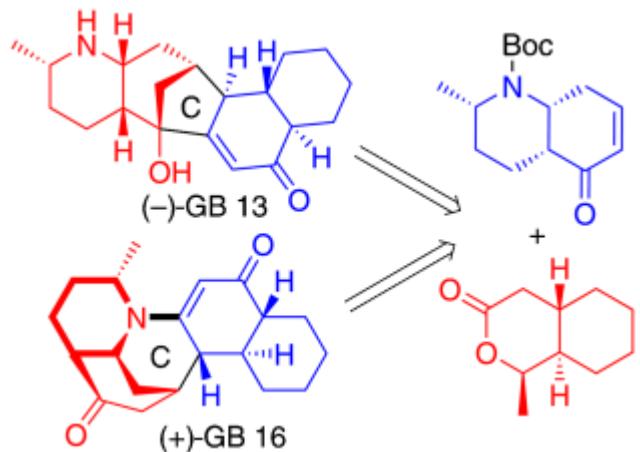


Galbulimima Alkaloids (-)-GB 13 and (+)-GB 16

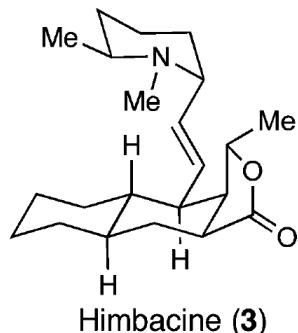
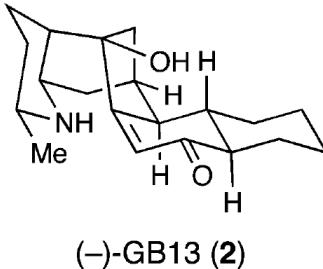
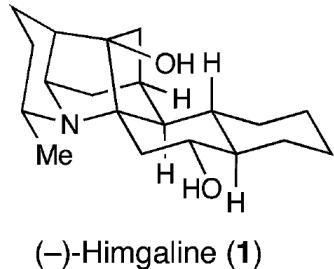
Zi, W.; Yu, S.; Ma, D.

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2010**, *49*, 5887–5890



Current Literature
Jie Xu
08.28.10

Isolation



***Galbulimima
belgraveana***

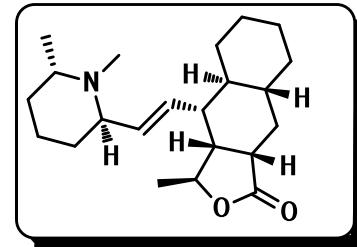
- Isolated from the bark of *galbulimima belgraveana* in northern Australia and Papua New Guinea
- Structure confirmed by chemical degradation and spectroscopy (MS, IR, UV, NMR) analysis

Taylor, W. C. et al. *Aust. J. Chem.* **1956**, 9, 283.
Taylor, W. C. et al. *Aust. J. Chem.* **1965**, 18, 569.
Taylor, W. C. et al. *Aust. J. Chem.* **1967**, 20, 1473.
Taylor, W. C. et al. *Aust. J. Chem.* **1967**, 20, 1705.
Mander, L. N. et al. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2009**, 50, 7089.

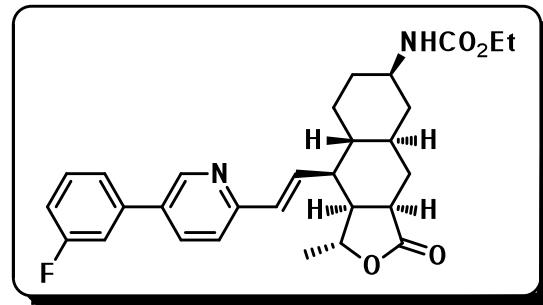


Biological Activity

- *Galbulimima belgraveana* bark has been used medicinally by Papua New Guinean tribes.
- *Himbacine* displays potent muscarinic antagonist activity.
- *SCH 530348* is now in phase III clinical trials for treatment of acute coronary syndrome.



Himbacine



SCH 530348

Chackalamannil, S.; Wang, Y.; Greenlee, W. J.; Hu, Z.; Xia, Y.; Ahn, H.; Boykow, G.; Hsieh, Y.; Palamanda, J.; Agans-Fantuzzi, J.; Kurowski, S.; Graziano, M.; Chintala, M. *J. Med. Chem.* **2008**, *51*, 3061.
Malaska, M. J.; Fauq, A. H.; Kozikowski, A. P.; Aagaard, P. J.; McKinney, M. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **1995**, *5*, 61.

Synthesis of *Galbulimima* Alkaloids

Hart (OSU)
Himbacine
Class I

Terashima (Sagami)
Himbacine
Class I

Chackalamannil (Schering Plough)
Himgaline, Class III
Baldwin (Oxford)
Biomimetic Himbacine
Class I

Ma (Shanghai)
(-)-GB 13 (+)-GB 16
Class III

Sarpong (Berkeley)
(±)GB-13
Class III

1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

Chackalamannil (Schering Plough)
Himbacine
Class I

Mander (Australia National Univ)
(±)GB-13
Class III

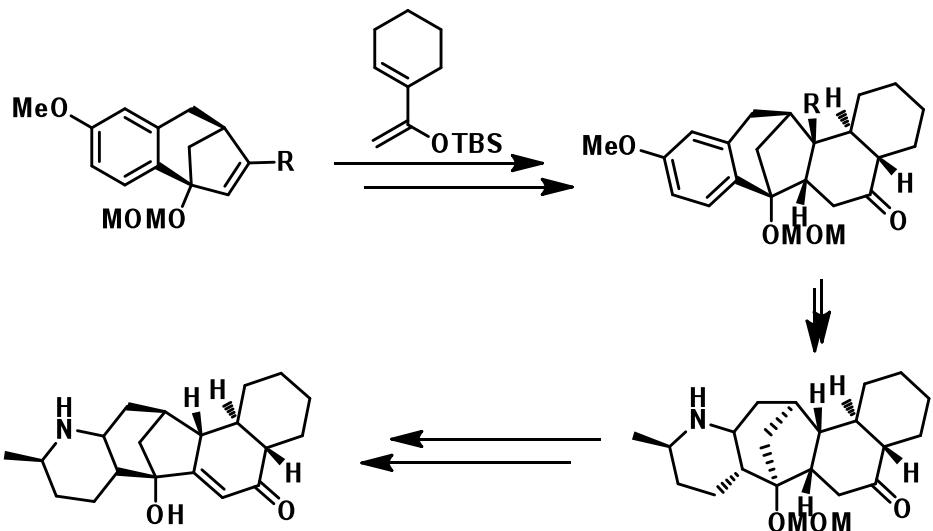
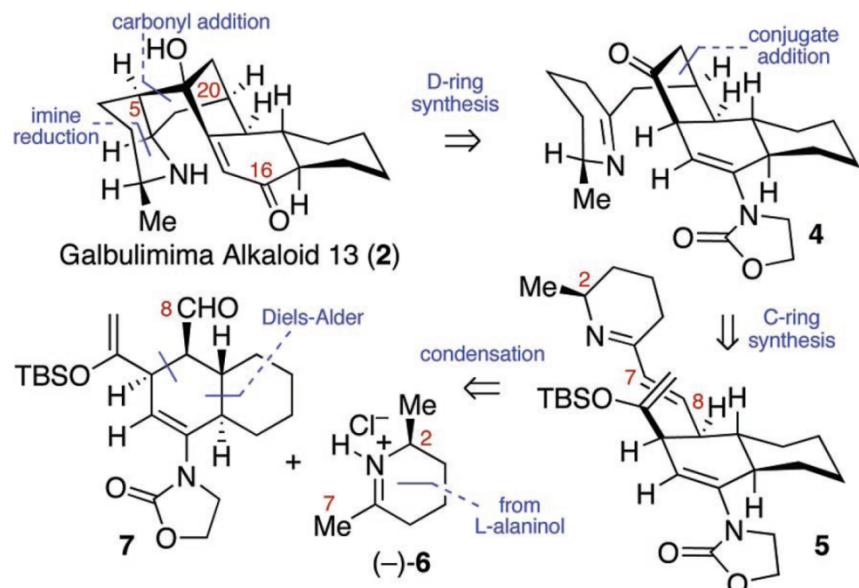
Movassaghi (MIT)
(-)-Himandrine
Class II

Movassaghi (MIT)
(-)GB-13 (+)GB-13, Class III
Evans (Harvard)
(+)GB-13, Class III

Synthesis of GB 13

Mander Group(2003)

- First total synthesis of GB13
- $\text{Yb}(\text{thd})_3$ catalyzed DA reaction
- 30 steps 0.3% yield



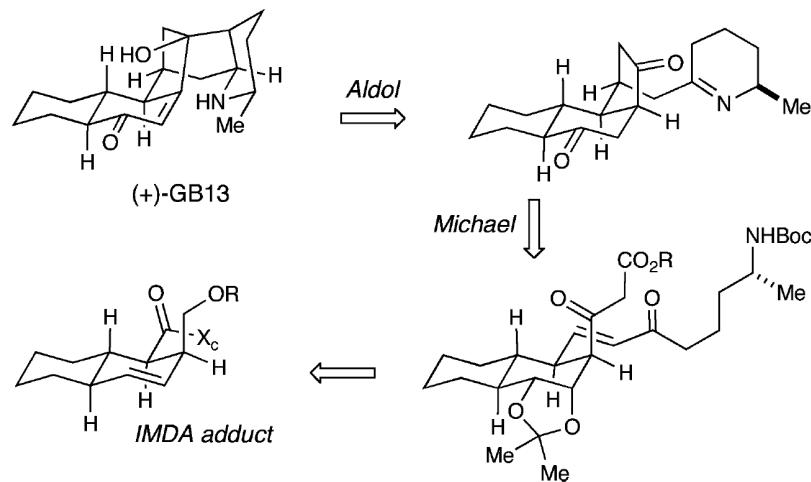
Movassaghi Group(2006)

- First enantioselective synthesis of (-)-GB13 and (+)-GB 13
- IMDA
- Vinyl radical cyclization
- Biomimetic enamine aldol addition
- 20 steps 1% yield

Mander, L. N.; McLachlan, M. M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, 125, 2400

Movassaghi, M.; Hunt, D. K.; Tjandra, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, 128, 8126.

Synthesis of GB 13

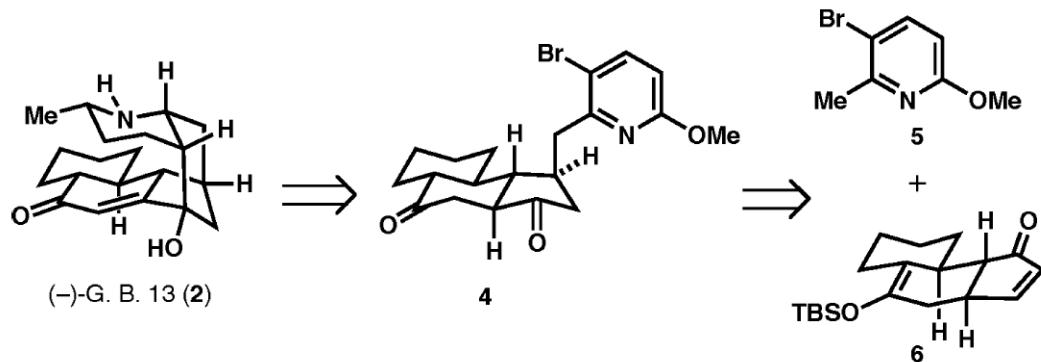


Evans Group(2006)

- **HWE Olefination**
- **IMDA**
- **Michael Addition**
- **Enamine aldol addition**
- **28 steps 1% yield**

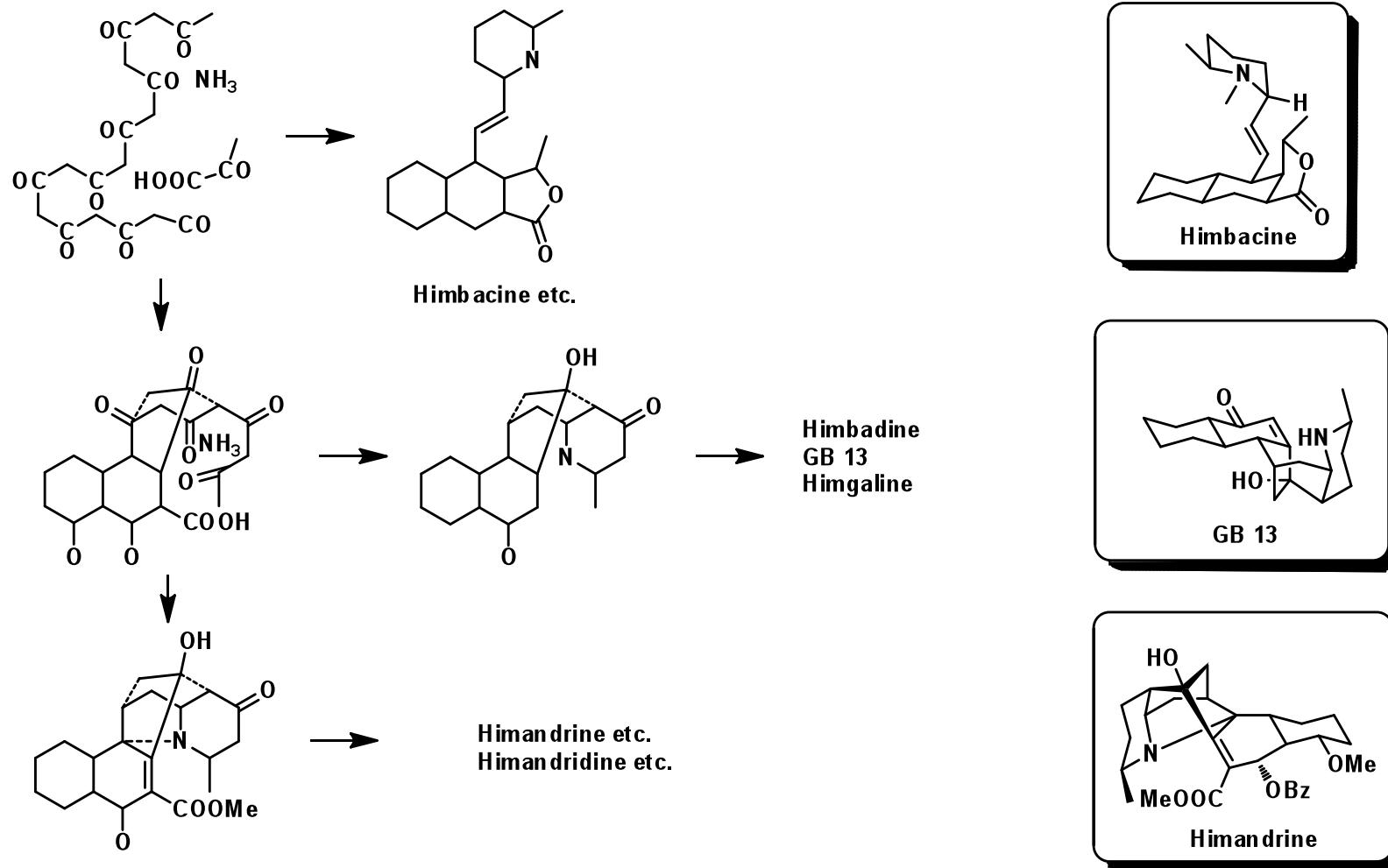
Sarpong Group(2009)

- ***Yb(tmhd)₃* catalyzed DA**
- **1,3-allylic transportation**
- **Rh(I)-cat ketone hydroarylation**
- **18 steps 2% yield**



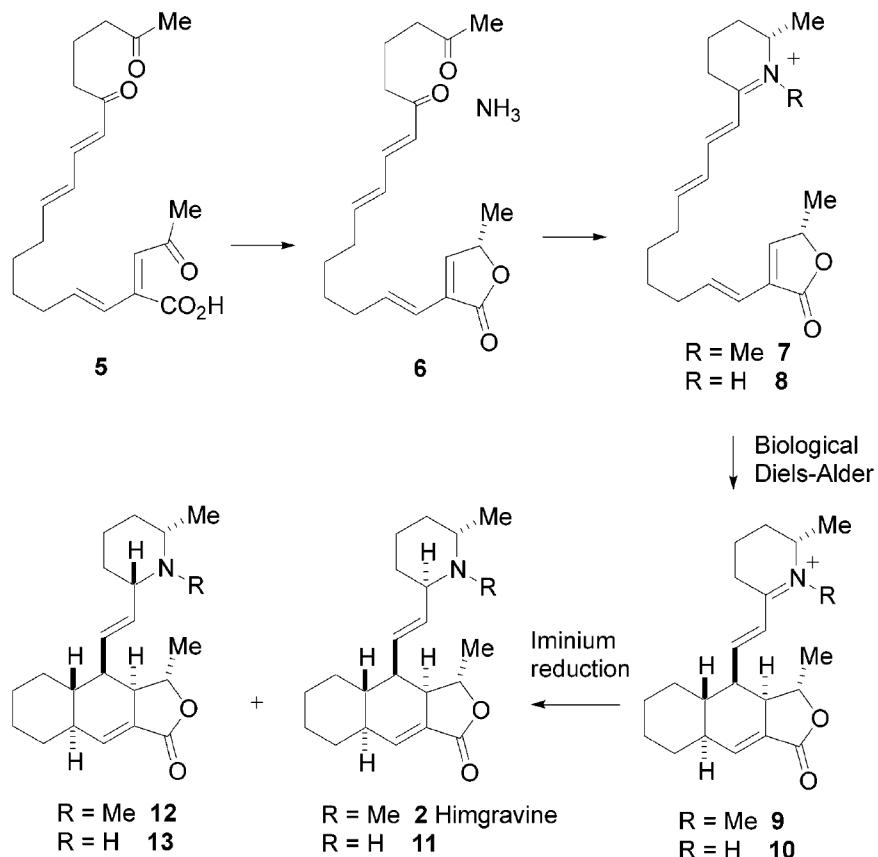
Evans, D.A.; Adams, D. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2007**, 129, 1048.
Larson, K. K.; Sarpong, R. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2009**, 131, 13244.

Biogenetic(Polyacetate Proposal)



Taylor, W. C. et al. *Aust. J. Chem.* **1967**, *20*, 1705.

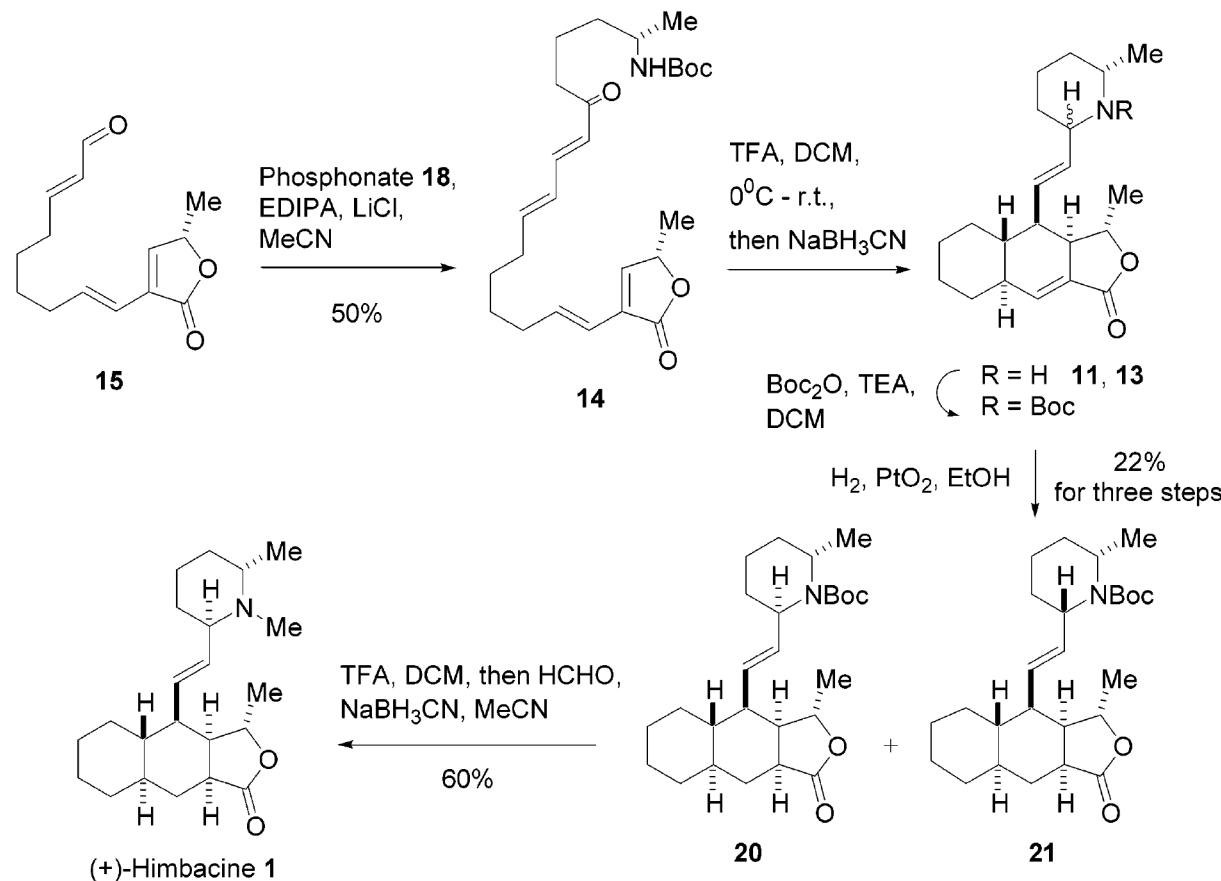
Biogenesis(Baldwin)



- Start from polyketide derivative
- Reductive lactonisation to produce the butenolide
- Reductive amination would give the iminium species
- IMDA
- Hydride reduction of the iminium ion would give the precursor of GB alkaloids

Tchabanenko, K.; Adlington, R. M.; Cowley, A. W.; Baldwin, J. E. *Org. Lett.* **2005**, 7, 585.

Biomimetic Synthesis(Baldwin)

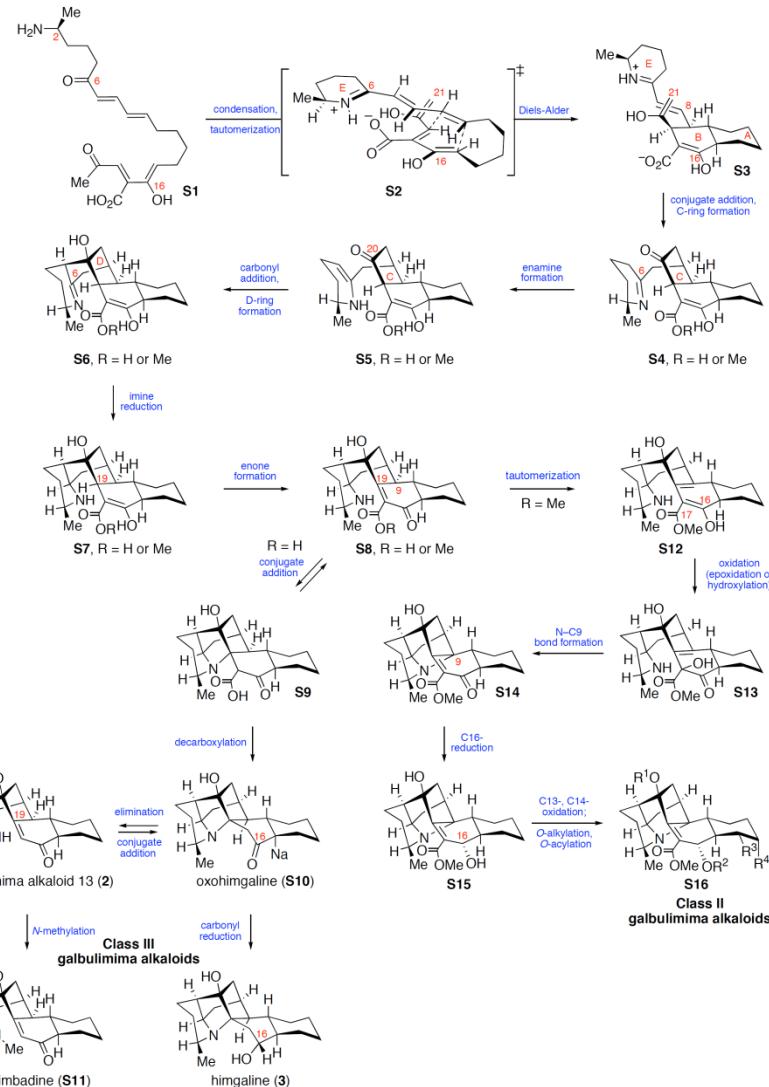
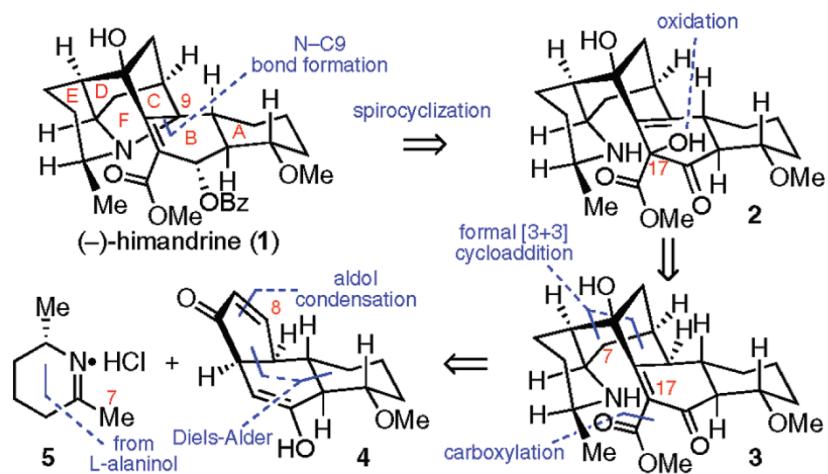


Tchabanenko, K.; Adlington, R. M.; Cowley, A. W.; Baldwin, J. E. *Org. Lett.* **2005**, 7, 585.

Inspire from Biology

Movassaghi Group(2009)

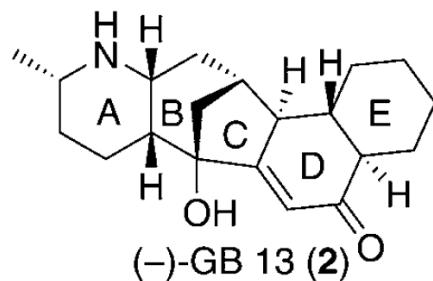
- First total synthesis of Class II GB alkaloids (-)-Himandrine
- 26 steps 0.6% yield



Movassaghi, M.; Tjandra, M.; Qi, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2009**, 131, 9648

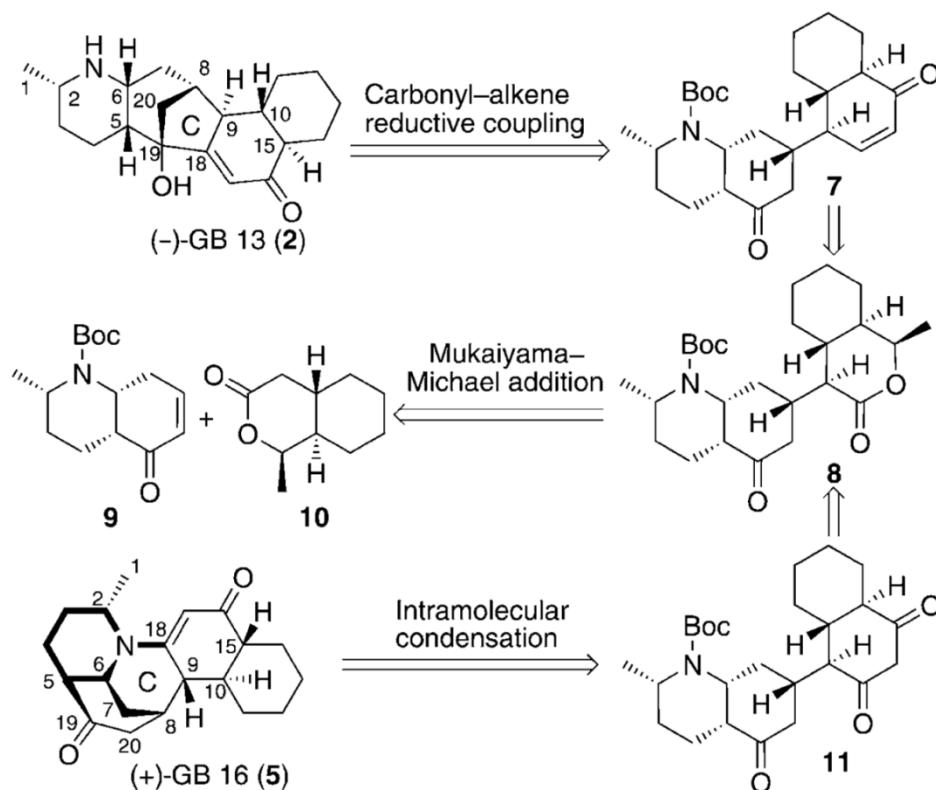
Movassaghi, M.; Hunt, D. K.; Tjandra, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, 128, 8126

Synthetic Strategy



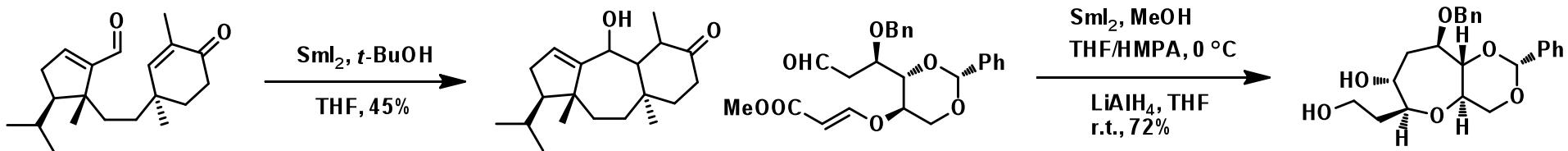
Ma Group(2010)

- Formation of C ring at late stage



Featured Reactions

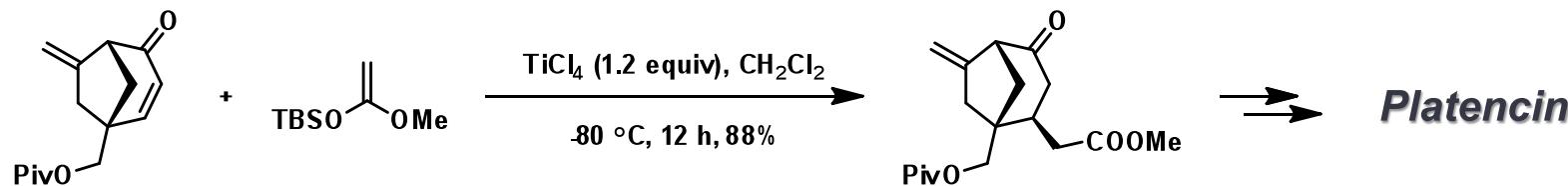
■ Carbonyl-alkene reductive coupling



Nguyen, T. M.; Lee, D. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2002**, *43*, 4033

Takakura, H.; Noguchi, K.; Sasaki, M.; Tachibana K. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2001**, *40*, 1090.

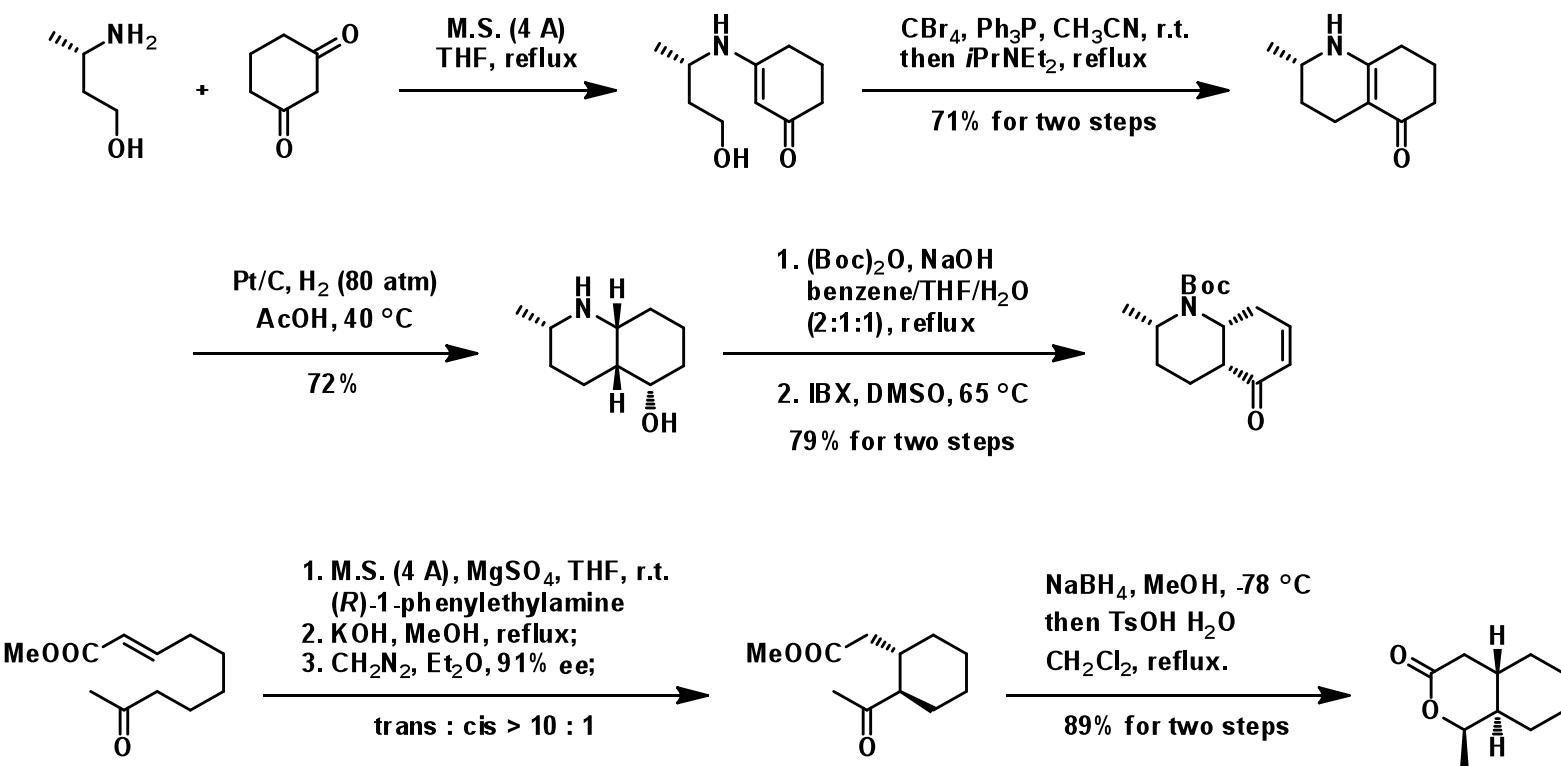
■ Mukaiyama Michael addition



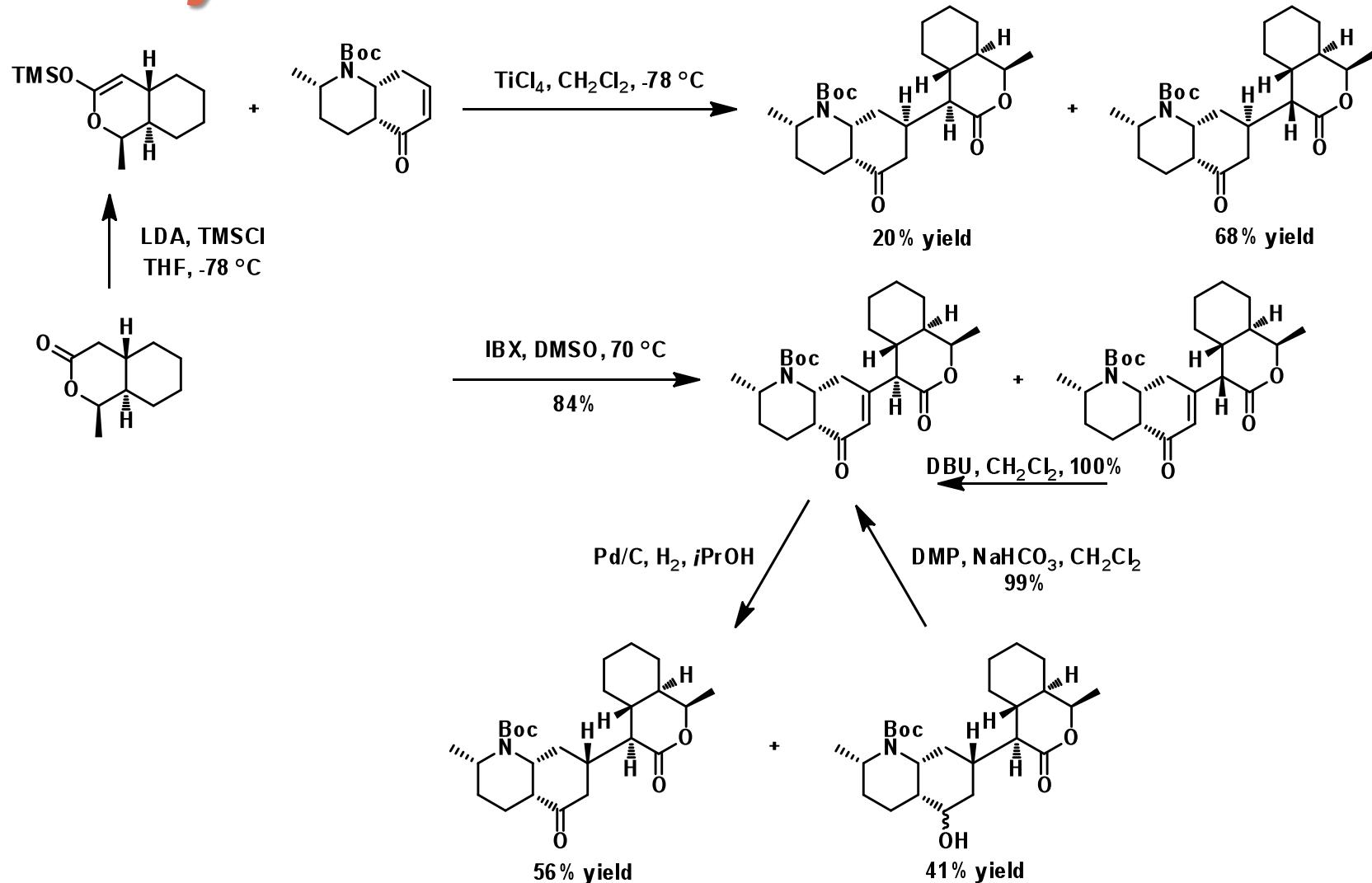
Narasaka, K.; Soai, K.; Mukaiyama, T. *Chem. Lett.* **1974**, 1223.

Varseev G. N.; Maier, M. E. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2009**, *48*, 3685.

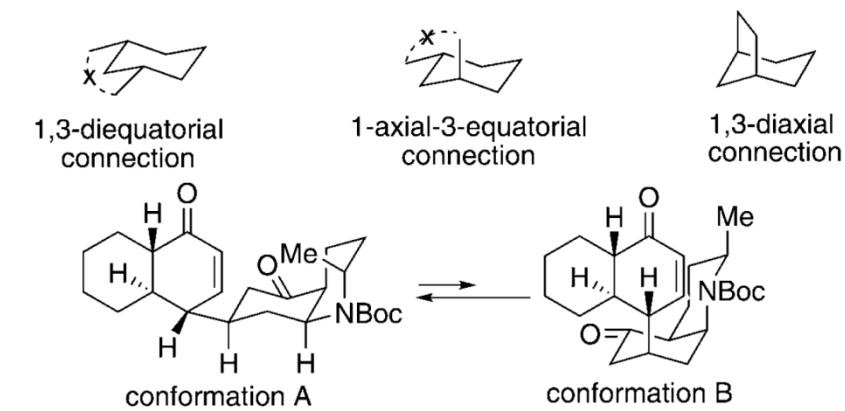
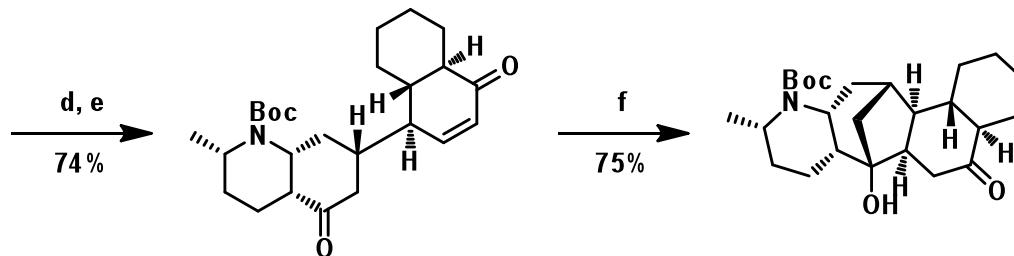
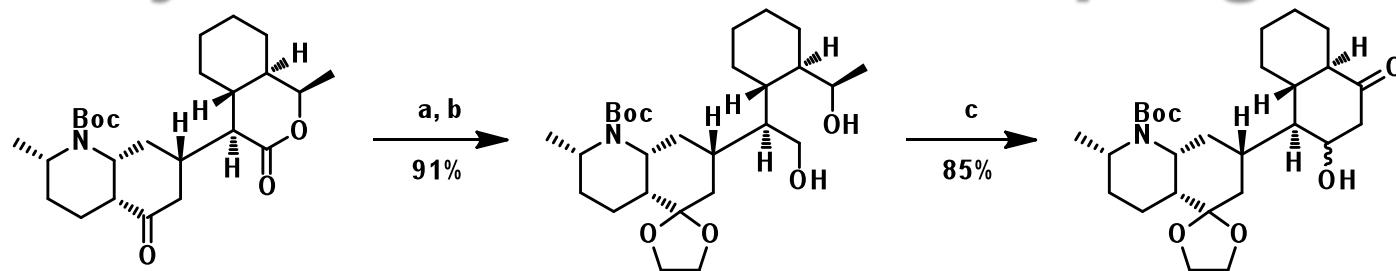
Synthesis of Coupling Partner



Mukaiyama Michael Addition

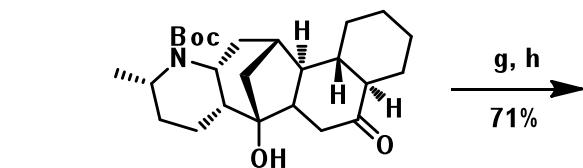


Carbonyl-alkene Reductive Coupling

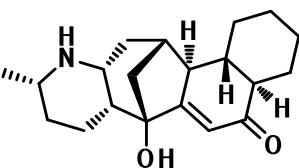


- a) glycol, $TsOH \cdot H_2O$, toluene, Dean-Stark;
- b) $LiAlH_4$, THF, 0 °C to r.t.;
- c) $(CF_3CO)_2O$, DMSO, DBU, CH_2Cl_2 , -78 °C to r.t.;
- d) $(CF_3CO)_2O$, Et_3N , CH_2Cl_2 , r.t.;
- e) $TsOH \cdot H_2O$, acetone, H_2O , reflux, 4 days;
- f) SmI_2 , THF, reflux, then DMP

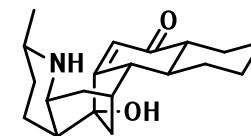
End Game



g, h
71%



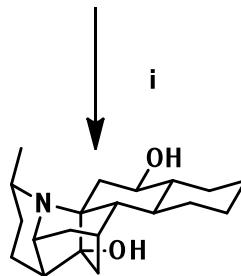
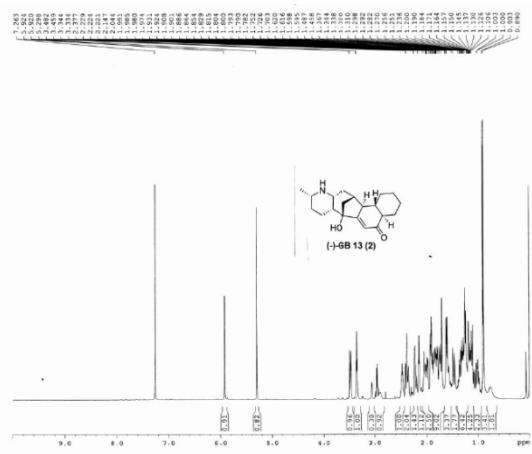
≡



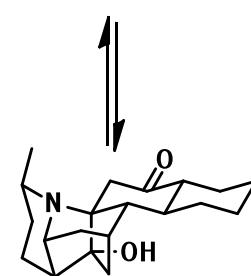
(-)-GB 13

(-)-GB 13

g) IBX, DMSO, 70 °C;
h) CF₃CO₂H, CH₂Cl₂; then NaOH;
i) HOAc, CH₃CN; then NaBH(OAc)₃.



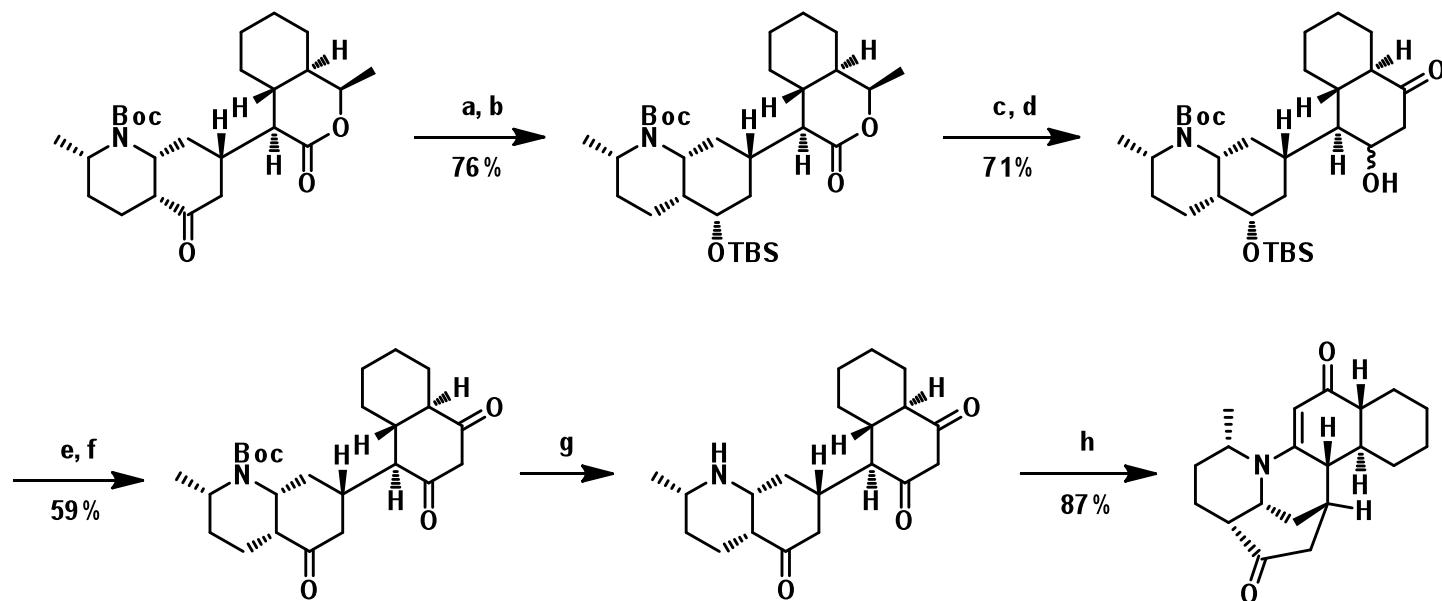
Himgaline



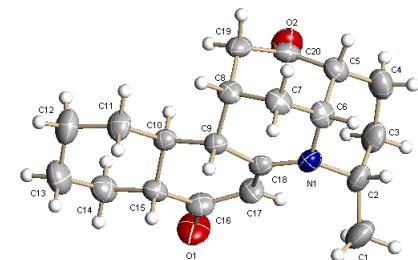
16-oxohimgaline

■ 19 steps 6% yield

Synthesis of (+)-GB 16



- a) NaBH_4 , MeOH/THF (1:1), -78°C ; b) TBSCl , imidazole, DMF , r.t.;
 c) LiAlH_4 , THF , r.t.; d) $(\text{CF}_3\text{CO})_2\text{O}$, DMSO , DBU , CH_2Cl_2 , -78°C to r.t.;
 e) HF , CH_3CN , -20°C ; f) PCC , CH_2Cl_2 , r.t.;
 g) $\text{CF}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$, CH_2Cl_2 , r.t.; h) toluene, NaOAc , Dean-Stark.



Conclusion

- **A novel and convergent route for the asymmetric synthesis of alkaloid (-)-GB 13**
- **19 linear steps (overall yield of 6.1%) from commercially available starting material**
- **Mukaiyama-Michael addition and carbonyl–alkene reductive coupling mediated by SmI_2**
- **Using an advanced intermediate from (-)-GB 13 synthesis as a starting material, achieved the first total synthesis of (+)-GB 16**