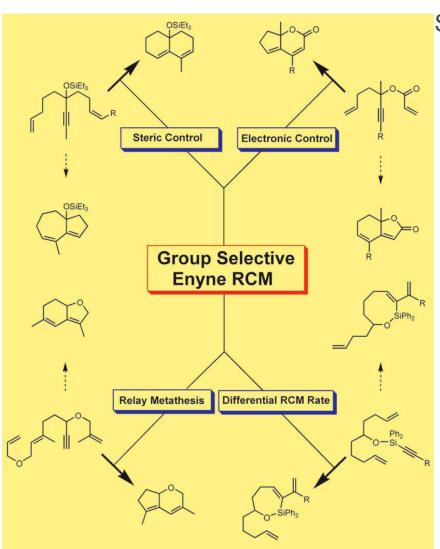
## **Group Selective Enyne RCM**



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Early view

### Initial remarks, Nobel and etc...

- Greek words meta (change) and thesis (position), metathesis is the exchange of two parts of two substances;
- Propene produces ethylene and 2-butene at 725 °C, 1931;
- Heterogeneous propene disproportionation catalysts: M(CO)<sub>6</sub> (Mo or W) on alumina, silica, Re<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (150 500 °C). Eleuterio et al, 1960-64;
- The Yves Chauvin (Nobel 2005) mechanism: metal-alkylidene + olefin and intermediacy of metallacyclobutanes, 1971;
- First isolated metal-alkylidene complex [Ta=CHBu<sup>t</sup>(CH<sub>2</sub>Bu<sup>t</sup>)<sub>3</sub>], Schrock (Nobel 2005), 1974;
- Chauvin's mechanism verified by Schrock with an isolated metal-alkylidene complex and first isolated unimolecular metathesis catalyst [LnTa=CHBu<sup>t</sup>], Schrock, 1980;
- First isolated Ru=carbene metathesis catalyst complex, air stable, by Robert Grubbs (Nobel 2005), 1992;
- First chiral metathesis catalyst, Mo-alkylidene by Schrock, 1993;
- Commercial catalyst [Ru=CHPh(PCy<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>] active with functional olefins, Grubbs, 1995;
- First very efficient asymmetric metathesis reaction by Schrock and Hoveyda, 1998;
- Second generation Grubbs catalyst [Ru=CHPh(PCy<sub>3</sub>)(L)Cl<sub>2</sub>] with a diaminocarbene ligand, air stable, more reactive and commercial, Grubbs et al, 1999;
- 2nd generation chiral version, Grubbs, 2001.

### Introduction

#### The group-selective transformations concept.

Nguyen, Seifert, Mowrey, Lee, *Org. Lett.* **2002**, 3959. Schreiber and Wang, *JACS*, **1985**, 5503.

## The reversibility of metathesis reactions as a tool for group-selection.

Lautens and Hughes, *Angew. Chem.* **1999**, 160; *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1999**, 129.

#### Asymmetric diene RCM reaction.

Tsang, Hultzsch, Alexander, Bonitatebus, Schrock and Hoveyda, *JACS* **2003**, 2652.

### When concerning **Enyne RCM**...

#### ...product distribution is still a challenge...

- Diene metathesis regenerates the initial functionality and is reversible in nature.
- Enyne metathesis forms a 1,3-diene from the alkene + alkyne reaction.
- Reversibility is assumed but not confirmed because of competing pathways with multiple intermediates.

#### Desymmetrization of dienynes systems.

- Tandem bond-forming allows for construction of conjugated double bonds.
- Fused (4) and bridged bicycles (5) and monocyclic structures (6).
- The asymmetric enyne version of eq. 3 is more difficult to accomplish and it prevents advancement of the method.

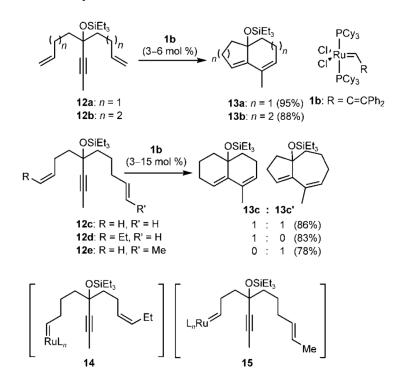
## The asymmetric desymmetrization on enyne metathesis:

• Differentiation between B and B' in a tandem enyne RCM can expand the scope of metathesis.

#### Four strategies have been investigated:

- 1. Steric perturbation;
- 2. Electronic perturbation;
- 3. Relay metathesis;
- 4. Ring closure rate-based differentiation.

#### 1. Steric perturbation.



Kim, Bowden and Grubbs, *JACS*, **1994**, 10801; Kim, Zuercher, Bowden and Grubbs, *JOC*, **1996**, 1073.

#### Formation of the guanascastepene skeleton

Boyer, Hanna and Ricard, Org. Lett. 2001, 3095.

#### Rare bridged bicycle with a bridgehead double bond

Garcia-Fandino, Codesido, Sobarzo-Sanchez, Castedo and Granja, Org. Lett. **2004**, 193.

Mori et al, *Org. Lett.* **2003**, 2323. Hatakeyama et al, *THL*, **2003**, 8047. Hanna et al, *Org. Lett.* **2004**, 1817.

#### 2. Electronic perturbation.

## Carbenes derived from $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl are less stable.

Chatterjee, Morgan, Scholl and Grubbs, *JACS*, **2000**, 3783.

Choi and Grubbs, CC, 2001, 2648.

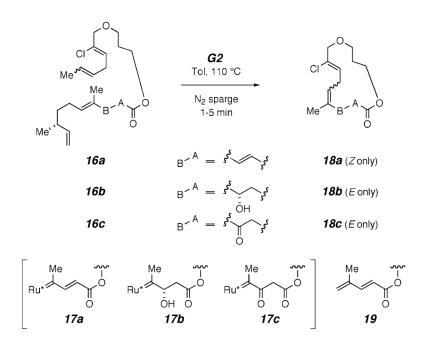
Choi and Grubbs, CC, 2001, 2648.

#### 3. Relay metathesis.

Design of a substrate that propagates the ruthenium carbenoid to a less reactive alkene.

Hoye, Jeffrey, Tennakoon, Wang and Zhao, *JACS*, **2004**, 10210.

- Atypical alkylidene intermediaries: 17a, 17b and 17c.
- Possibilities.
- · Drawbacks.



#### 4. Ring closure rate-based differentiation.

Ring closure rate, rather than rates of initiation influenced by steric and electronic factors, would govern the selectivity of a tandem enyne RCM.

39a: 
$$n = 1$$
39b:  $n = 2$ 
39c:  $n = 3$ 
40a:40a' (2.9:1):  $n = 1$ , 89%
40a:40b' (4.2:1):  $n = 2$ , 94%
40c (1.0:0):  $n = 3$ , 83%

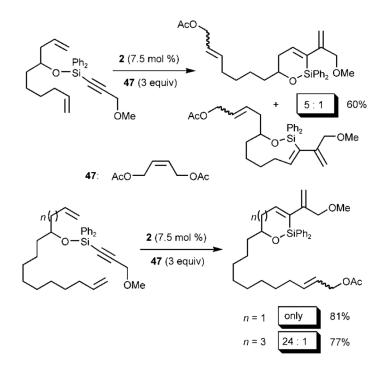
Timmer, Ovaa, Filippov, van der Marel and van Boom, *THL*, **2001**, 8231.

$$R = H \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{1a} & 60\% & 8\% & 16\% \\ \text{2} & 63\% & 19\% & \text{trace} \\ \text{R} = \text{C}_4\text{H}_9 & \text{1a} & 62\% & \text{trace} & 23\% \\ \text{2} & 64\% & 21\% & \text{trace} \\ \end{array}$$

Wu, Madhushaw, and Liu, JOC. 2003, 7889.

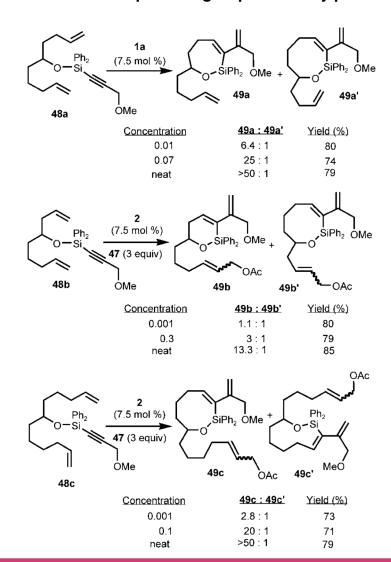
## Pre-equilibrium of alkylidene intermediates prior to ring closure

# Group-selective RCM of dienynes with substantially different tether lengths.



Maifeld, Miller and Lee, JACS. 2004, 12228.

#### Concentration-dependent group selectivity profile.



### **Final Remarks**

- Dienynes systems suffer from selectivity issues in RCM reactions;
- Four main strategies were gathered in this concept paper;
- The steric and electronic pertubations are the earliest strategies, although the later has not been as investigated as the former;
- Relay and rate-based ring closure broadens the possibilities of applications.