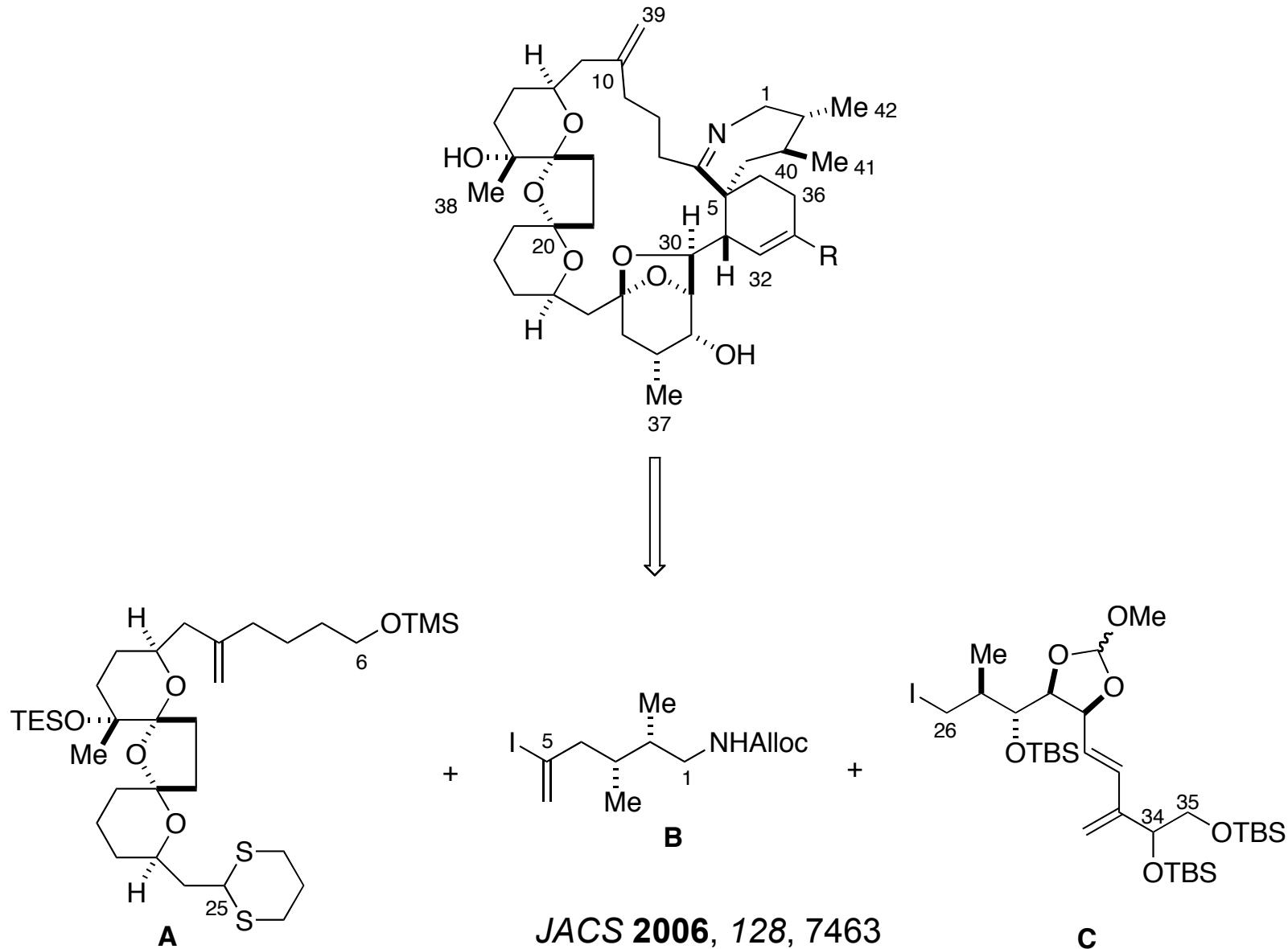
Scheme 5. Reagents and conditions: a) tBuLi (1.9 equiv), **2** (1.7 equiv), THF/HMPA (9:1), -78°C , 95% based on recovered **3** (41%); b) TBAF, THF, 0°C , 89%; c) **45** (0.1 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 , reflux, 75%; d) $(\text{CF}_3\text{CO}_2)_2\text{IPh}$, molecular sieves (3\AA), $\text{MeOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (20:9), room temperature; e) TFA/MeOH (1:20), room temperature; then CSA, MeOH, room temperature, 71% (over two steps); f) DDQ, 1,4-dioxane/ CH_2Cl_2 (1:1), 40°C , 67%; g) $[(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})\text{CuH}]_6$ (0.1 equiv), toluene/ H_2O (100:1), room temperature, 64%; h) $\text{Ph}_3\text{PCH}_3\text{Br}$, tBuOK, THF, 0°C , 64%; i) $p\text{-TsCl}$, Et₃N, DMAP, molecular sieves (4\AA), CH_2Cl_2 , room temperature; j) TESCl, imidazole, CH_2Cl_2 , room temperature, 51% (over two steps); k) Dess–Martin periodinane, CH_2Cl_2 ; l) NaN_3 , DMF, 80°C , 68% (over two steps); m) aqueous HCl (2 N)/THF (1:10), 40°C , 96%; n) MnO_2 , CH_2Cl_2 , room temperature; o) NaClO_2 , NaH_2PO_4 , 2-methyl-2-butene, tBuOH/ H_2O (4:1), 0°C ; p) PMe_3 , THF, 60°C , 0% (**1**); q) **56**, toluene, 70°C , 34% (over three steps); r) PMe_3 , THF/ H_2O (10:1), room temperature, 60%.

Unified Total Synthesis of the PnTX/PtTX Class of Marine Natural Products



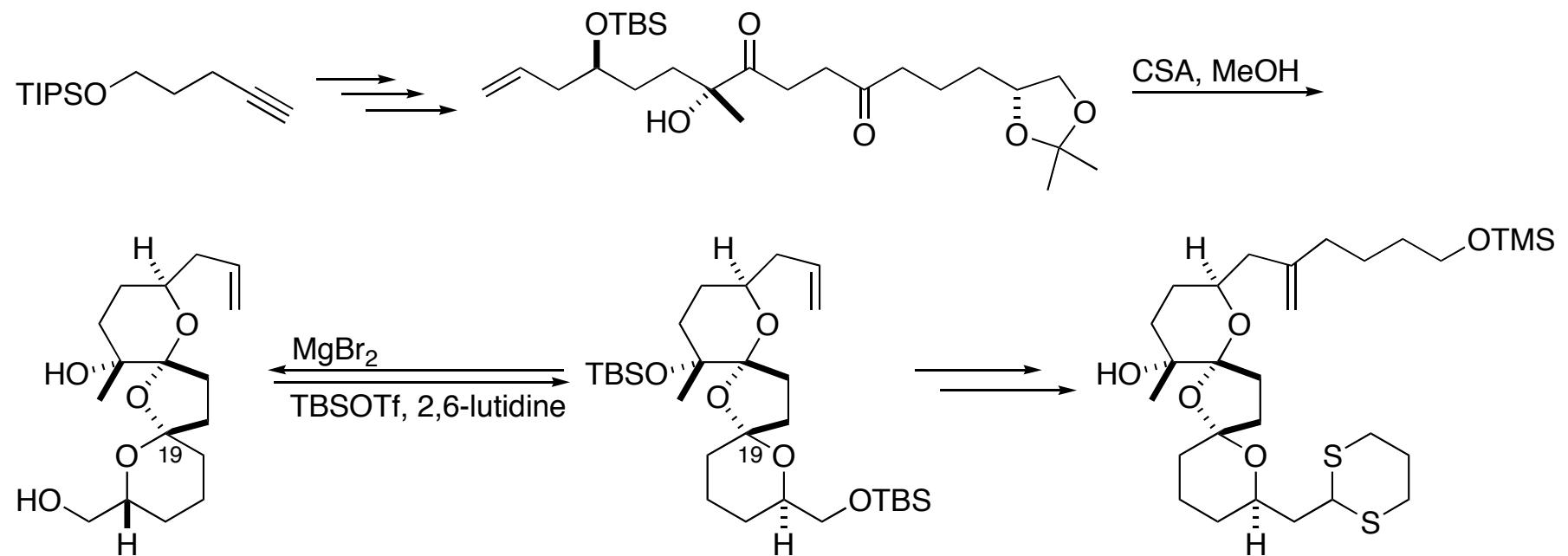
JACS 2006, 128, 7463
OL ASAP

Retrosynthesis of Pinnatoxins and Pteriatoxins - Kishi



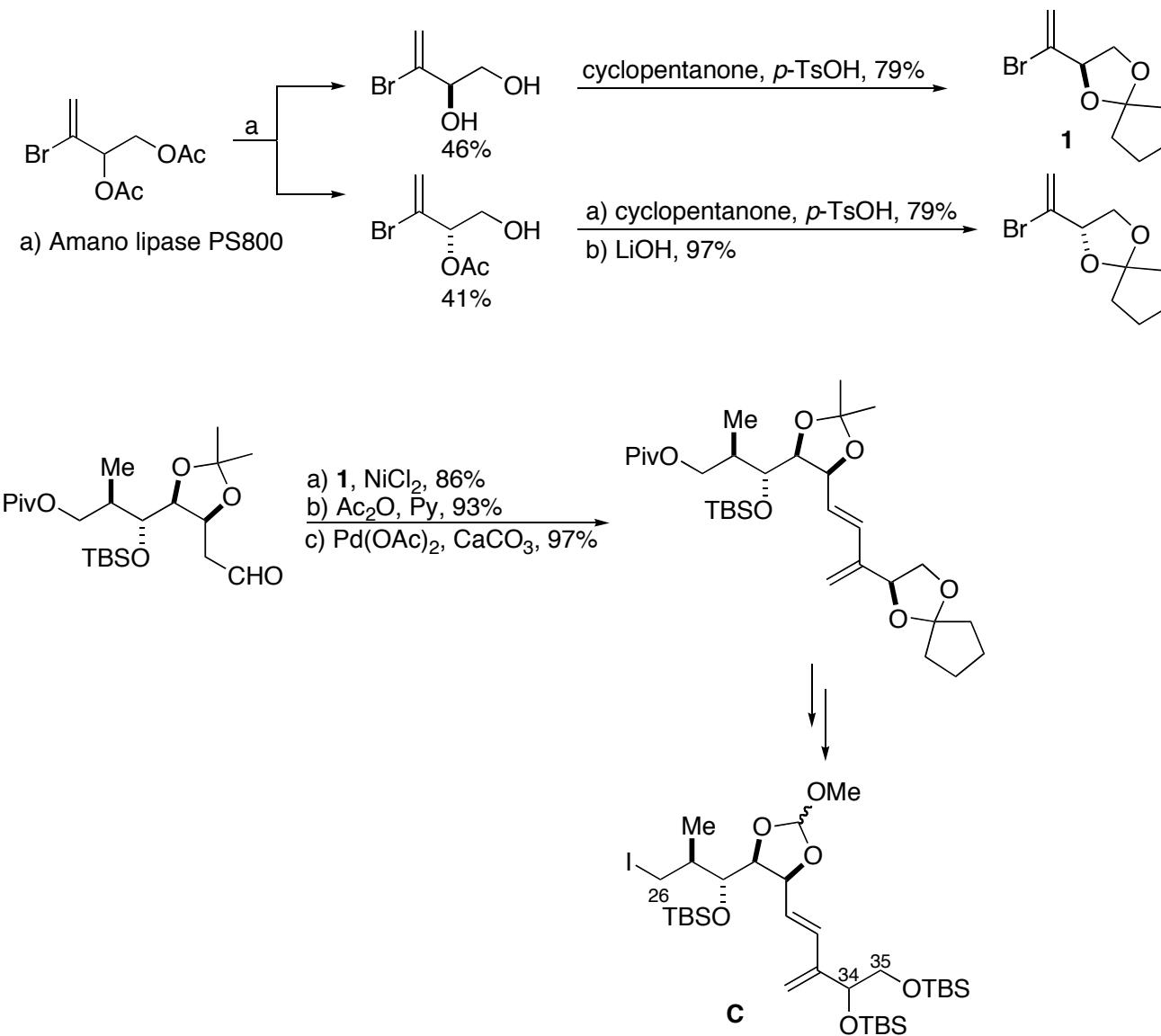
JACS 2006, 128, 7463

Synthesis of Fragment A



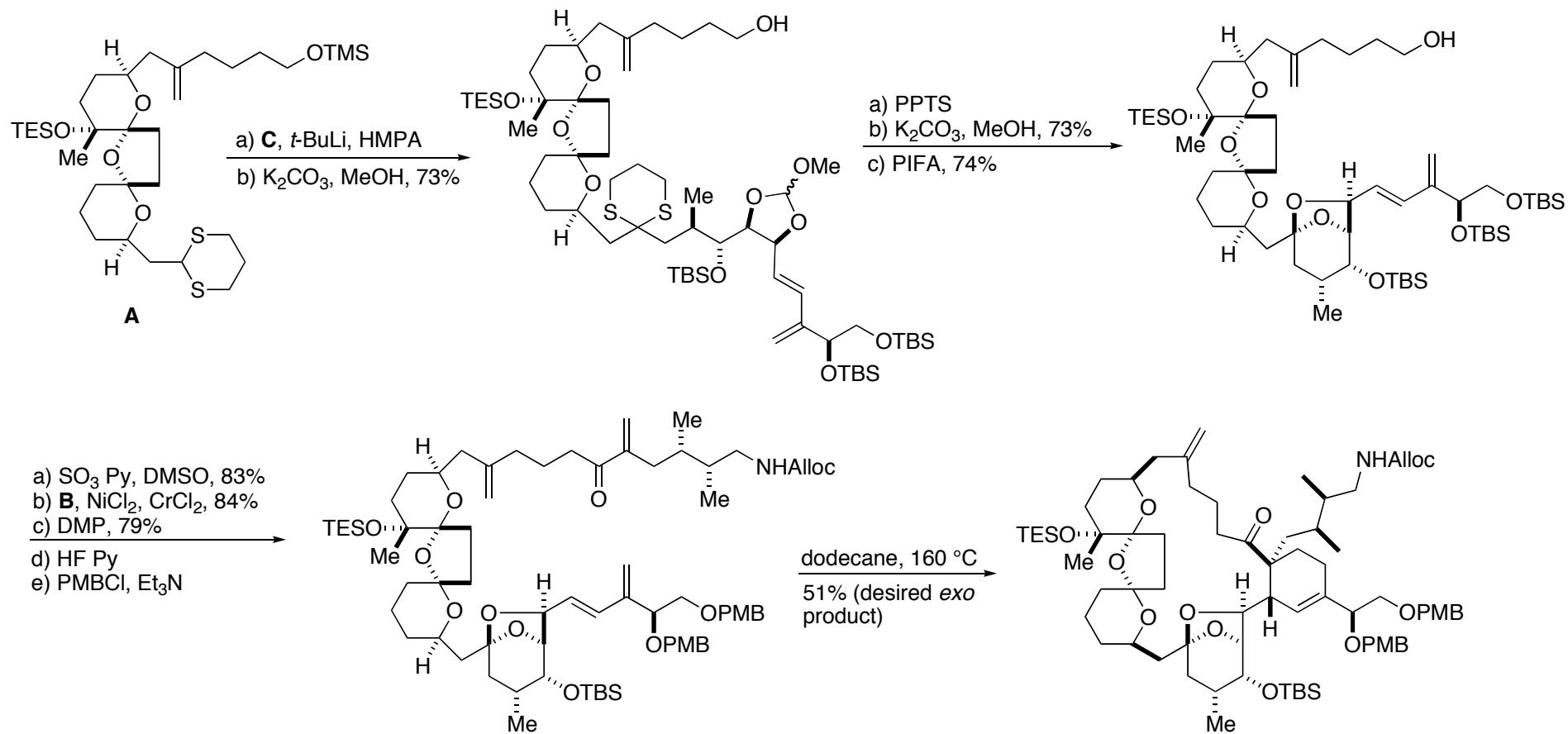
JACS 1998, 120, 7647

Synthesis of Fragment C



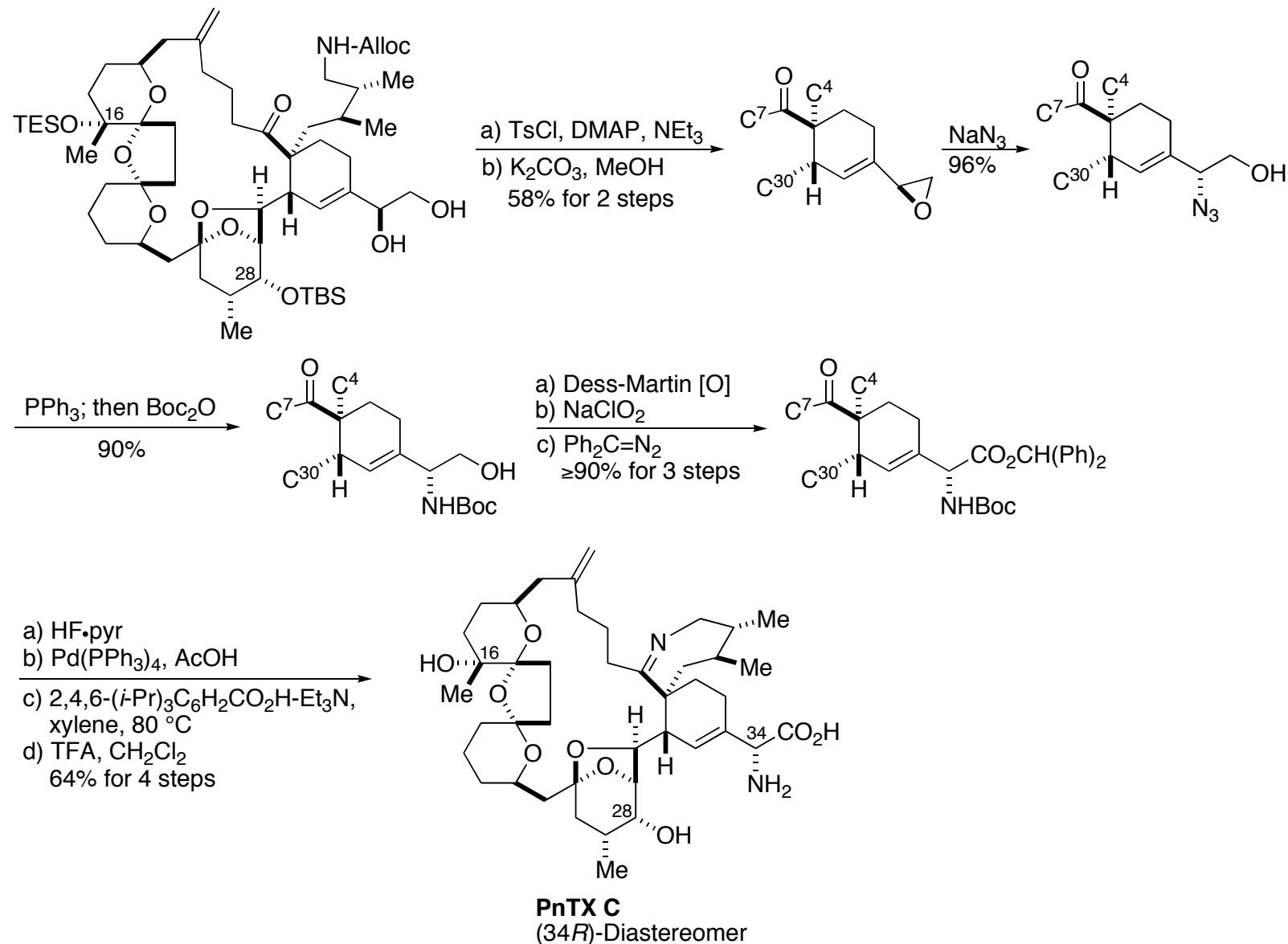
JACS 2006, 128, 7463

Synthesis of the Macrocycle



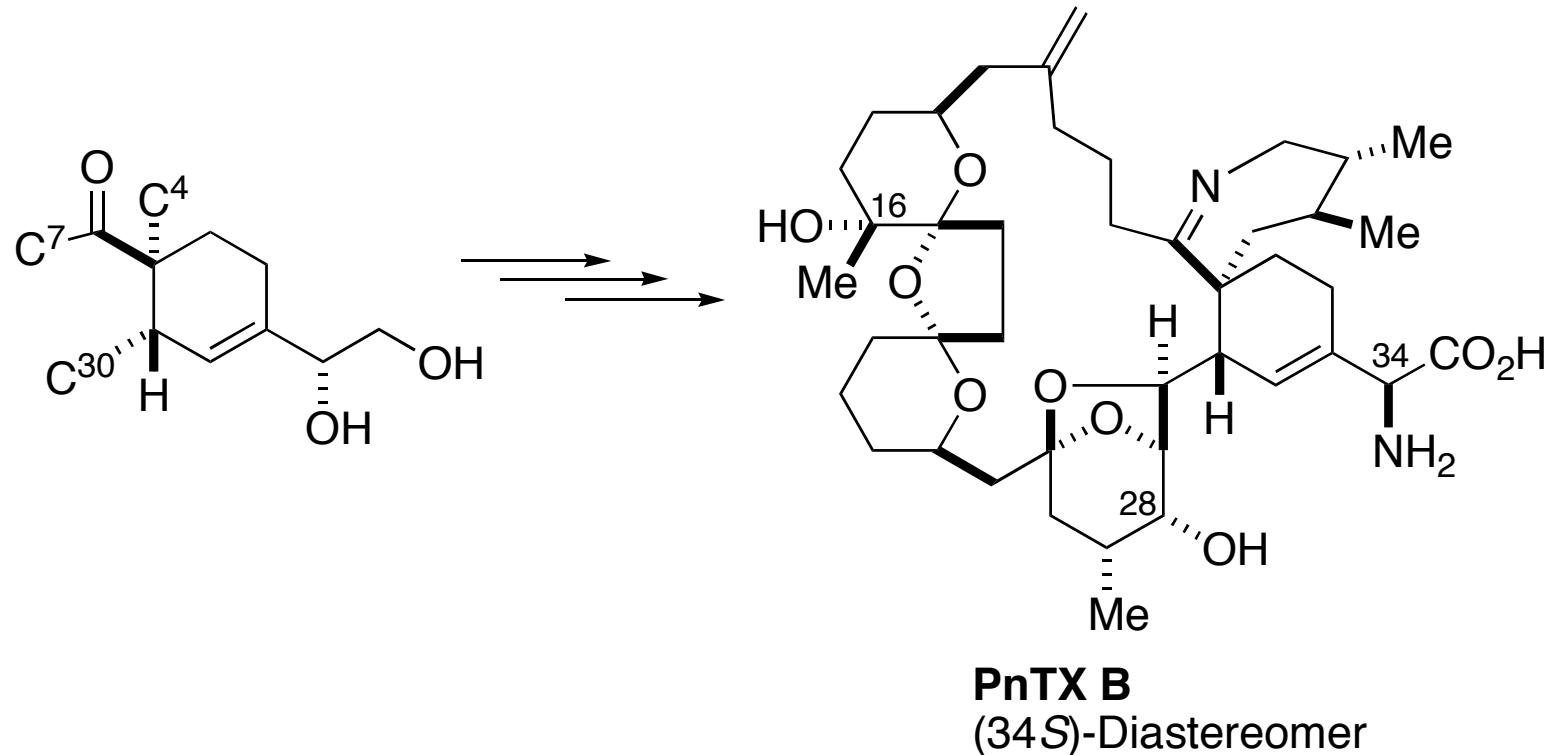
JACS 2006, 128, 7463

Total Synthesis of the Pinnatoxin C



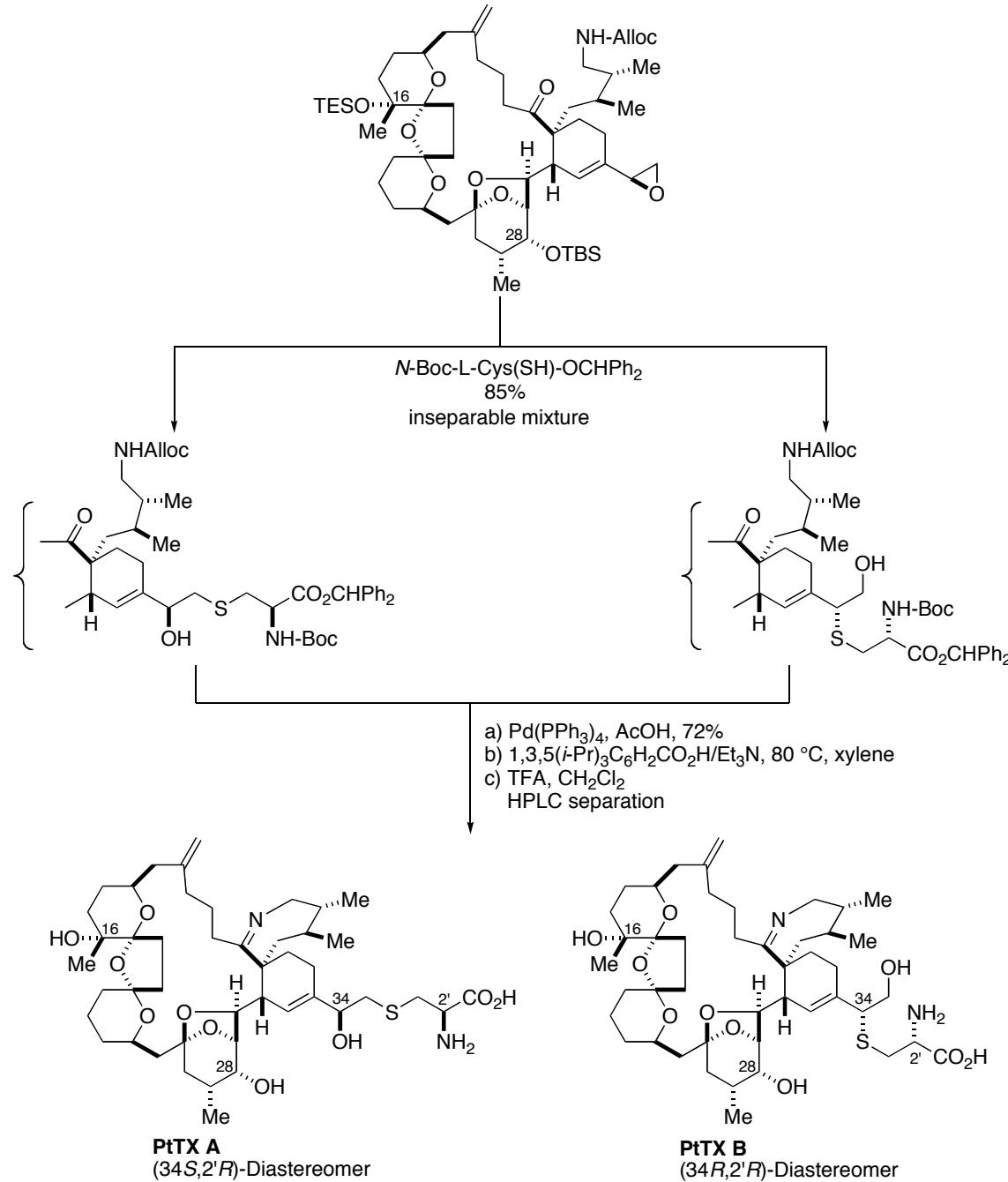
OL ASAP

Total Synthesis of the Pinnatoxin B



OL ASAP

Total Synthesis of the Pteriatoxins A, B, and C



Summary

- 1) First Total Synthesis of PnTXs B and C in a Stereochemically Controlled Manner
Key Steps:
Intramolecular Diels Alder Reaction, Imine Cyclization, Nozaki-Hiyama-Kishi Reaction
- 2) Establishment of Stereochemistry at C34