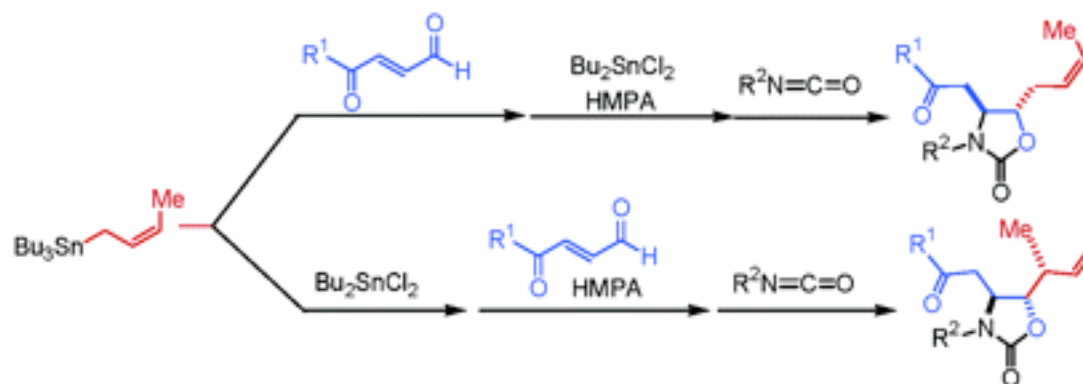


One-Pot Synthesis of Nitrogen Heterocycles Initiated by Regio- and Diastereoselective Carbon-Carbon Bond Formation of Bifunctional Carbonyl Compounds



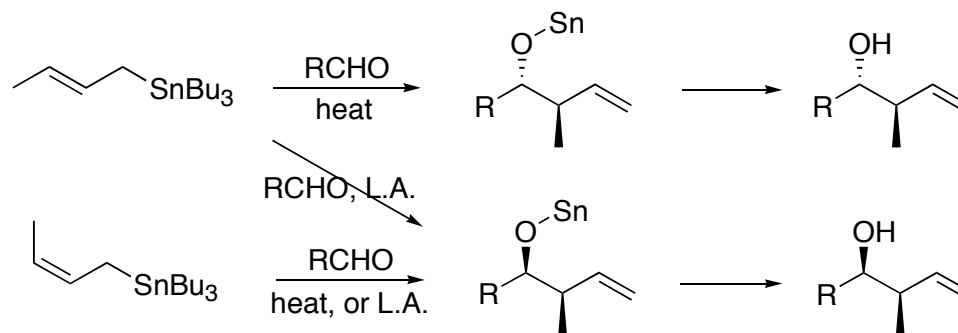
Ikuya Shibata, Hirofumi Kato, Nobuaki Kanazawa, Makoto Yasuda, and Akio Baba *

Department of Molecular Chemistry, Science and Technology Center for Atom, Molecules and Ions Control (STAMIC), Graduate School of Engineering, Osaka University, 2-1 Yamadaoka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan

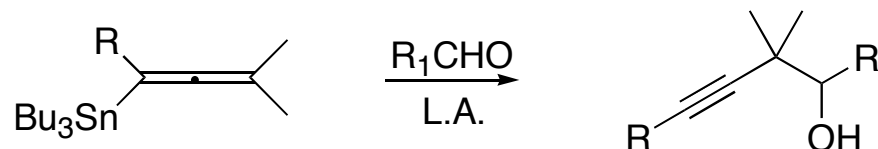
J. Am. Chem. Soc., ASAP Article

Tin-Oxygen Bond

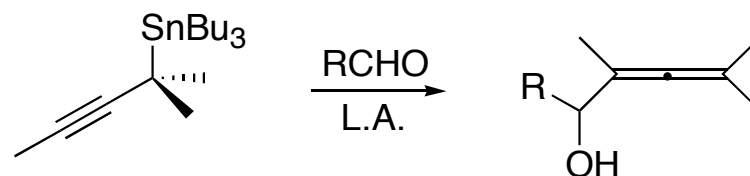
Allylic Stannanes add to Aldehydes:



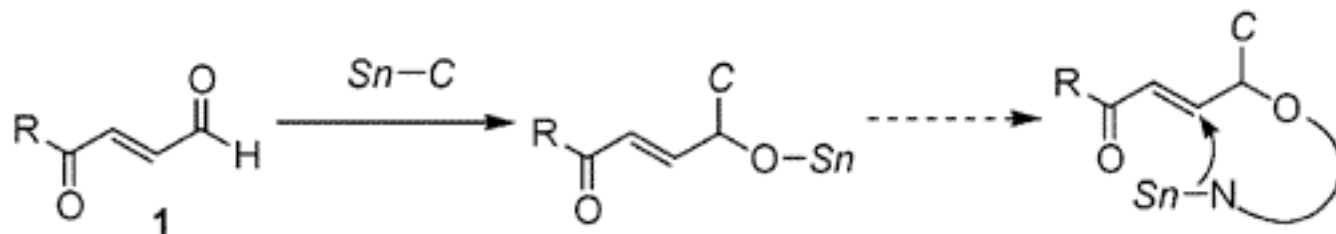
Allenic Stannanes add to Aldehydes:



Propargylic Stannanes add to Aldehydes:

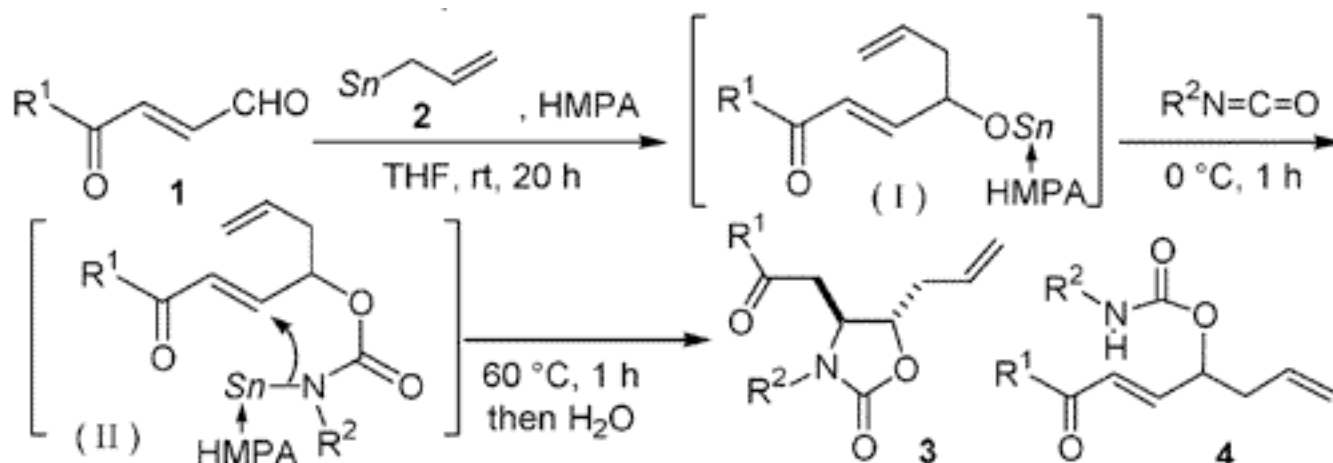


Nucleophilicity of Tin-Oxygen Bond



1. L.A. can't be used because the stability of compound 1
2. Tributyltin system does't work without the help of L.A.
3. Allylic chloro-dibutyltin system works well with high chemoselectivity

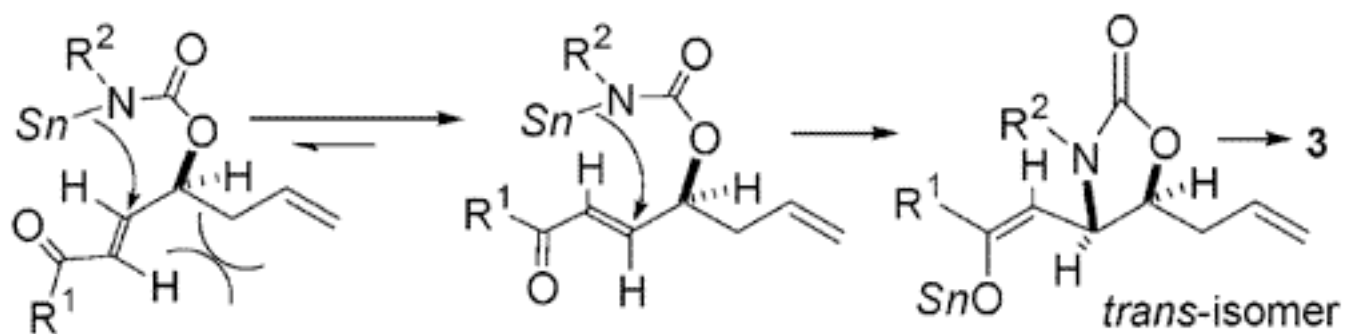
One-Pot Synthesis of 2-Oxazolidinones



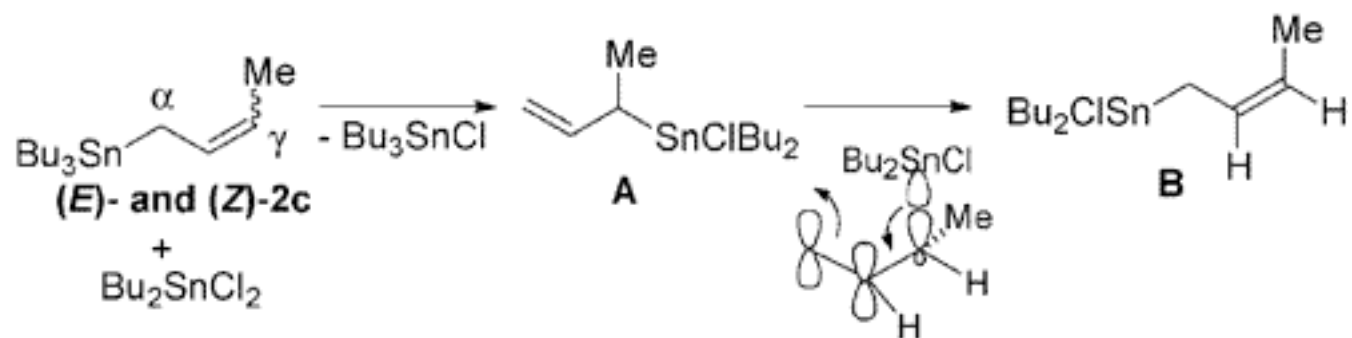
entry	R^1	R^2	Sn (2)	Product and yield/ %
1	$n\text{-C}_8\text{H}_{17}$	Ph	Bu_3Sn (2a)	No reaction
2			Bu_2ClSn (2b)	4a 99% ^b
3			2b	3a 81% (trans: cis = 91 : 9)
4	$p\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4$ (1b)	Ts	2b	3b 54% (trans: cis = 100 : 1)

^a**1**, 1mmol; **2**, 1 mmol; HMPA, 1 mmol; R^2NCO , 1mmol; THF, 1mL. ^b Without HMPA

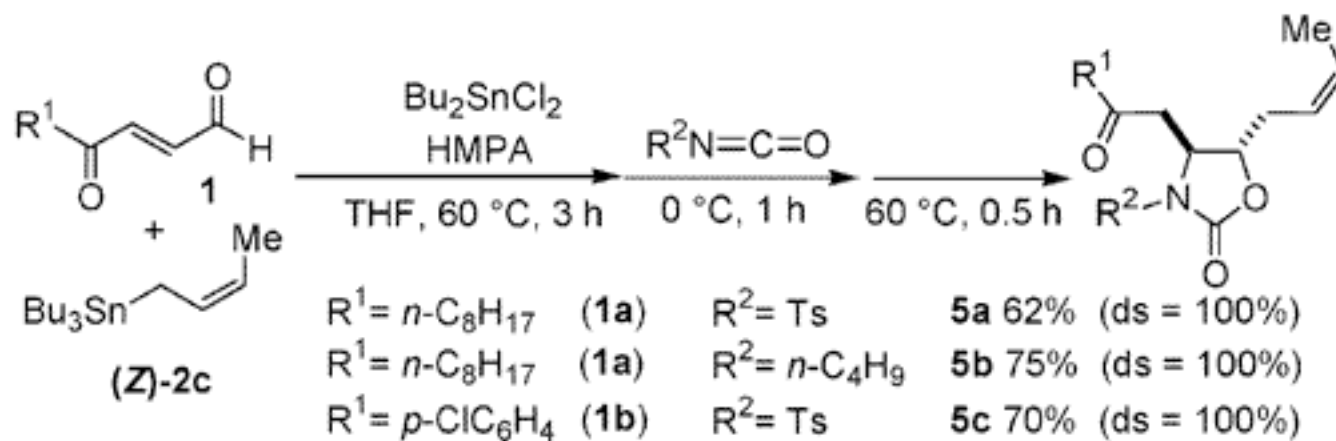
The *trans* Selectivity



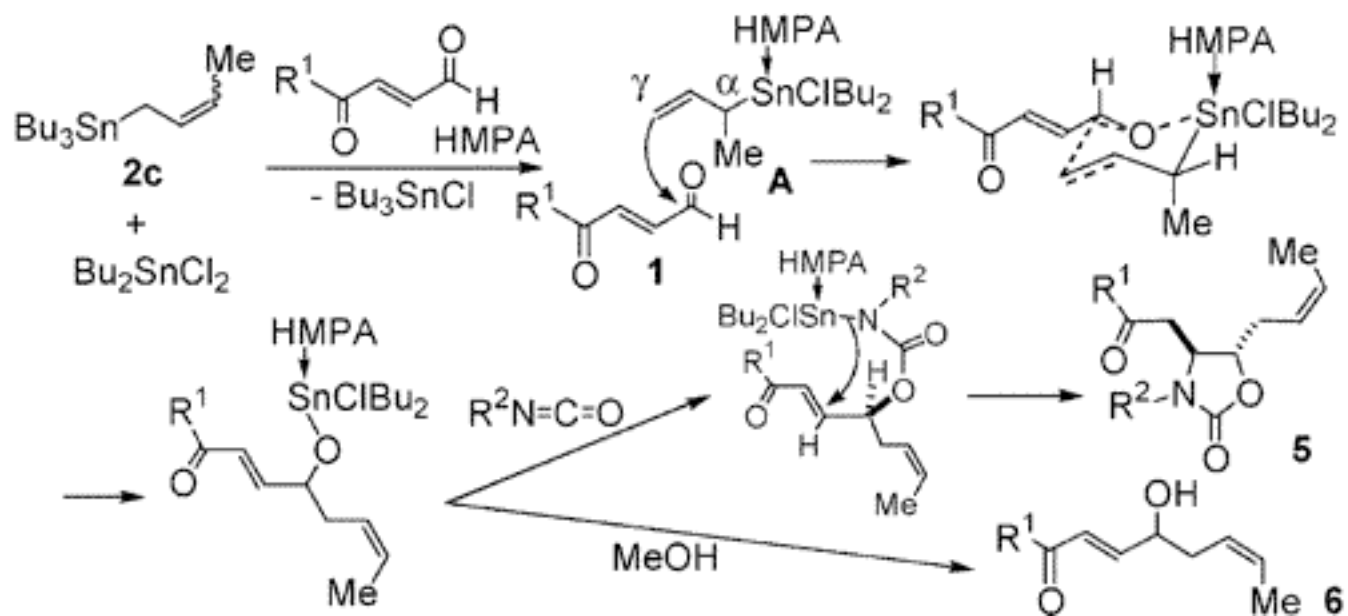
The Application of Crotyltin Reagents



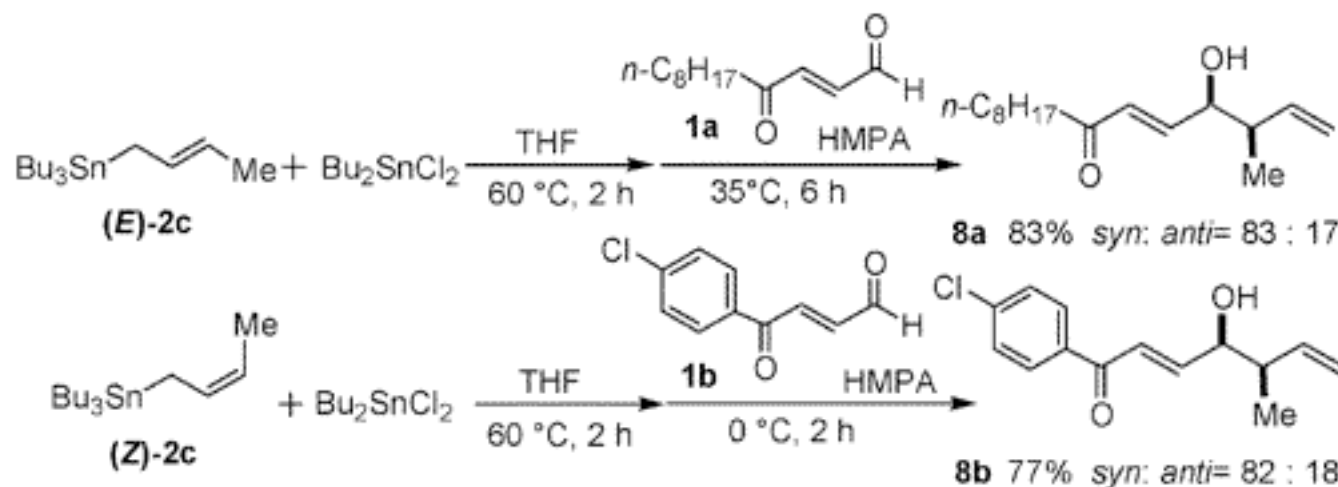
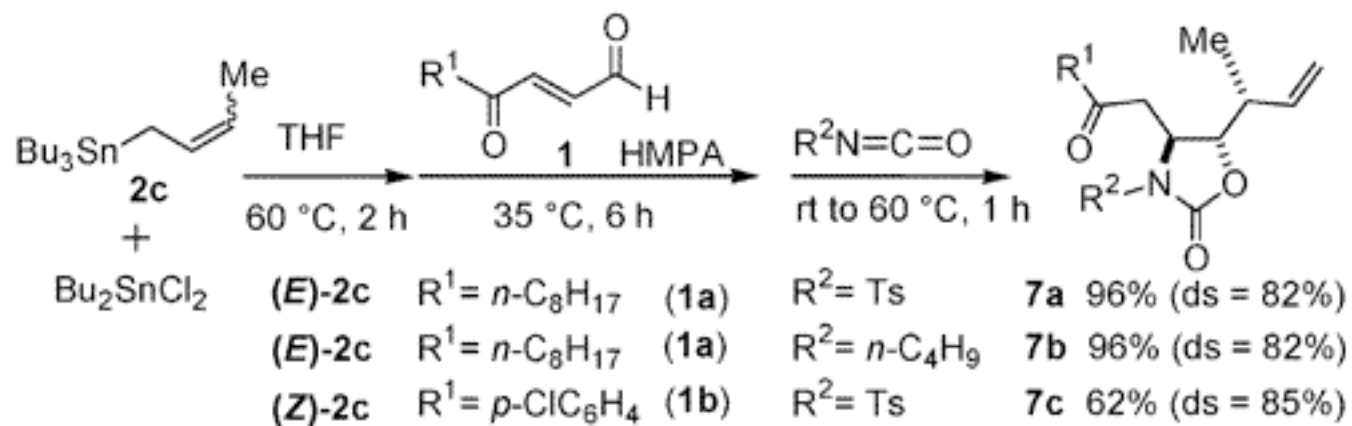
Generated Allylictins A as Nucleophiles



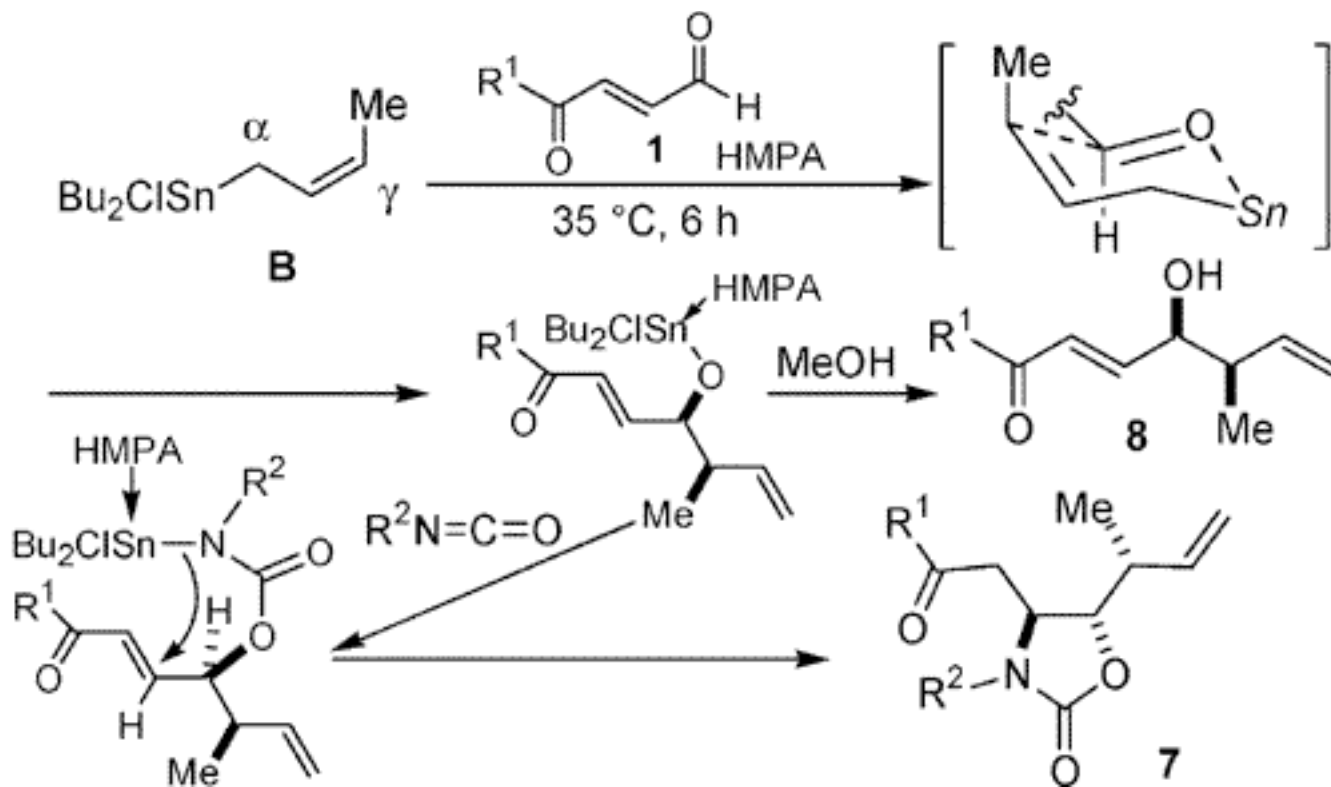
Mechanism of Generated Allylictins A as Nucleophiles



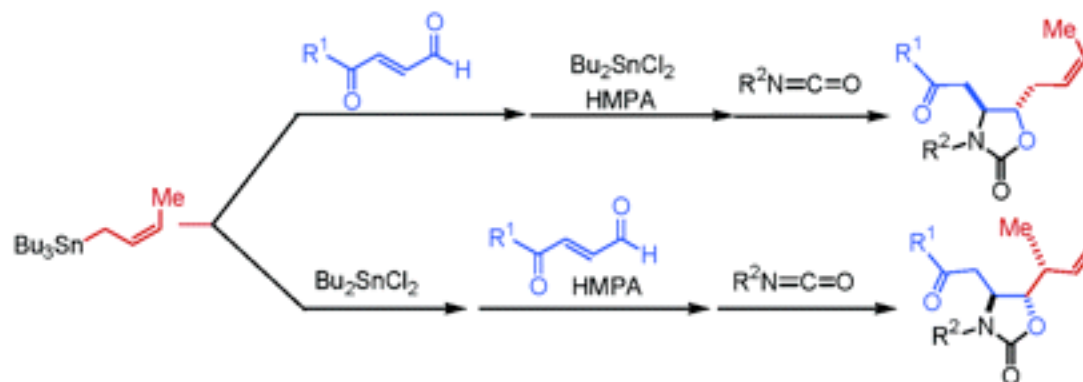
Generated Allylictins B as Nucleophiles



Mechanism of Generated Allylicins B as Nucleophiles



Conclusion



A one-pot synthesis of nitrogen heterocyclic compounds was initiated by chemoselective allylation.

Regio- and diastereoselective carbon-carbon bond formation was established in the side chain of the rings.