Current Literature

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Diversity Synthesis via C-H Bond Functionalization: Concept-Guided Development of New C-Arylation Methods for Imidazoles

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Key Word: Selective C-Arylation of 2-phenyl Imidazole

1. Concept

- Direct and selective introduction of a new functionality (or a new C-C bond) via C-H bond functionalization; one of the hottest issue in organic synthesis
- The impact of C-H bond functionalization may be even greater in the context of diversity synthesis
- This new strategy stands in stark contrast to traditional approaches, which require multistep and often distinct schemes for each derivative
- The concept of comprehensive elaboration of structural motifs serves to systematically expose unsolved and important synthetic challenges.

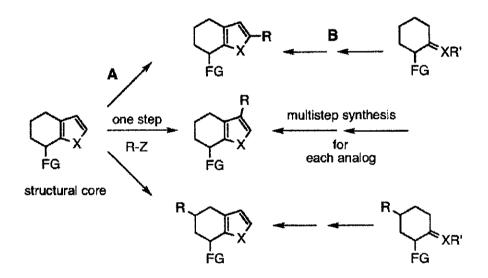


Figure 1 Diversity synthesis via (A) C-H bond functionalization versus (B) traditional methods.

Note) Authors prefer the term "C-H bond functionalization" to the term "C-H bond activation" unless a clear mechanism is present.

2. Systematic Arylation of the 2-Phenylimidazole Core

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{C-4(5)} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{NH} \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

Figure 2 A pharmaceutical lead (SB 202190) inspired the selection of the 2-phenylimidazole motif

Figure 3 Programmable and comprehensive arylation of the 2-phenylimidazole core

3. Selective C-4 Arylation of 2-Phenylimidazole.

Preliminary Report (D. Sames et al. JACS 2003, 125, 5274-)

- The selective arylation of C-H bonds may be attributed to the formation of magnesium salts [cf., (XMg-N)-azole] in the presence of MgO

4. Selective N-Arylation and C-2' Arylation of 2-Phenylimidazole

- Several selective N-Arylation of imidazoles has previously been estabilished

Example)

Stephen L. Buchwald et al, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 123 (31), 7727 -7729, 2001.

- Preliminary Report for N-directed arylation

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{cat.} \\ \text{RuCl}_2(\eta^6\text{-}C_6H_6)]_2\text{. 4PPh}_3 \\ \hline \\ \text{K}_2\text{CO}_3, \\ \\ \text{Ar} \\ \text{Ar} \end{array} \qquad \text{and/or} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{Ar} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{Ar} \end{array}$$

Shuichi Oi et al, Org. Lett., 3 (16), 2579 -2581, 2001.

 Screening of Ru and Rh catalysts: CpRu(Ph₃P)₂Cl being the most efficient catalyst.

- Reaction Mechanism: Although the mechanism of this reaction remains speculative, the oxidative addition of aryl halide to the ruthenium metal and the cyclometalation represent two key events of the catalytic cycle.

5. C-3' and C-4' Arylation of 2-Phenylimidazole

- The application of a two-step procedure, consisting of direct borylation, followed by Suzuki coupling was considered
- The iridium-catalyzed borylation of arenes

$$+2 \text{ Ar-H} \xrightarrow{0.02\%-5\%, \text{ ir(i), L}} 2 \text{ Ar-B}$$

$$\text{Ir (i) = [ir(COD)Ci]}_2, [ir(COE)_2Ci]_2$$

$$R = H, FBu$$

J. F. Hartwig et al, J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 2002; 124(3) pp 390 - 391

6. Sequential Arylation of 2-Phenylimidazole via Fully Orthogonal Arylation Methods.

(a) Ar-I (1.8 equiv), $CpRu(Ph_3P)_2Cl$ (5 mol %), Cs_2CO_3 (1.2 equiv), DMF, 130 °C. (b) Ar-I (1.2 equiv), $Pd(OAc)_2$ (5 mol %), Ph_3P (20 mol %), MgO (1.2 equiv), dioxane, 150 °C. (c) Ar-I (1.2 equiv), $Pd(OAc)_2$ (5 mol %), Ph_3P (20 mol %), MgO (1.2 equiv), K_3PO_4 (1.2 equiv), dioxane/DMF, 150 °C.

7. Sequential Arylation of (N,2)-Diphenylimidazole

(a) Ar-Br (1.2 equiv), Rh(acac)(CO)₂ (5 mol %), Cs₂CO₃ (1.2 equiv), DMF, 150 ° C. (b) Ar-I (1.2 equiv), Pd(OAc)₂ (5 mol %), Ph₃P (20 mol %), Cs₂CO₃ (1.2 equiv), DMF, 150 ° C. (c) The same as conditions b except that 1.5 equiv of Ar-I was used.

8. Direct C-H Bond Arylation versus Traditional Syntheses of Imidazole Analog Arrays

Conclusion

- This work formulated the concept of systematic derivatization of a structural motif via C-H bond functionalization.
- This work has shown that systematic and comprehensive arylation of the 2-phenylimidazole core was feasible.
- New arylation methods were developed.
- Direct arylation of positions C-4 and C-2' in 2-phenylimidazole and positions C-5 and C-2' in (N,2)-diphenylimidazole was accomplished with complete control of regiochemistry.
- The new methods proved to be orthogonal to one another and applicable to sequential arylation schemes.
- This strategy stands in sharp contrast to the traditional approach, where a distinct and multistep synthesis would be required for each series.
- The development of new methods for direct functionalization of other heteroarenes is currently underway in our laboratories.