



A Quest for Potent Allosteric Inhibitors of AAA ATPase p97

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AAA ATPase

❖ **ATPases Associated with diverse cellular Activities**

- ❖ Characterized by 1 or 2 conserved ATP-binding domains (AAA domains)

❖ **Structure:** Ring-shaped with pore in center, typically hexameric complex formed by six identical promoters.

❖ **Roles:** Protein degradation, protein refolding, membrane fusion, DNA replication, microtubule dynamics, intracellular transport, transcriptional activation, disassembly of protein complexes and aggregates.

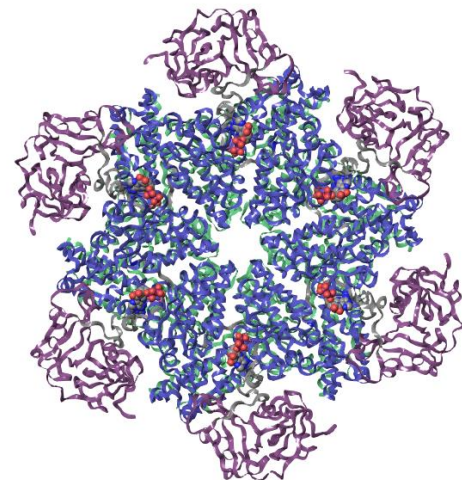
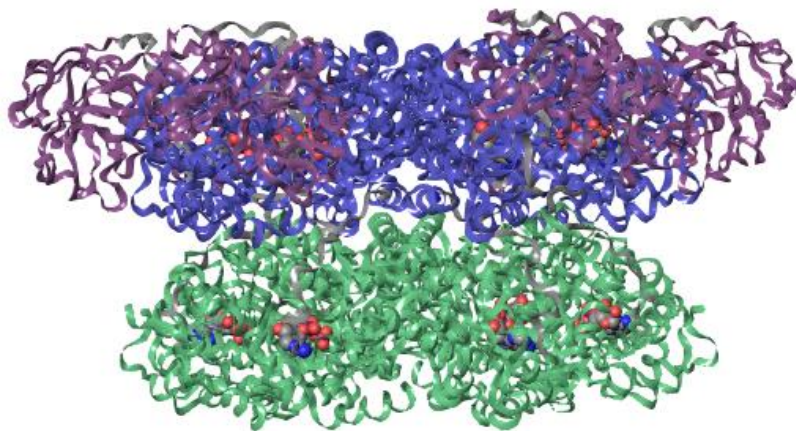
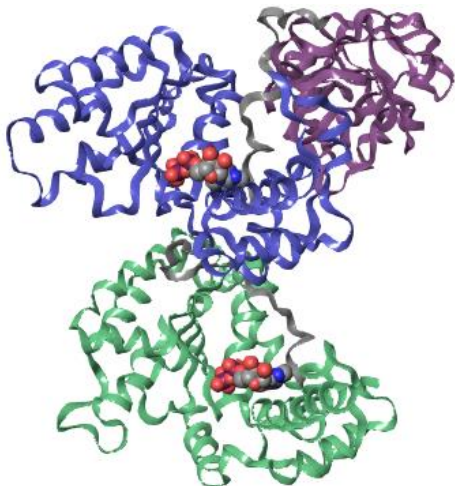
❖ **MOA:** Operate by ATP hydrolysis which generates a conformational change. This produces a mechanical force, allowing for substrate remodeling and other cellular functions.

p97



- ❖ Also known as Valosin Containing Protein (VCP) or Cdc48 (in yeast).
 - ❖ Type II AAA ATPase (contains 2 AAA domains) with a homohexameric ring structure.
- ❖ Linked to many roles within the cell, primarily protein remodeling and quality control but it is also associated with autophagy, signaling and chromatin function.
 - ❖ Numerous cellular activities moderated by binding of cofactors and adaptors.

N-domain D1-domain D2-domain

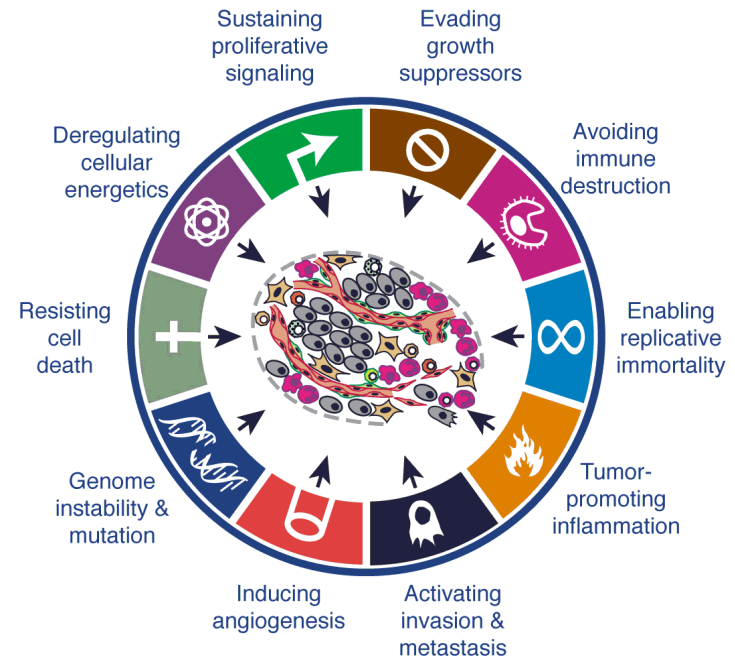




p97 and Cancer

❖ P97 has been found to be upregulated in many cancers such as:

- ❖ Colorectal
- ❖ Lung
- ❖ Liver
- ❖ Prostate
- ❖ Pancreatic
- ❖ Breast



- ❖ Increased expression has been linked to poor prognosis.
- ❖ Currently **no** FDA approved therapeutics that target p97.



Why continue to target cancer?

Some facts about cancer...

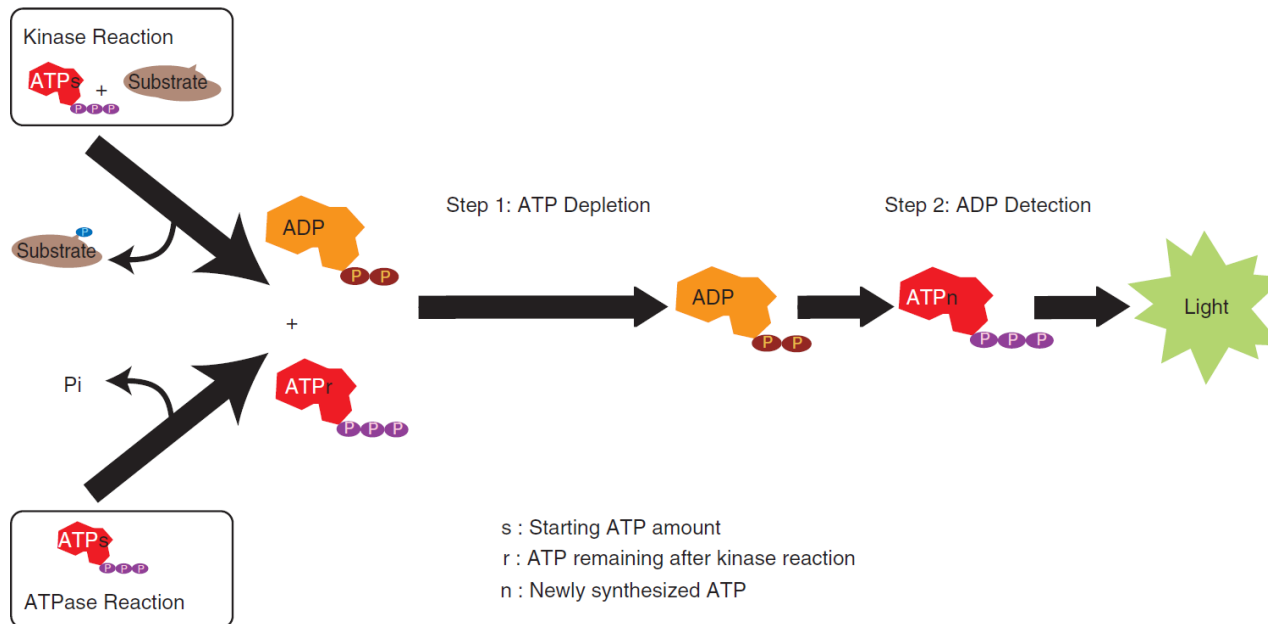
- ❖ 7.6 million deaths attributed to cancer (2008).
- ❖ \$895 billion dollars lost due to cancer, in other words, 1.5% of the worlds GDP (2008).
- ❖ 1 in 2 men and 1 in 3 in the US will develop cancer at some point in their life (2015).
- ❖ 5 year survival rate in the US is 68% (2015).
- ❖ Currently no definitive cure exists.



In vitro assay: 1

ADPGlo Biochemical assay

- ❖ Luminescent kinase assay that measures ADP formed from an ATPase or kinase reaction.
- ❖ ADP is converted into ATP, which is converted into light by Luciferase.

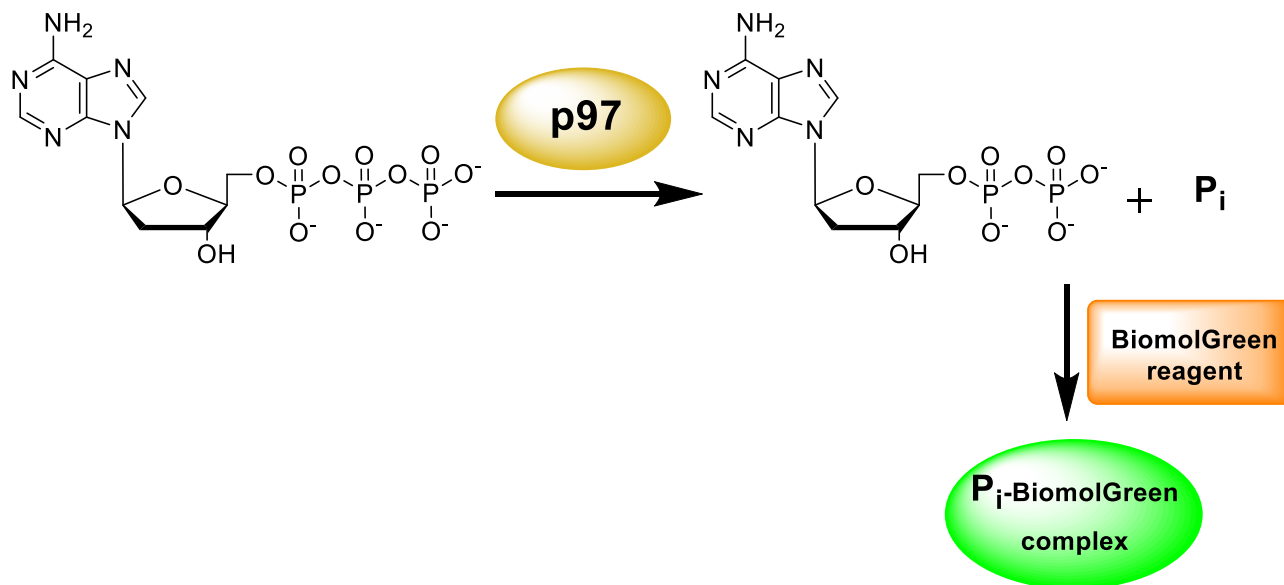




In vitro assay 2

BIOMOL Green ATPase Biochemical Assay

- ❖ ATPase cleaves phosphate to generate ADP and inorganic phosphate (P_i).
- ❖ BiomolGreen reagent complexes with P_i to produce light.



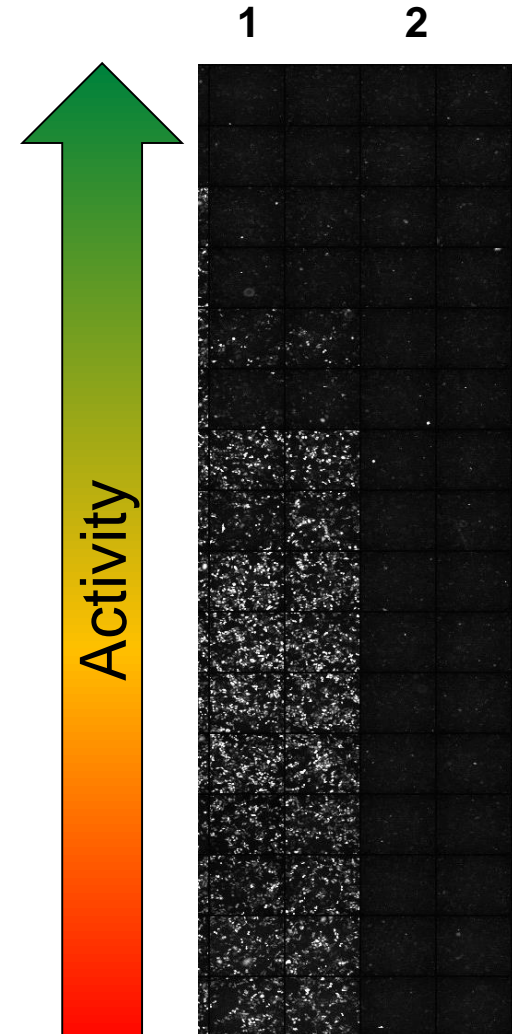


In vivo assay

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Ubiquitin accumulation assay

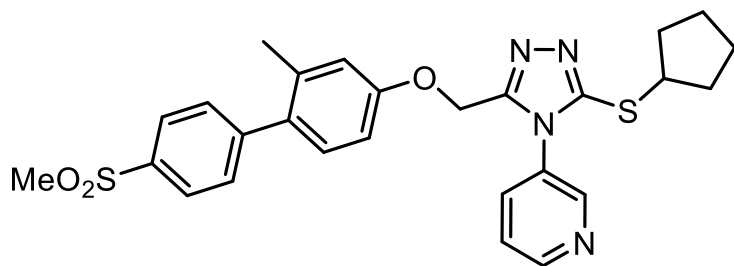
- ❖ If the Ubiquitin Proteasome System (UPS) is blocked then Ub^{G76V}GFP accumulates within the cells. Ub^{G76V}GFP is expressed in a Hela cell line.
- ❖ Assay measures the capacity of UPS based on a GFP-fusion UPS reporter.





Literature inhibitors of p97

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Chemical Diversity Center



NMS-873

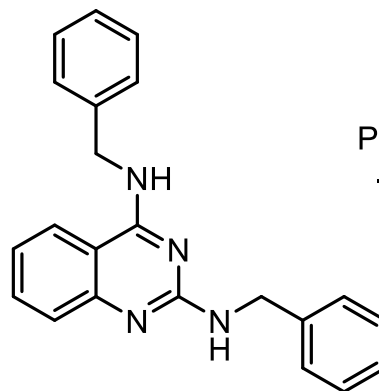
IC_{50} (p97) = 26 nM

IC_{50} (HeLa) = 1.5 μ M

Allosteric non competitive inhibitor

Binds D1-D2 linker

Poor solubility



DBEQ

IC_{50} (p97) = 1.6 μ M

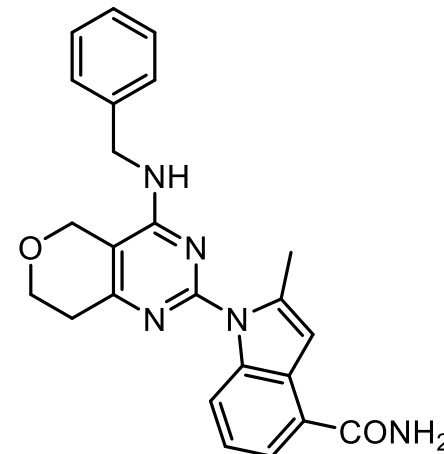
GI_{50} (HeLa) = 3.1 μ M

ATP competitive

Binds both D1 and D2

Selective

Activity
PK optimization



CB-5083

IC_{50} (p97) = 14 nM

EC_{50} (HeLa) = 333 nM

ATP competitive

D2 Selective

Orally bioavailable

Phase 1 clinical trials

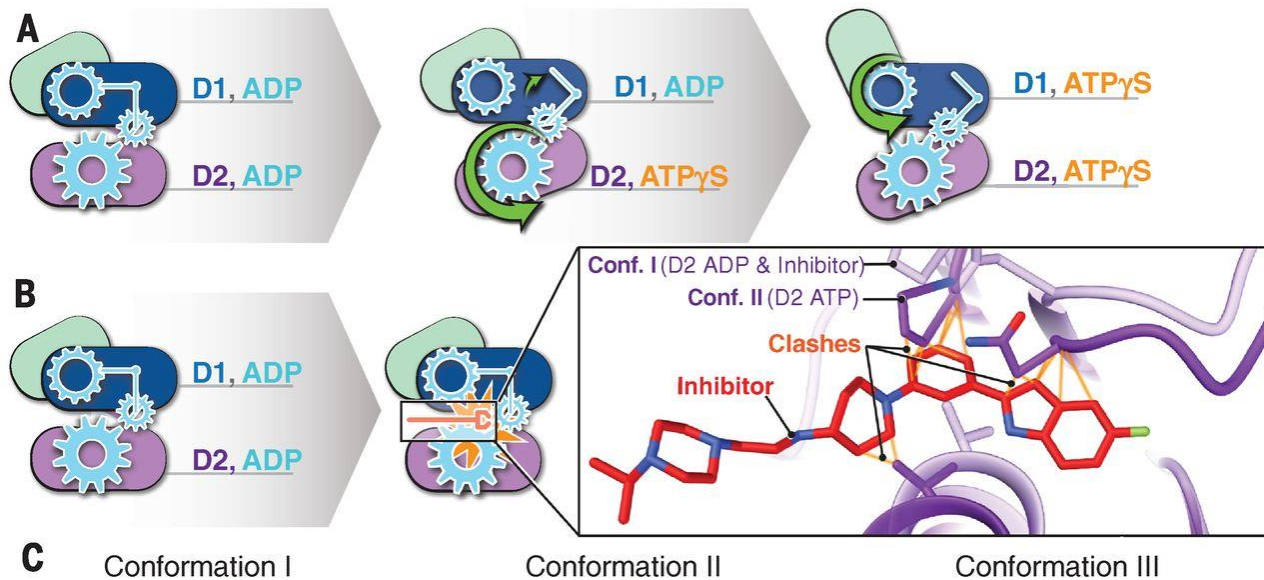
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA, **2011**, 108, 4834.

Nat. Chem. Biol. **2013**, 9, 548.



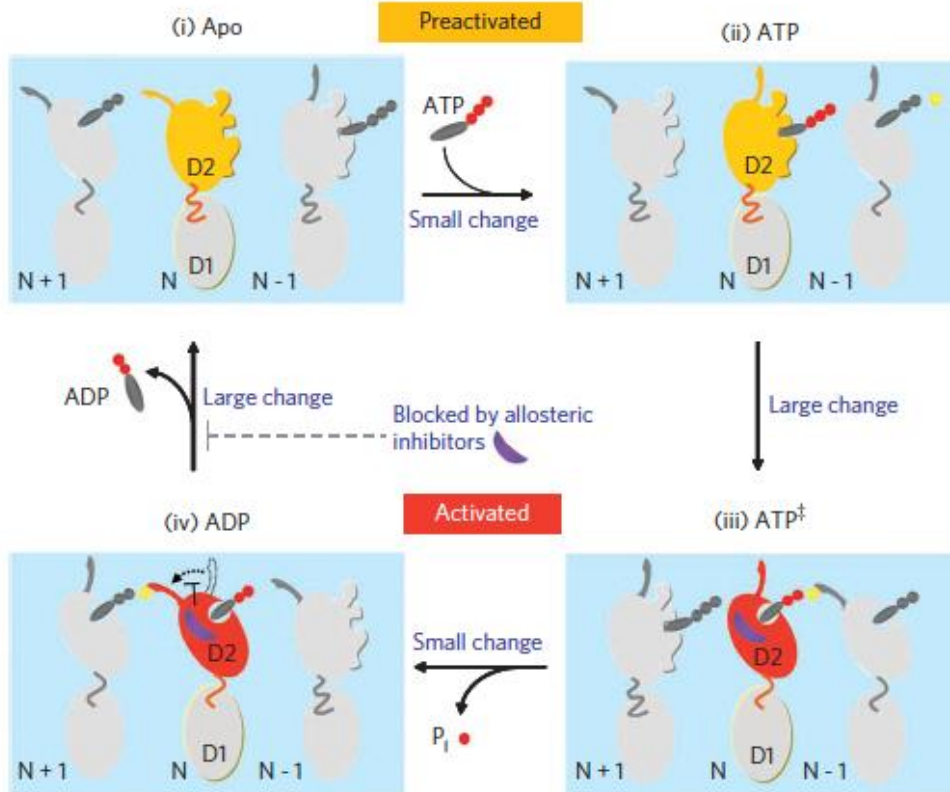
Mechanism of Inhibition

- ❖ ATP binds to D2 then D1 domain resulting in a conformation change.
- ❖ Allosteric inhibitor binds to D2 domain resulting steric clashes upon conformation change.
- ❖ This “freezes” the enzyme, rendering it inert.

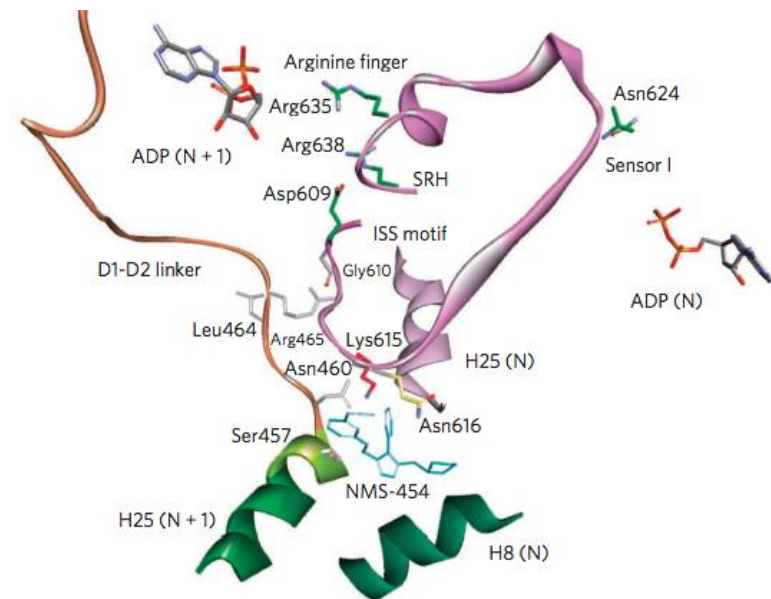




Inhibitor Binding Site



Cross-linking results



Binding of allosteric inhibitor prevents the movement of the arginine finger toward the γ -phosphate, preventing ATP hydrolysis and freezing D2 in the ADP-bound state.



Future objectives

- ❖ Continue to improve existing scaffold by further SAR exploration.
 - ❖ Lower molecular weight.
 - ❖ Improve solubility.
 - ❖ Improve metabolic stability.
 - ❖ Retain or improve activity.



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